HAND BOOK ForB.Sc., STUDENTS

(As Per the INC Revised Syllabus)

B.Sc., NURSING FOUR YEARS COURSE Credit and Semester Wise (8 SEMESTERS) REGULATIONS

(Subject to modification from time to time)



2022 - 2023



Principal

NARAYANA COLLEGE OF NURSING

Chinthareddypalem,

NELLORE - 524 003

Dr.Y.S.R. UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES ANDHRA PRADESH, VIJAYAWADA – 520 008

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These regulations are approved by Board of Studies, Academic Sensate and Executive Council of Dr.Y.S.R. University of Health Sciences.

Revised as per the latest INC Guidelines.

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Greeting from Vice Chancellor







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Dr.Y.S.R. UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, ANDHRA PRADESH, VIJAYAWADA

REVISED REGULATIONS AND CURRICULUM FOR B.SC. (NURSING) PROGRAM), REGULATIONS, 2020

(As Per Indian Nursing Council)

* * *

These regulations will be called the **REGULATIONS FOR B.Sc NURSING COURSE OF Dr.Y.S.R UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES**, **ANDHRA PRADESH**, **VIJAYAWADA**. These regulations are applicable to the students admitted from the Academic Year of 2022 – 2023.

I. INTRODUCTION OF THE PROGRAM

The B.Sc. nursing degree program is a **Four-Year Fulltime Program**comprising eight semesters, which prepares B.Sc. nursing graduates qualified to practice nursing and midwifery in a variety of settings in either public/government or private healthcare settings. It adopts credit system and semester system as per the Authority guidelines with minor modifications suitable to professional education in a hybrid form. The program encompasses foundational, core and elective courses. The choice-based system is applicable to electives only and is offered in the form of modules. Modular learning is also integrated in the foundational as well as core courses that is mandatory.

The program prepares nurses and midwives for generalist nursing including midwifery practice. Knowledge acquisition related to wellness, health promotion, illness, disease management and care of the dying is core to nursing practice. Mastery of competencies is the main focus. Students are provided with opportunities to learn a whole range of skills in addition to acquiring knowledge related to nursing practice (nursing and midwifery). This is achieved through learning in skill lab/simulated lab and clinical environment. Simulation will be integrated throughout the curriculum wherever feasible to enable them to develop competencies before entry into real field of practice.

The revised curriculum embraces competency-based and outcome-based approach throughout the program integrating mastery learning and self-directed learning. Transformational and relationship based educational approaches are emphasized. Through the educational process the students assimilate and synthesize knowledge, cultivate critical thinking skills and develop care strategies. Competencies that reflect practice standards of the Council address the areas of cultural diversity, communication technology, teamwork and collaboration, safety, quality, therapeutic interventions and evidence-based practice. They are prepared to provide safe and competent care to patients across life span and influence patient outcomes.

II. PHILOSOPHY

The Council believes that:Health and wellness are two fundamental concepts that are integrated throughout the program. Health is a state of well-being that encompasses physical, psychological, social, economic and spiritual dimensions. Wellness is the individual's perception of wellness and is influenced by the presence of disease and individual's ability to adapt. Health is a right of all people. Individuals have a right to be active participants in achieving health as they perceive it. Society consists of dynamic and interactive systems involving individuals, families, groups and communities. Cultural diversity, race, caste, creed, socio economic levels, religion, lifestyles, changes in environment and political factors influence it. Nurses and midwives recognize and respect human differences and diversity of population within society and provide ethical care with respect and dignity and protect their rights.

Nursing as a profession and a discipline utilizes knowledge derived from arts, sciences (physical, biological and behavioral), humanities and human experience. Nursing science incorporates clinical competence, critical thinking, communication, teaching learning, professionalism, and caring and cultural competency. Nurses collaborate with other health disciplines to solve individual and community health problems. Nursing facilitates evidence-based practice, compassionate caring among its practitioners in response to emerging issues in healthcare and new discoveries and technologies in profession. Nursing practice requires personal commitment to professional development and life-long learning.

Scope of nursing and midwifery practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across the life span in a wide variety of healthcare settings. Nursing practice is based on acquisition of knowledge, understanding, attitude, competencies and skills through the Council's curricular and practice standards. The competencies in which the students are trained will guide them in performing their scope of practice. Nursing offers qualified nurses and midwives a wealth of opportunities in the field of practice, education, management and research in India and overseas.

The undergraduate nursing program is broad based education within an academic curricular framework specifically directed to the development of critical thinking skills, competencies appropriate to human and professional values. Blended learning approach comprising of experiential learning, reflective learning, scenario based learning and simulated learning is also inbuilt. The teaching learning process encourages mastery learning, modular, self-directed and self-accountable in choice making in terms of elective courses. The program prepares its graduates to become exemplary citizens by adhering to code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations. Health and community orientation are provided with special emphasis on national health problems, national health programs and national health policy directives to achieve universal health care for all citizens of India. The main roles of graduates would be provider of care with beginning proficiency in delivering safe care, coordinator/manager of care by being active participant of inter-professional team and member of a profession demonstrating self-responsibility and accountability for practice as well as to support the profession.

The faculty has the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that facilitates cultivation of critical thinking, curiosity, creativity and inquiry driven self- directed learning and attitude of life-long learning in students. Learners and educators interact in a process whereby students gain competencies required to function within their scope of practice.

AIMS & OBJECTIVES AIMS

The aims of the undergraduate program are to:

- 1. Produce knowledgeable competent nurses and midwives with clear critical thinking skills who are caring, motivated, assertive and well-disciplined responding to the changing needs of profession, healthcare delivery system and society.
- 2. Prepare them to assume responsibilities as professional, competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative healthcare services in any healthcare setting.
- 3. Prepare nurses and midwives who can make independent decisions in nursing situations within the scope of practice, protect the rights of individuals and groups and conduct research in the areas of nursing practice and apply evidence-based practice.
- 4. Prepare them to assume role of practitioner, teacher, supervisor and manager in all healthcare settings.

OBJECTIVES

On completion of the B.Sc. Nursing program, the B.Sc. nursing graduates will be able to

- 1. Utilize critical thinking to synthesize knowledge derived from physical, biological, behavioural sciences, and humanities, in the practice of professional nursing and midwifery.
- 2. Practice professional nursing and midwifery competently and safely in diverse settings, utilizing caring, critical thinking and therapeutic nursing interventions with individuals, families, populations and communities at any developmental stage and with varied lived health experiences.
- 3. Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with national health policies and programs.
- 4. Integrate professional caring into practice decisions that encompass values, ethical, and moral and legal aspects of nursing.
- 5. Respect the dignity, worth, and uniqueness of self and others.
- 6. Apply concepts of leadership, autonomy and management to the practice of nursing and midwifery to enhance quality and safety in health care.
- 7. Utilize the latest knowledge and skills related to information and technology to enhance patient outcomes.
- 8. Communicate effectively with patients, peers, and all health care providers.
- 9. Utilize the requisite knowledge, skills and technologies to practice independently and collaboratively with all health professionals applying the principles of safety and quality improvement.
- 10. Integrate research findings and nursing theory in decision making in evidence-based practice.
- 11. Accept responsibility and accountability for the effectiveness of one's own nursing and midwifery practice and professional growth as a learner, clinician and leader.
- 12. Participate in the advancement of the profession to improve health care for the betterment of the global society.

III. CORE COMPETENCIES FOR NURSING AND MIDWIFERY PRACTICE BY B.Sc. GRADUATE

{Is adapted from NLN Model and Massachusetts: Nurse of the Future – Core Competencies (2016) as shown in figure1} The B.Sc. Graduate nurse will be able to:

- 1. Patient centered care: Provide holistic care recognizing individual patient's preferences, values and needs, that is compassionate, coordinated, age and culturally appropriate safe and effective care.
- 2. Professionalism: Demonstrate accountability for the delivery of standard-based nursing care as per the Council standards that is consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles.
- 3. Teaching & Leadership: Influence the behavior of individuals and groups within their environment and facilitate establishment of shared goals through teaching and leadership
- 4. System-based practice: Demonstrate awareness and responsiveness to the context of healthcare system and ability to manage resources essential to provide optimal quality of care.

- 5. Health informatics and Technology: Use technology and synthesize information and collaborate to make critical decisions that optimize patient outcomes.
- 6. Communication: Interact effectively with patients, families and colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance patient satisfaction and health outcomes.
- 7. Teamwork and Collaboration: Function effectively within nursing and interdisciplinary teams, fostering open communication, mutual respect, shared decision making, team learning and development.
- 8. Safety: Minimize risk of harm to patients and providers through both system effectiveness and individual performance.
- 9. Quality improvement: Use data to monitor the outcomes of care processes and utilize improvement methods to design and test changes to continuously improve the quality and safety of healthcare system.
- 10. Evidence based practice: Identify, evaluate and use the best current evidence coupled with clinical expertise and consideration of patient's preferences, experience and values to make practical decisions.

CORE COMPETENCIES REQUIRED FOR PROFESSIONAL NURSING AND MIDWIFERY PRACTICE IN ALL PRACTICE SETTINGS

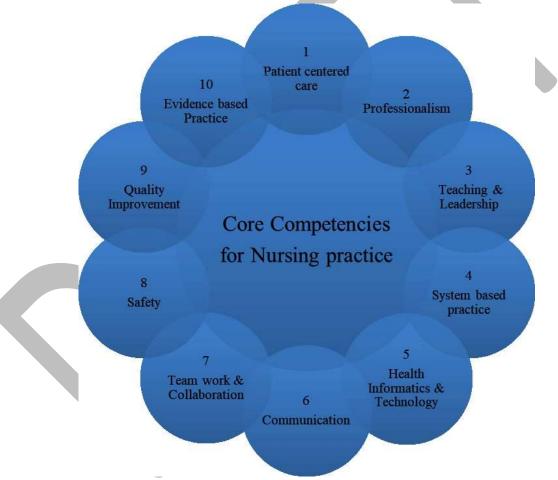


Figure 1. Core competencies for nursing and midwifery practice by B.Sc. Nursing Graduate {Adapted from NLN Model and Massachusetts: Nurse of the Future – Core Competencies (2016)}

^{*}Provided that training institutions shall apply for statutory inspection, under Section 13 of the Act, to the Council within 6 months from obtaining recognition from the SNRC.

V. ADMISSION TERMS AND CONDITIONS (As Per INC Guide Lines)

ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION:

1. **Age**: The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on 31st December of the year in which admission is sought. The maximum age limit for admission shall be 35 years.

2. Minimum Educational Qualification

- a. Candidate with Science who have passed the qualifying 12th Standard examination (10+2) and must have obtained a minimum of 45% marks in Physics, Chemistry and Biology taken together and passed in English individually.
- b. Candidates are also eligible from State Open School recognized by State Government and National Institute of Open School (NIOS) recognized by Central Government having Science subjects and English only.
- c. English is a compulsory subject in 10+2 for being eligible for admission to B.Sc. (Nursing).
- 3. Colour blind candidates are eligible provided that colour corrective contact lens and spectacles are worn by such candidates.
- 4. Candidate shall be medically fit.
- **5.** Married candidates are also eligible for admission.
- **6.** Students shall be admitted once in a year.
- **7. Selection Criteria**: Selection of candidates should be based on the merit of the entrance examination. Entrance test** shall comprise of:

a.	Aptitude for Nursing	20 marks
b.	Physics	20 marks
c.	Chemistry	20 marks
d.	Biology	20 marks
e.	English	20 marks

Minimum qualifying marks for entrance test shall be 50% marks.

8. Reservation Policy

• Reservation of seats in for admission in Nursing Colleges for SC/ST/OBC/EWSs/PH

Admission under the reserved quota shall be subject to reservation policy and eligibility criteria for SC/ST/OBC/EWSs prescribed by the Central Govt./State Govt./Union Territory as applicable to the College concerned.

In respect of candidates belonging to SC/ST/OBC the marks obtained in 3 core subjects shall be 40% instead of 45% for General category candidates.

^{**}Entrance test shall be conducted by University/State Government.

Reservation for disability

5% Disability reservation to be considered for disabled candidates with a disability of loco-motor to the tune of 40% to 50% of the lower extremity and other eligibility criteria with regard to qualification will be same as prescribed for General category candidates. The upper age limit shall be relaxed by 5 years for disabled candidates.

Note: A committee to be formed consisting of medical officer authorized by medical board of State government and a nursing expert in the panel which may decide whether the candidates have the disability of loco-motor to the tune of 40% to 50%.

Note:

- i. Reservations shall be applicable within the sanctioned number of the seats.
- ii. The start of the semester shall be 1st August every year.
- iii. No admission after the cut-off date i.e. 30th September will be undertaken. Further Hall Tickets/Admit Card shall not be issued to the candidates who are admitted after 30th September.
- iv. The responsibility of obtaining and verifying the requisite documents for admission lies with the Institution and University.

9. Foreign Nationals:

The entry qualification equivalency i.e., 12th standard will be obtained by Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi. Institution, SNRC and University will be responsible to ensure that the qualification and eligibility will be equivalent to what has been prescribed by the Council.

10. Admission/Selection Committee

This committee should comprise of:

- Principal (Chairperson)
- Vice-Principal
- Professor
- Chief Nursing Officer or Nursing Superintendent

11. Admission Strength

Maximum intake of students shall be sixty if the institution has a 100 bedded unitary parent hospital and 61-100 if the institution has 300 or more bedded unitary parent hospital.

12. Health Services

There should be provisions for the following health services for the students.

- An annual medical examination.
- Vaccination against Tetanus, Hepatitis B or any other communicable disease as considered necessary.
- Free medical care during illness.
- A complete health record should be kept in respect of each individual student. The criteria for continuing the training of a student with long term chronic illness, will be decided by the individual College.

13. Records

Following are the minimum records which needs to be/should be maintained in the College:

a) For Students

- i. Admission record
- ii. Health record
- iii. Class attendance record
- iv. Clinical and Field Experience record

- v. Internal assessment record for both theory and practical
- vi. Mark Lists (University Results)
- vii. Record of extracurricular activities of student (both in the College as well as outside)
- viii. Leave record
- ix. Practical record books Procedure Book and Midwifery Record Book to be maintained as prescribed by the Council.

b) For each academic year, for each class/batch

- i. Course contents record (for each course/subjects)
- ii. The record of the academic performance
- iii. Rotation plans for each academic year
- iv. Record of committee meetings
- v. Record of the stock of the College
- vi. Affiliation record
- vii. Grant-in-aid record (if the College is receiving grant-in-aid from any source like State Govt. etc.)
- viii. Cumulative record.
- c) Record of educational activities organized for teaching faculty (CNEs) and student, both in the College as well as outside.
- d) Annual reports (Record) of the achievement of the College prepared annually.
- e) College of Nursing should possess detailed and up-to-date record of each activity carried out in the College.

14. Transcript

All institutions to issue the transcript upon completion of the program and to **submit only one single copy of transcript** per batch to respective SNRC.

VI. CURRICULUM Curricular Framework

The B.Sc. Nursing program is a four-year program comprising of eight semesters that is credit and semester based. It is choice based only for elective courses. Competency based curriculum is the main approach that is based on ten core competencies. The courses are categorized into foundational courses, core courses and elective courses. The curricular framework shown in Figure 2 depicts the entire course of curriculum, which is further outlined in the program structure.

B.Sc. NURSING PROGRAM – Four years (8 semesters) CREDIT SYSTEM & SEMESTER SYSTEM COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM

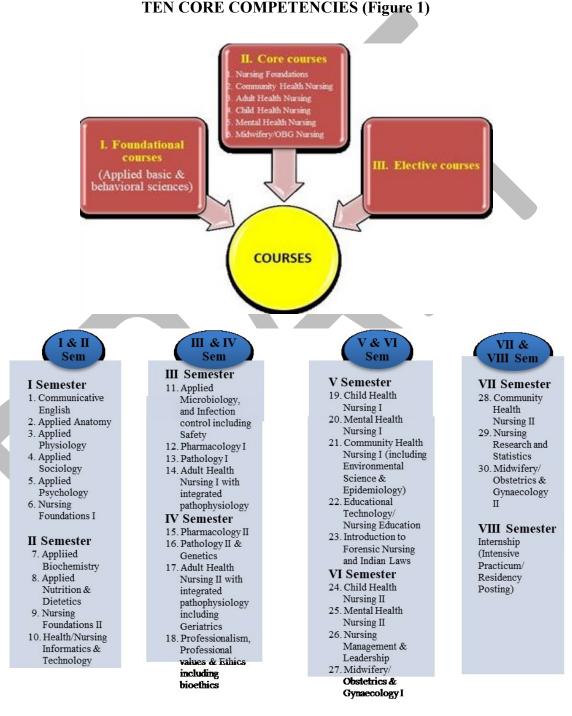


Figure 2. Curricular Framework

1. PROGRAM STRUCTURE

B.Sc. Nursing Program Structure			
I - Semester	III – Semester	V Semester	VII- Semester
1. Communicative English 2. Applied Anatomy	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	1.*Child Health Nursing I 2. Mental HealthNursing I	1. Community Health Nursing II
3. Applied Physiology4. Applied Sociology5. Applied Psychology6. *Nursing Foundations I	2. Pharmacology I 3. Pathology I 4. *Adult Health (MedicalSurgical) Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology	3. Community Health Nursing- I (including Environmental Science & Epidemiology) 4. Educational Technology/Nursing Education	2. Nursing Research & Statistics3. Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II
Mandatory Module *First Aid as part of Nursing Foundation I Course	Mandatory Module *BCLS as part of Adult Health Nursing I	5. Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws Mandatory Modules *Essential Newborn Care (ENBC), Facility Based Newborn Care (FBNBC), IMNCI and PLS as part of Child Health Nursing	Mandatory Modules *Safe delivery app under OBG Nursing I/II (VI/VII Semester)
II – Semester	IV- Semester	VI Semester	VIII- Semester
 Applied Biochemistry Applied Nutrition and Dietetics *Nursing Foundations II Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology 	1. *Pharmacology II 2. Pathology II & Genetics 3. Adult Health Nursing II with integrated pathophysiology including Geriatric Nursing 4. Professionalism, Professional Values & Ethics including Bioethics	 Child Health Nursing II Mental Health Nursing II Nursing Management & Leadership *Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I 	Internship (Intensive Practicum/Residency Posting)
Mandatory Module	Mandatory Module	Mandatory Module	
*Health Assessment as part of Nursing Foundation II Course	*Fundamentals of Prescribing under Pharmacology II *Palliative care module under Adult Health Nursing II	* SBA Module under OBG Nursing I/II(VI/VII Semester)	

Note: No institute/University will modify the curriculum. However they can add units/subject in the syllabus as deemed necessary.

#Modules both mandatory and elective shall be certified by the institution/external agency.

MANDATORY MODULES

The prepared modules/modules outlined by the Council such as Health Assessment & Fundamentals of Prescribing and available modules as National Guidelines (First Aid – NDMA, IMNCI, ENBC, FBNBC), Palliative Care, Safe Delivery App and SBA module will be provided in separate learning resource package.

For BCLS, PLS – Standard national/international modules can be used.

ELECTIVE MODULES

Number of electives to be completed: 3 (Every module = 1 credit = 20 hours)

III & IV Semesters: To complete any one elective by end of 4th semester across 1st to 4th semesters

- Human values
- Diabetes care
- Soft skills

V & VI Semesters: To complete any one of the following before end of 6th semester

- CBT
- Personality development
- Addiction psychiatry
- Adolescent health
- Sports health
- Accreditation and practice standards
- Developmental psychology
- Menopausal health
- Health Economics

VII & VIII Semesters: To complete any one of the following before end of 8th semester

- Scientific writing skills
- Lactation management
- Sexuality & Health
- Stress management
- Job readiness and employability in health care setting

2. CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION: OVERALL PLAN

Duration of the program: 8 semesters

- 1-7 Semesters
- One Semester Plan for the first 7 Semesters
- Total Weeks per Semester: 26 weeks per semester(26weeks x 7 Semesters = 182 Weeks)
- Number of Weeks per Semester for instruction: 20 weeks (40 hours per week × 20 weeks = 800 hours)
- Number of Working Days: Minimum of 100 working days (5 days per week × 20 weeks)
- Vacation, Holidays, Examination and Preparatory Holidays: Total 6 weeks,
 - Vacation: 3 weeks
 - Holidays: 1 week
 - Examination and Preparatory Holidays: 2 weeks

8th Semester

- One semester: 22 weeks

Vacation: 1 weekHolidays: 1 week

- Examination and Preparatory Holidays: 2 weeks

3. COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WITH CREDIT STRUCTURE

S.No	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	Theor y credit s	Theor y Conta ct hours	Lab/ Skill Lab credit	Lab/ Skill Lab Contac t hours	Clinic al credits	Clini c al Cont act hour s	Total credit s	Total (hours
1.	First	ENGL 101	Communicative English	2	40						40
		ANAT 105	Applied Anatomy	3	60						60
		PHYS 110	Applied Physiology	3	60						60
		SOCI 115	Applied Sociology	3	60						60
		PSYC 120	Applied Psychology	3	60						60
		N-NF (I) 125	Nursing Foundation I including First Aid module	6	120	2	80	2	160	10	360
		SSCC (I) 130	Self-study/Co- curricular								40+40
			TOTAL	20	400	2	80	2	160	24	720
2	Second	BIOC 135	Applied Biochemistry	2	40						40
		NUTR 140	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics	3	60						60
		N-NF (II) 125	Nursing Foundation II including Health Assessment module	6	120	3	120	4	320		560
		HNIT 145	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	2	40	1	40				80
		SSCC(II) 130	Self-study/Co- curricular								40+20
			TOTAL	13	260	4	160	4	320	21	800
3	Third	MICR 201	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	2	40	1	40				80
		PHAR (I) 205	Pharmacology I	1	20						20
		PATH (I) 210	Pathology I	1	20						20
		N-AHN (I) 215	Adult Health Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology including BCLS module	7	140	1	40	6	480		660
		SSCC (I) 220	Self-study/Co- curricular								20
			TOTAL	11	220	2	80	6	480	19	800

4	Fourth	PHAR (II) 205	Pharmacology II including Fundamentals of prescribing module	3	60						60
		PATH (II) 210	Pathology II and Genetics	1	20						20
		N-AHN (II) 225	Adult Health Nursing II with integrated pathophysiology including Geriatric Nursing + Palliative care module	7	140	1	40	6	480		660
		PROF 230	Professionalism, Professional Values and Ethics including bioethics	1	20						20
		SSCC(II) 220	Self-study/Co- curricular								40
			TOTAL	12	240	1	40	6	480	19	800
5	Fifth	N-CHN(I) 301	Child Health Nursing I including Essential Newborn Care (ENBC), FBNC, IMNCI and PLS, modules	3	60	1	40	2	160		260
		N-MHN(I) 305	Mental Health Nursing I	3	60			1	80		140
		N- COMH(I) 310	Community Health Nursing I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology	5	100			2	160		260
		EDUC 315	Educational Technology/Nursi ng Education	2	40	1	40				80
		N-FORN 320	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian laws	1	20						20
		SSCC(I) 325	Self-study/Co- curricular								20+20
			TOTAL	14	280	2	80	5	400	21	800
6	Sixth	N-CHN(II) 301	Child Health Nursing II	2	40			1	80		120
		N- MHN(II)3 05	Mental Health Nursing II	2	40			2	160		200
		NMLE 330	Nursing Management & Leadership	3	60			1	80		140

		N- MIDW(I) / OBGN 335	Midwifery/Obstetr ics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing I including SBA module	3	60	1	40	3	240		340
		SSCC(II) 325	Self-study/Co- curricular								-
			TOTAL	10	200	1	40	7	560	18	800
7	Seventh	N- COMH(II) 401	Community Health Nursing II	5	100			2	160		260
		NRST 405	Nursing Research & Statistics	2	40	2	80 (project -40)				120
		N- MIDW(II)/ OBGN 410	Midwifery/Obstetr ics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing II including Safe delivery app module	3	60	1	40	4	320		420
			Self-study/Co- curricular								-
			TOTAL	10	200	3	120	6	480	19	800
8	Eight (Interns hip)	INTE 415	Community Health Nursing-4 Weeks								
		INTE 420	Adult Health Nursing – 6 Weeks								
		INTE 425	Child Health Nursing – 4 Weeks								
		INTE 430	Mental Health Nursing – 4 Weeks								
		INTE 435	Midwifery – 4 weeks								
			TOTAL: 22 Weeks			12				1056	
				(1 credit= 4hoursperweekpersemester)				hours	{4hours ×22weeks =88 hours ×12credits=1056 hours} (48hoursperweek× 22 weeks)		

¹ credit theory – 1 hour per week per semester

Total Semesters = 8

¹ credit practical/lab/skill lab/simulation lab – 2 hours per week per semester 1 credit clinical – 4 hours per week per semester 1 credit elective course – 1 hour per week per semester

(Seven semesters: One semester = $20 \text{ weeks} \times 40 \text{ hours per week} = 800 \text{ hours}$)

(Eighth semester – Internship: One semester = $22 \text{ weeks} \times 48 \text{ hours per week} = 1056 \text{ hours}$)

Total number of course credits including internship and electives – 156 (141+12+3)

Distribution of credits and hours by courses, internship and electives

S.No.	Credits	Theory (Cr/Hrs)	Lab (Cr/Hrs)	Clinical (cr/Hrs)	Total Credits	Hours
1	Course credits	90 credit per 1800 hours	15/600	36/2880	141	5280
2	Internship				12	1056
3	Electives				3	60
	TOTAL				156	6396
4	Self-study and Co- curricular	Saturdays (one semester = 5 hours per week × 20 weeks × 7 semesters = 700 hours)			12 35	240 700
					47	940

Distribution of credits, hours and percentage for theory and practicum (Skill Lab & Clinical) across eight semesters

S.No.	Theory & Practicum (Skill Lab & Clinical)	Credits	Hours	Percentage
1	Theory	90	1800	28
2	Lab/Skill Lab	15	600	10
3	Clinical	36	3936	62
	TOTAL	141	6336 hours	100

Practicum (7 semesters) excluding internship

Lab/skill lab/simulation lab – 600 (17%)

Clinical – 2880 (83%)

Total - 3480

Lab/skill lab/simulation lab = 17% of the total practicum planned

Note: Besides the stipulated lab and clinical hours, a maximum of 13% (400-450 hours) from the clinical hours can be used in simulation lab/skill lab for skill lab/simulation learning and not to exceed 30% of total hours.

4. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The distribution of marks in internal assessment, End Semester College Exam, and End Semester University Exam for each course is shown below.

I SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Asso	essment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
	Theory					
1	Communicative English	25	25		2	50
2	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology	25		75	3	100
3	Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology	25		75	3	100
4	Nursing Foundations I	*25				
	Practical					
5	Nursing Foundations I	*25				

^{*}Will be added to the internal marks of Nursing Foundations II Theory and Practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

Example:

Nursing Foundations Theory: Nursing Foundations I Theory Internal marks in 1st semester will be added to Nursing Foundations II Theory Internal in the 2nd semester and average of the two semesters will be taken.

II SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Asso	essment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
	Theory					
1	Applied Biochemistry and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics	25		75	3	100
2	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	25 I Sem-25 & II Sem-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100
3	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	25	25		2	50
	Practical					
4	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	50 I Sem-25 & II Sem-25		50		100

III SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assessment (Marks)								
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks					
	Theory										
1	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	25		75	3	100					
2	Pharmacology I and Pathology I	*25									
3	Adult Health Nursing I	25		75	3	100					
	Practical				1						
4	Adult Health Nursing I	50		50		100					

^{*}Will be added to the internal marks of Pharmacology II and Pathology II & Genetics in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same).

IV SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assessment (Marks)								
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks					
	Theory										
1	Pharmacology & Pathology (I & II) and Genetics	25 IIISem-25 &IVSem-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100					
2	Adult Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100					
3	Professionalism, Ethics and Professional Values	25	25		2	50					
	Practical										
4	Adult Health Nursing II	50		50		100					

V SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)								
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks				
	Theory									
1	Child Health Nursing I	*25								
2	Mental Health Nursing I	*25								
3	Community Health Nursing I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology	25		75	3	100				
4	Educational Technology/Nursing Education	25		75	3	100				
5	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	25	25		2	50				
	Practical		1	1	1					

6	Child Health Nursing I	*25		
7	Mental Health Nursing I	*25		
8	Community Health Nursing I	50	50	100

^{*}Will be added to the internal marks of Child Health Nursing II and Mental Health Nursing II in both theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains same).

VI SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Ass	essment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
	Theory					
1	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	25 Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100
2	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	25 Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100
3	Nursing Management & Leadership	25		75	3	100
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics &Gynecology I	*25				
	Practical					
5	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25)		50		100
6	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25)		50		100
7	Midwifery/Obstetrics &Gynecology I	*25				

^{*}Will be added to Internal marks of Midwifery II theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

VII SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)				
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
	Theory		-	•		
1	Community Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100
2	Nursing Research & Statistics	25		75	3	100
3	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing (I & II)	25 Sem VI-25 & Sem VII-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100
	Practical					
4	Community Health Nursing II	50		50		100
5	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem VI-25 & Sem VII-25)		50		100

VIII SEMESTER

S.No.	Course Assessment (Marks)					
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
	Practical					
1	Competency Assessment	100		100		200

5. EXAMINATION REGULATIONS

Note:

- 1. Applied Anatomy and Applied Physiology: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Anatomy of 37 marks and Section-B Applied Physiology of 38 marks.
- 2. Applied Sociology and Applied Psychology: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Sociology of 37 marks and Section-B Applied Psychology of 38 marks.
- 3. Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Microbiology of 37 marks and Section-B Infection Control including Safety of 38 marks.
- 4. Applied Nutrition and Dietetics and Applied Biochemistry: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Nutrition and Dietetics of 50 marks and Section-B Biochemistry of 25 marks.
- 5. Pharmacology, Genetics and Pathology: Question paper will consist of Section-A of Pharmacology with 38 marks, Section-B of Pathology with 25 marks and Genetics with 12 marks.
- 6. Nursing Research and Statistics: Nursing Research should be of 55 marks and Statistics of 20 marks.
- 7. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each course/subject for appearing for examination.
- 8. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award of degree.
- 9. Following exams shall be conducted as College exam and minimum pass is 50% (C Grade) and to be sent to the University for inclusion in the marks sheet and shall be considered for calculating aggregate.
 - i. Communicative English
 - ii. Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology
 - iii. Professionalism, Professional Values and Ethics including Bioethics
 - iv. Introduction to Forensic Nursing & Indian Laws
- 10. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% (P grade/4 point) for English only and elective modules.
- 11. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Theory and practical papers separately except in English.
- 12. The student has to pass in all mandatory modules placed within courses and the pass mark for each module is 50% (C Grade). The allotted percentage of marks will be included in the internal assessment of College/University Examination (Refer Appendix 2).
- 13. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 14. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical, he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 15. If the student has failed in only one subject and has passed in all the other subjects of a particular semester and Grace marks of up to 5 marks to theory marks can be added for one course/subject only, provided that by such an addition the student passes the semester examination.
- 16. The candidate shall appear for exams in each semester:
 - i. The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examinations before appearing for fifth semester examination. However, the candidates shall be permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.

- ii. The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examinations before appearing for seventh semester examination. However, the candidates shall be permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
- iii. The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examination before appearing for final year examination.
- iv. The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed 8 years.
- 17. The candidate has to pass separately in internal and external examination (shall be reflected in the marks sheet). No institution shall submit average internal marks of the students not more than 75% (i.e. if 40 students are admitted in a course the average score of the 40 students shall not exceed 75% of total internal marks).
- 18. At least 50% of the Non-nursing subjects like Applied Anatomy & Physiology, Applied Biochemistry, Applied Psychology & Sociology, Applied Microbiology, Pharmacology, Genetics, Nutrition & Dietetics, Communicative English and Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology should be taught by the Nursing teachers. Teachers who are involved in teaching non-nursing subjects can be the examiners for the program.
- 19. Maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 20 per day. Particular year and of same institution batch shall be examined by the same set of examiners.
- 20. All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas.
- 21. One internal and one external examiner should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.
- 22. An examiner for theory and practical/OSCE examination should be an Assistant Professor or above in a College of Nursing with M.Sc. (Nursing) in concerned subject and minimum 3 years of teaching experience. To be an examiner for Nursing Foundations course, the faculty having M.Sc. (Nursing) with any specialty shall be considered.

IV. ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

1. Grading of Performance

Based on the performance, each student shall be awarded a final grade at the end of the semester for each course. Absolute grading is used by converting the marks to grade, based on predetermined class intervals. UGC 10 point grading system is used with pass grade modified.

Letter grade	Grade point	Percentage of marks
O (Outstanding)	10	100%
A+ (Excellent)	9	90-99.99%
A (Very Good)	8	80-89.99%
B+ (Good)	7	70-79.99%
B (Above Average)	6	60-69.99%
C (Average)	5	50-59.99%
P (Pass)	4	40-49.99%
F (Fail)	0	

For Nursing Courses and all other courses – Pass is at C Grade (5 grade point) 50% and above For English and electives – Pass is at P Grade (4 grade point) 40% and above

Declaration of Pass

First Class with Distinction – CGPA of 7.5 and above First Class – CGPA of 6.00-7.49 Second Class – CGPA of 5.00-5.99

FIRST SEMESTER

- I. COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH
- II. APPLIED ANATOMY
- III. APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY
- IV. APPLIED SOCIOLOGY
- V. APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY
- VI. NURSING FOUNDATION I, Including First Aid Module Theory Course Outline
- VII. Nursing Foundations -I, Including First Aid: CLINICAL PRACTICUM

SYLLABUS COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals.
- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence.
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations.
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means.
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc.
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies.
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills.
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	3 (T)	Identify the significance of communicative English	 What is communication? What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals? 	1	

	1	T		Γ .	<u> </u>
II	5 (T)	and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar,	 Introduction to LSRGW L – Listening: Different types of listening S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R – Reading: Medical vocabulary, Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar 	 Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech – Consonant, Vowel, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ glossary of medical terms with matching exercises Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct grammar through fill in the blanks, true/false questions 	your understanding' exercises
III	5 (T)	Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations	 Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations— announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to academic talks/ lectures Listening to presentation 	 Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening With multiple choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities 	

	0.75			D:00	T 1' ' 1 1 1
IV	9 (T)	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	 Speaking – Effective Conversation Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for information, giving instructions and directions Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations Delivering presentations 	 Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentation techniques Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other 	 Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation of situation in emergency and routine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communication Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/doctor) and to others in the group Telephonic talking
V	5 (T)	flow sheet,	 Reading Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations Remedial Grammar 	 Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis Grammar activities 	Reading/summarizing/justifying answers orally Patient document Doctor's prescription of care Journal/news reading and interpretation Notes/Reports

VI	5 (T)	Enhance expressions through writing skills	 Writing Skills Writing patient history Note taking Summarising Anecdotal records Letter writing Diary/Journal writing Report writing Paper writing skills Abstract writing 	 Writing tasks with focus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar Guided and free tasks Different kinds of letter writing tasks 	 Paper based assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors Presentation of situation Documentation Report writing Paper writing skills Verbatim reproducing Letter writing Resume/CV
VII	8 (T)	Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results	 Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW 	 Valuating different options/multiple answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities Demonstration – individually and in groups Group Discussion Presentation Role Play Writing reports 	Consolidated assessment orally and through written tasks/exercises

PRESCRIBED BOOKS LIST

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	l Books		
1.	Mrs. K. Arpita Baggi	Communicative English	Nightingale Publishers
2	P.Angel Vanaja Kumari &R.S.Caroline	Communicative English	Frontline Publishers
Reference	s		
1	Maneesha Mistry, Mahesh Shindey& Reddy Prasad	Communicative English	Vijayam Publications
2.	Dr.Shmalohumi	Communicative English Skills for Nurses	S.Vikas& Company (Medical Publishers)
3	Bandana	Communicative English for Nursing	Jaypee Publications

	Students	

APPLIED ANATOMY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms.
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body.
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations.
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure.
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Define the terms relative to the	 Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position – anterior, ventral, posterior 	Lecture cum Discussion	 Quiz MCQ Short answer
		anatomical position	dancel appearing inferior median letanel	 Use of models Video demonstration	
		Describe the anatomical planes Define and	Anatomical planes (axial/transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane)	Use of microscopic slides	
		describe the terms used to describe movements	Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and	• Lecture cum Discussion	
		Organization of	circumduction	• Video/Slides	
		human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands	 Cell structure, Cell division Tissue – definition, types, characteristics, classification, location 	Anatomical Torso	
			Membrane, glands – classification and structure		
			Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body		

		Describe the types of cartilage	 Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac 		
		Compare and contrast the	muscle		
		features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	Application and implication in nursing		
II	6 (T)	Describe the	The Respiratory system	Lecture cum	Short answer
		structure of respiratory system	Structure of the organs of respiration	Discussion • Models	Objective type
		Identify the muscles of respiration and	Muscles of respiration	Video/Slides	
		examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing			
		orcaumig	Application and implication in nursing		
III	6 (T)	Describe the	The Digestive system	• Lecture cum	Short answer
		structure of digestive system	• Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion	Discussion • Video/Slides	Objective type
			Application and implications in nursing	Anatomical Torso	
IV	6 (T)	Describe the structure of	The Circulatory and Lymphatic system	• Lecture	Short answer
		circulatory and lymphatic system.	Structure of blood components, blood vessels— Arterial and Venous system	 Models Video/Slides	• MCQ
			 Position of heart relative to the associated structures 		
			• Chambers of heart, layers of heart		
			Heart valves, coronary arteries		
			Nerve and blood supply to heart		
			• Lymphatic tissue		
			Veins used for IV injections		
			Application and implication in nursing		
V	4 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	• Lecture	Short answer
		endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands	Models/charts	Objective type

VI	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory organs	• Lecture	Short answer
			 Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue Application and implications in nursing 	Explain with Video/ models/charts	• MCQ
VII	10 (T)	Describe anatomical position and structure of bones and joints		 Review – discussion Lecture Discussions Explain using 	Short answerObjective type
		Identify major bones that make up the axial and appendicular skeleton	 The Skeletal system Anatomical positions Bones – types, structure, growth and ossification 	charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso • Identifying muscles involved in nursing procedures in lab	
		Classify the joints	Axial and appendicular skeleton		
		Identify the application and implications in nursing	Joints – classification, major joints and structure		
		Describe the structure of muscle			
		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	 Application and implications in nursing The Muscular system Types and structure of muscles 		
			 Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs 		
			 Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis 		
			Major muscles involved in nursing procedures		
VIII	5 (T)	Describe the structure of renal system	 The Renal system Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra Application and implication in nursing 	Lecture Models/charts	• MCQ • Short answer

IX	5 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	 The Reproductive system Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of breast 	Lecture Models/charts	MCQShort answer
X	6 (T)	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses Describe the ventricular system	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex Ventricular system – formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing 	LectureExplain with modelsVideo slides	• MCQ • Short answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling (less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	l Books		
1	Dr.S.S.Randhawa	Applied Anatomy	S Vikas and Company (Medical Publishers)
2.	Dr.D. Praveen Kumar	Applied Anatomy	Nightingale Publishers
Reference	s		
1.	Dr.MrudulaChandrupatla	Applied Anatomy & Physiology	Frontline Publications
2	VijayyaD.Joshi, Ashalatha N, Nandeedkar, Sadhana S &Mendhurwar	Anatomy and Physiology for Nursing and Healthcare students	Wolters Kluwer Publishers
3.	Ross and Wilson	Text Book of Anatomy and Physiology	Elsevier Publications

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body.
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis.
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions.
- 4. Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology – Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue – formation, repair Membranes and glands – functions Application and implication in nursing 	 Review – discussion Lecture cum Discussion Video demonstrations 	QuizMCQShort answer
II	6 (T)	Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration Identify the muscles of	Respiratory system • Functions of respiratory organs • Physiology of respiration • Pulmonary circulation – functional features • Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases • Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide,	LectureVideo slides	EssayShort answerMCQ

	respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	Exchange of gases in tissue Regulation of respiration Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic breathing Respiratory changes during exercise Application and implication in nursing		
III	Describe the functions of digestive system	 Digestive system Functions of the organs of digestive tract Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas Composition of bile and function Secretion and function of small and large intestine Movements of alimentary tract Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food Application and implications in nursing 	Lecture cum Discussion Video slides	• Essay • Short answer • MCQ
IV	Explain the functions of the heart, and physiology of circulation	T directions of means, conduction	 Lecture Discussion Video/Slides 	• Short answer • MCQ

V	5 (T)	Describe the	Blood	• Lecture	• Essay
		composition and functions of blood	Blood – Functions, Physical characteristics	• Discussion	Short answer
		Tanetions of cloud	• Formation of blood cells	• Videos	• MCQ
			• Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			• WBC – types, functions		
			Platelets – Function and production of platelets		
			• Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time, PTT		
			Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of coagulation		
			Blood groups and types		
			Functions of reticuloendothelial system, immunity		
			Application in nursing		
VI	5 (T)	-	The Endocrine system	• Lecture	Short answer
		endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. 	Explain using charts	• MCQ
			Other hormones		
			Alterations in disease		
			Application and implication in nursing		
VII	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory Organs	• Lecture	Short answer
'	(1)	structure of various	• Functions of skin	• Video	• MCQ
		sensory organs	• Vision, hearing, taste and smell	· video	Wied
			• Errors of refraction, aging changes		
			Application and implications in nursing		
VIII	6 (T)	Describe the	Musculoskeletal system	• Lecture	Structured essay
VIII	0(1)	functions of bones,		Discussion	Structured essayShort answer
		joints, various types of muscles, its special	Bones – Functions, movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing	• Video presentation	• MCQ
		properties and	Joints and joint movements		
		nerves supplying them	Alteration of joint disease		
			Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle contraction		
			• Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles		
			Application and implication in nursing		

IX	4 (T)	Describe the	Renal system	• Lecture	Short answer
		physiology of renal system	Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis	• Charts and models	• MCQ
			• GFR		
			• Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra		
			Micturition		
			Regulation of renal function		
			Application and implication in nursing		
X	4 (T)	Describe the	The Reproductive system	• Lecture	Short answer
		structure of reproductive system	 Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast 	• Explain using charts, models, specimens	• MCQ
			 Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen 		
			 Application and implication in providing nursing care 		
XI	8 (T)	Describe the	Nervous system	• Lecture cum	Brief structured
		functions of brain, physiology of	Overview of nervous system	Discussion	essays
		nerve stimulus,	• Review of types, structure and functions of neurons	Video slides	Short answer
		reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves	Nerve impulse		• MCQ
		and spinar nerves	• Review functions of Brain-Medulla, Pons, Cerebrum, Cerebellum		Critical reflection
			Sensory and Motor Nervous system		
			Peripheral Nervous system		
			Autonomic Nervous system Limbia system and higher martal		
			Limbic system and higher mental Functions- Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothalamus		
			Vestibular apparatus		
			• Functions of cranial nerves		
			Autonomic functions		
			 Physiology of Pain-somatic, visceral and referred 		
			• Reflexes		
			CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier		
			Application and implication in nursing		

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling (less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher

Prescr	ibed Books		
1	Dr. D. Praveen Kumar	Applied Physiology	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Ashalatha P.R.	Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses	
Refere	nces		
1.	Dr.S.S.Randhawa	Applied Physiology	S Vikas and Company (Medical Publishers)
2.	Dr.MrudulaChandrupatla	Applied Anatomy & Physiology	Frontline Publications
3	Ross and Wilson	Text Book of Anatomy and Physiology	Elsevier Publications

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients.
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness.
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation.
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices.
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India.
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.

COURSE OUTLINE Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	1 (T)	and significance of sociology in nursing	IntroductionDefinition, nature and scope of sociologySignificance of sociology in nursing	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answer
II	15 (T)	individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	 Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individual and society Personal disorganization Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes – definition and forms, Co- operation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation 	Discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type

			1		
			Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization		
			Social change – nature, process, and role of nurse		
			Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community.		
			Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities		
			Importance of social structure in nursing profession		
III	8 (T)	Describe culture and	Culture	Lecture	• Essay
		its impact on health and disease	Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture	Panel discussion	• Short answer
			Diversity and uniformity of culture		
			Difference between culture and civilization		
			Culture and socialization		
			Transcultural society		
			Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease		
IV	8 (T)	Explain family,	Family and Marriage	• Lecture	• Essay
1 1 4	0(1)	marriage and	Family – characteristics, basic need, types	Lecture	• Short answer
		legislation related to marriage	and functions of family		Case study report
		marriage	Marriage – forms of marriage, social		Case study report
			custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage		
			Legislation on Indian marriage and family.		
			Influence of marriage and family on health		
			and health practices		
					_
V	8 (T)	Explain different types of caste and	Social stratification	• Lecture	• Essay
		classes in society and its influence on	• Introduction – Characteristics & forms of stratification	Panel discussion	• Short answer
		health	Function of stratification		Objective type
			Indian caste system – origin and characteristics		
			Positive and negative impact of caste in society.		
			Class system and status		
			Social mobility-meaning and types		
			Race – concept, criteria of racial classification		
			Influence of class, caste and race system on health.		

VI	15 (T)	Explain social	Social organization and disorganization	• Lecture	• Essay
		organization, disorganization, social problems and	Social organization – meaning, elements and types	 Group discussion Observational visit	Short answer Objective type
		role of nurse in	Voluntary associations	• Observational visit	 Visit report
		reducing social problems	Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system.		Visit report
			Interrelationship of institutions		
			 Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control Social norms, moral and values 		
			• Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning		
			Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19		
			• Vulnerable group – elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group.		
			Fundamental rights of individual, women and children		
			Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping		
			Social welfare programs in India		
VII	5 (T)	Explain clinical	Clinical sociology	• Lecture,	• Essay
		sociology and its application in the	Introduction to clinical sociology	• Group discussion	Short answer
		hospital and community	Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused	• Role play	
			Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention		

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books		
1.	Ian Clement	Sociological Implications in Nursing	Frontline
2.	Dr. K. JagannadhaSarma	Applied Sociology	Nightingale Publishers
Reference	es		
1.	Neelam Kumari	Text Book of Applied Sociology	PV Publications
2.	Dr.Sheela Upendra	Text Book of Applied Sociology	Vijayam Publications
3.	Shama Lohumi, Rakesh Lohumi	Sociology for Nurses	Elsevier Publications

APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life.
- 2. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour.
- 3. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality.
- 4. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups.
- 5. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients.
- 6. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 7. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role.
- 8. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology – Scope, branches and methods of psychology Relationship with other subjects Significance of psychology in nursing Applied psychology to solve everyday issues 	Lecture cum Discussion	EssayShort answer

II	4 (T)	Describe biology of	Biological basis of behavior –Introduction	• Lecture	• Essay
		human behaviour	Body mind relationship	• Discussion	Short answer
			Genetics and behaviour		
			Inheritance of behaviour		
			Brain and behaviour.		
			Psychology and sensation – sensory process– normal and abnormal		
III	5 (T)	Describe mentally	Mental health and mental hygiene	Lecture	• Essay
		healthy person and defense mechanisms	Concept of mental health and mental hygiene	Case discussion	• Short answer
			Characteristic of mentally healthy person	• Role play	Objective type
			Warning signs of poor mental health		
			 Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services 		
			Defense mechanism and its implication		
			• Frustration and conflict – types of conflicts and measurements to overcome		
			Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping		
			Dealing with ego		
IV	7 (T)		Developmental psychology	• Lecture	• Essay
		of people in different age groups and role of nurse	Physical, psychosocial and cognitive development across life span – Prenatal through early childhood, middle to late childhood through adolescence, early and mid-adulthood, late adulthood, death and dying	 Group discussion	Short answer
			Role of nurse in supporting normal growth and development across the life span		
			 Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness – Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and older adult 		
			 Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of children 		
			Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, women, sick etc.		
			Role of nurse with vulnerable groups		
V	4 (T)	Explain personality and role of nurse in	Personality	• Lecture	• Essay and short answer
		identification and	Meaning, definition of personality	• Discussion	
		improvement in	Classification of personality	• Demonstration	Objective type
		altered personality	Measurement and evaluation of personality—Introduction		
			Alteration in personality		

			Role of nurse in identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality		
VI	16 (T)	Explain cognitive process and their applications	Cognitive process Attention – definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention Perception – Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, Intelligence – Meaning of intelligence – Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests – Mental deficiencies Learning – Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning – Learning process, Habit formation Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory,forgetting Thinking – types, level, reasoning and problem solving. Aptitude – concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes – Introduction Alteration in cognitive processes	• Lecture • Discussion	 Essay and short answer Objective type
VII	6 (T)	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client	 Motivation and emotional processes Motivation – meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness – handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation – stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude – Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 	Lecture Group discussion	 Essay and short answer Objective type

VIII	4 (T)	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse Explain concept of	Psychological assessment and tests – introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in psychological assessment Application of soft skill	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration	 Short answer Assessment of practice Essay and short
		soft skill and its application in work place and society	 Concept of soft skill Types of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance Applying soft skill to workplace and society– Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc. Use of soft skill in nursing 	 Group discussion Role play Refer/Complete Soft skills module 	answer
X	2 (T)	Explain self- empowerment	 Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development Importance of women's empowerment in society Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others 	LectureDiscussion	Short answerObjective type

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books		
1.	S K Mangal	Applied Psychology for Nursing	Arya Publishing Company
2.	Harish Kumar Sharma	Applied Psychology for B.Sc (N) Students	Lotus Publications
Reference	es		
1.	Mrs.C.Victoria, E.ShivaNagu	Applied Psychology	Nightingale Publishers
2.	A. Ian Clement	Applied Psychology for B.Sc (N)	Frontline Publications

3.	Dr.Amarpreeth Kaur	Text Book of Applied Psychology	PV Publications

NURSING FOUNDATION - I

(Including First Aid module)

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 2 Credits (80 hours) and Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services.
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life.
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members.
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs.
- 6. Describe the fundamental principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management.
- 7. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients.
- 8. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge.
- 9. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility.
- 10. Perform first aid measures during emergencies.
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)Skill Lab (SL)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	Describe the concept of health and illness	 Introduction to health and illness Concept of Health – Definitions (WHO), Dimensions Maslow's hierarchy of needs Health – Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing 	Lecture Discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type
			 illnesses Illness – Types, illness behaviour Impact of illness on patient and family 		

II	5 (T)	Describe the levels	Health Care Delivery Systems –	• Lecture	• Essay
		of illness prevention and care, health care services	Introduction of Basic Concepts & Meanings	Discussion	Short answerObjective
		Services	Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary (Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary		type
			 Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Types of health care agencies/ services – Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care facilities Hospitals – Types, Organization and Functions Health care teams in hospitals – members 		
			and their role		
Ш	12 (T)	Trace the history of Nursing	History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession	LectureDiscussion	• Essay • Short answers
		Explain the concept, nature and	 History of Nursing, History of Nursing in India Contributions of Florence Nightingale 	Case discussionRole plays	Objective type
		scope of nursing	 Nursing – Definition – Nurse, Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of 		
		Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses	Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel		
		in India	Nursing as a profession – definition and characteristics/criteria of profession		
			Values – Introduction – meaning and importance		
			Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses – Introduction		
IV	8 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the process, principles, and types of communication	Communication and Nurse Patient Relationship Communication – Levels, Elements and Process, Types, Modes, Factors influencing communication	 Lecture Discussion Role play and video film on Therapeutic 	EssayShort answerObjective type
		Explain therapeutic, non-therapeutic and professional communication	communication/therapeutic communication techniques	Communication	
		Communicate	Barriers to effective communication/non- therapeutic communication techniques		
		effectively with patients, their families and team members	 Professional communication Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship) – Purposes and Phases 		
		memoers	• Communicating effectively with patient,		

	Τ		families and team members		
			 families and team members Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly) 		
V	\ /	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of	Documentation and Reporting Documentation – Purposes of Reports and Records	Lecture Discussion	EssayShort answer
		recording and reporting Maintain records and	 Confidentiality Types of Client records/Common Record-keeping forms 	Demonstration	Objective type
		reports accurately	 Methods/Systems of documentation/Recording Guidelines for documentation Do's and Don'ts of documentation/Legal 		
			guidelines for Documentation/Recording Reporting – Change of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports		
VI		Describe principles	Vital signs	• Lecture	• Essay
	20 (SL)	and techniques of monitoring and	Guidelines for taking vital signs	Discussion	Short answer
		naintaining vital	Body temperature –	• Demonstration	Objective
		signs	 Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature Assessment of body temperature – sites, 	&Re- demonstration	typeDocument the given values of
			equipment and technique Temperature alterations – Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia		temperature, pulse, and respiration in the graphic sheet
			 Fever/Pyrexia – Definition, Causes, Stages, Types 		• OSCE
			Nursing Management Hot and Cold applications		
			 Hot and Cold applications Pulse: 		
		Access and record	 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse 		
		Assess and record vital signs accurately	Assessment of pulse – sites, equipment and technique		
			o Alterations in pulse		
			Respiration:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration 		

			o Assessment of respirations – technique		
			o Arterial Oxygen saturation		
			o Alterations in respiration		
			Blood pressure:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting BP 		
			 Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment 		
			Alterations in Blood Pressure		
			Documenting Vital Signs		
VII	3 (T)	Maintain equipment	Equipment and Linen		
		and linen	Types – Disposables and reusable		
			 Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture 		
			• Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory		
VIII		Describe the basic		• Lecture	• Essay
	3 (SL)	principles and techniques of	Clinical setting Infection	 Discussion 	Short answer
		infection control and	Nature of infection Ohio Circles Control Ohio Control Ohio Circles Control Ohio Con	 Demonstration 	Objective type
		biomedical waste management	• Chain of infection	 Observation of 	
			• Types of infection	autoclaving and other sterilization	
			• Stages of infection	techniques	
			Factors increasing susceptibility to infection	 Video presentation on 	
			Body defenses against infection – Inflammatory response & Immune response	medical & surgical asepsis	
			Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection)		
			Introductory concept of Asepsis – Medical & Surgical asepsis		
			Precautions		
			Hand Hygiene		
			(Hand washing and use of hand Rub)		
			Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
			Standard precautions		
			Biomedical Waste management		
			Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards – Introduction		

IX	15 (T)		Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain	• Lecture	• Essay
	15 (SL)	the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort	• Discussion	Short answer
		or me patients	o Factors Influencing Comfort	• Demonstration &	Objective type
			 Types of beds including latest beds, purposes & bed making 	Re-demonstration	• OSCE
			o Therapeutic positions		
			o Comfort devices		
			Sleep and Rest		
			 Physiology of sleep 		
			Factors affecting sleep		
			Promoting Rest and sleep		
			o Sleep Disorders		
			Pain (Discomfort)		
			o Physiology		
			o Common cause of pain		
			o Types		
			 Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales 		
			 Pharmacological and Non- pharmacological pain relieving measures Use of narcotics, TENS devices, PCA 		
			Invasive techniques of pain management		
			Any other newer measures		
			 CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities) 		
37	5 (T) 4	D 11 1		T	T.
X	5 (T)	Describe the concept of patient	Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment	• Lecture	• Essay
	3 (SL)	environment	Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control	 Discussion Demonstration	Short answerObjective type
			• Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents		
			• Fall Risk Assessment		
			Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment		
			Safety devices –		
			 Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines 		
			 Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid slippers etc. 		

XI 6			Hospital Admission and discharge	• Lecture	• Essay
	(SL) point tr	erform admission, cansfer, and ischarge of a atient	 Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse 	 Discussion Demonstration 	 Short answer Objective type
			o Care of the unit after discharge		
	(SL) car	ring for patients th restricted obility	 Mobility and Immobility Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise – Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment – positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach Care of patients with casts and splints 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	EssayShort answerObjective typeOSCE

XIII	2 (SL)	Describe the principles and practice of patient education	Patient education • Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process • Integrating nursing process in patient teaching	DiscussionRole plays	EssayShort answerObjective type
XIV	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	First Aid* Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage& Shock Musculoskeletal Injuries — Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries Transportation of Injured persons Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR Unconsciousness Foreign Bodies — Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat& Stomach Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & Stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)/ Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) First Aid module 	EssayShort answerObjective typeOSCE

^{*}Mandatory module

NURSING FOUNDATION – I (INCLUDING FIRST AID)

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical Practicum: 2 Credits (160 hours), 10 weeks × 16 hours per week

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 7. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 8. Provide safe and clean environment
- 9. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 10. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles
- 12. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies.

SKILL LAB Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competencies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Therapeutic Communication and Documentation	Role Play
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/Standardized patient
3.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	Videos/Mannequin
4.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
5.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
6.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
7.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
8.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
9.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
10.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
11.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/Standardized patient
12.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/wheel chair	Mannequin/Standardized patient

CLINICAL POSTINGS – General Medical/Surgical Wards

10 weeks \times 16 hours/week = 160 Hours

Unit (ii	Duration in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	2		Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report Written report		• OSCE
	2	monitoring vital signs Care for patients with altered vital signs Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration Cold Applications – Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Infection control in Clinical settings Hand hygiene Use of PPE	patients with alterations in vital signs- 1	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

3	meeting the comfort	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist
		Comfort, Rest & Sleep		• OSCE
		Bed making-		
		o Open		
		o Closed		
		 Occupied 		
		o Post-operative		
		 Cardiac bed 		
		Fracture bed		
		Comfort devices		
		o Pillows		
		Over bed table/cardiac table		
		o Back rest		
		o Bed Cradle		
		Therapeutic Positions		
		o Supine		
		o Fowlers (low, semi, high)		
		o Lateral		
		o Prone		
		o Sim's		
		o Trendelenburg		
		 Dorsal recumbent 		
		o Lithotomy		
		o Knee chest		
		Pain		
		Pain assessment and provision for comfort		
		Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment		
	Provide safe and	Care of Patient's Unit		
	clean environment	Use of Safety devices:		
		 Side Rails 	• Fall risk assessment-1	
		• Restraints (Physical)	a55C55IIICIII-1	
		• Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment		

2	admission, transfer, and discharge of a	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist
	patient	Hospital Admission and discharge		• OSCE
		Perform & Document:		
		Admission		
		Transfer		
		Planned Discharge		
	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted	Mobility and Immobility Range of Motion Exercises	• Individual teaching-1	• Assessment of clinical skills using checklist
	mobility	Assist patient in:		• OSCE
		o Moving		
		o Turning		
	Plan and provide	o Logrolling		
	appropriate health teaching following the principles	Changing position of helpless patient		
		Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/ stretcher)		
		 Patient education 		
1		First aid and Emergencies	Module	Assessment of
	assessing and performing First Aid	Bandaging Techniques	completion National	clinical skills using checklist
	during emergencies	o Basic Bandages:	Disaster	OSCE (first aid)
		C' 1	Management	
		Circular	Authority	competencies)
		• Circular • Spiral	Authority (NDMA) First	,
			(NDMA) First Aid module (To	,
		 Spiral 	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not	,
		SpiralReverse-Spiral	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed	,
		SpiralReverse-SpiralRecurrent	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not	,
		 Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight 	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed	,
		 Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: 	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed	,
		 Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin 	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed	,
		 Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin Eye/Ear Bandage 	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed	,
		 Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin Eye/Ear Bandage Jaw Bandage 	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed	,
		 Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin Eye/Ear Bandage Jaw Bandage Shoulder Spica 	(NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed	,

PRESCRIBED BOOKS LIST

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
1.	K. Usha Rani, V. Swarajya Lakshmi	Nursing Foundation-I	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Dr.Valasamma Joseph Sussamma Varghese	Nursing Foundations – I & II	Frontline Publications
FIRST Al	D		
1.	Gupta C & Gupta L.	First Aid Management of Injuries & Minor	Viva
2.	Shashank Parulekar	Bandages	
Reference	S		
1.	Dr.SupriyaChinchpure Dr.S.Anuradha	Text Book of Nursing Foundation	Vijayam Publications
2.	Potter & Perry	Basic Nursing, Essentials, for Practice 5 th ed.	LWW
3.	Audrey Berman, Shirlee J. Synder, Geralyn Frandsen	Fundamentals of Nursing Concepts, Process and Practice	Pearson Publications

PRACTICUM BOOKS LIST

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
1.	T.NA.I	Fundamentals of Nursing & A Procedure Manual	
2.	P. Anitha Prem	Nursing Procedure Manual	Nightingale Publishers
3.	Omayal Achi	Manual of Nursing Procedures and Practice	Wolters Kluwer

SECOND SEMESTER

- I. APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY
- II. APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS
- III. NURSING FOUNDATION II (Including Health Assessment Module)
- IV. NURSING FOUNDATION -II (Including Health Assessment Module): CLINICAL PRACTICUM
- V. HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 credits (40 hours) (includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations.
- 2. Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations.
- 3. Explain the metabolism of proteins and amino acids and its alterations.
- 4. Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions.
- 5. Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance.
- 6. Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance.
- 7. Explain different function tests and interpret the findings.
- 8. Illustrate the immunochemistry.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T)

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods

I	8 (T)	Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations	 Carbohydrates Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates and related disorders Regulation of blood glucose Diabetes Mellitus – type 1 and type 2, symptoms, complications & management in brief Investigations of Diabetes Mellitus OGTT – Indications, Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT HbA1c (Only definition) Hypoglycemia – Definition & causes 	•	Discussion Explain using charts	EssayShort answerVery short answer
II	8 (T)	metabolism of lipids	 Lipids Fatty acids – Definition, classification Definition & Clinical significance of MUFA & PUFA, Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty acids Digestion, absorption & metabolism of lipids & related disorders Compounds formed from cholesterol Ketone bodies (name, types & significance only) Lipoproteins – types & functions (metabolism not required) Lipid profile Atherosclerosis (in brief) 	• H	Discussion Explain using charts	EssayShort answerVery short answer

IV	9 (T)	metabolism of amino acids and proteins Identify alterations in disease conditions	 Proteins Classification of amino acids based on nutrition, metabolic rate with examples Digestion, absorption & metabolism of protein & related disorders Biologically important compounds synthesized from various amino acids (only names) In born errors of amino acid metabolismonly aromatic amino acids (in brief) Plasma protein – types, function & normal values Causes of proteinuria, hypoproteinemia, hyper-gamma globinemia Principle of electrophoresis, normal & abnormal electrophoretic patterns (in brief) Clinical Enzymology 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts, models and slides Lecture cum	 Essay Short answer Very short answer
IV	4 (T)	Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions	 Clinical Enzymology Isoenzymes – Definition & properties Enzymes of diagnostic importance in Liver Diseases – ALT, AST, ALP, GGT Myocardial infarction – CK, cardiac troponins, AST, LDH Muscle diseases – CK, Aldolase Bone diseases – ALP Prostate cancer – PSA, ACP 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	EssayShort answerVery short answer
V	3 (T)	Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance	 Acid base maintenance pH – definition, normal value Regulation of blood pH – blood buffer, respiratory & renal ABG – normal values Acid base disorders – types, definition & causes 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	Short answerVery short answer
VI	2 (T)	Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance	 Heme catabolism Heme degradation pathway Jaundice – type, causes, urine & blood investigations (van den berg test) 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	Short answerVery short answer
VII	3 (T)	Explain different function tests and interpret the findings	Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only) Renal Liver Thyroid	Lecture cum DiscussionVisit to LabExplain using charts and slides	Short answerVery short answer

VIII	3 (T)	Illustrate the immunochemistry	 Immunochemistry Structure & functions of immunoglobulin Investigations & interpretation – ELISA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of 	Short answerVery short answer	
				laboratory tests		

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified separately).

PRESCRIBED BOOKS LIST

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books		
1.	Dr. M. Naveen & Dr. K. Praveen	Applied Biochemistry	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Dr.Prabhakar Rao	Textbook of Biochemistry	Vijayam Publications
Reference	s		
1.	S.K.Gupta	Applied Biochemistry for B.Sc (N)	Arya Publications
2.	Dr.A.M.Mungikar	Applied Biochemistry	Frontline Publications
3.	Dr.Gurpreet Kaur	Applied Biochemistry for B.Sc (N)	Lotus Publishers

APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY : 3 credits (60 hours) Theory : 45 hours

Lab : 15 hours

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and understanding of the principles of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of nutrition in health and wellness.
- 2. Apply nutrient and dietary modifications in caring patients.
- 3. Explain the principles and practices of Nutrition and Dietetics.
- 4. Identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them.
- 5. Identify the dietary principles for different diseases.
- 6. Plan therapeutic diet for patients suffering from various disease conditions.
- 7. Prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Define nutrition and its relationship to Health	 Introduction to Nutrition Concepts Definition of Nutrition & Health Malnutrition – Under Nutrition & Over Nutrition Role of Nutrition in maintaining health Factors affecting food and nutrition Nutrients Classification Macro & Micronutrients Organic & Inorganic Energy Yielding & Non-Energy Yielding Food Classification – Food groups 	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides	EssayShort answerVery short answer
II	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates Explain BMR and factors affecting BMR	 Origin Carbohydrates Composition – Starches, sugar and cellulose Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) Dietary sources Functions Energy Unit of energy – Kcal Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) Factors affecting BMR 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort answerVery short answer
III	3 (T)	Describe the classification, Functions, sourcesand RDA of proteins.	Proteins Composition Eight essential amino acids Functions Dietary sources Protein requirements – RDA	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort answerVery short answer

IV	2 (T)	Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of fats	 Fats Classification – Saturated & unsaturated Calorie value Functions Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids Fat requirements – RDA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort answerVery short answer
V	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins	 Vitamins Classification – fat soluble & water soluble Fat soluble – Vitamins A, D, E, and K Water soluble – Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C) Functions, Dietary Sources & Requirements – RDA of every vitamin 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort answerVery short answer
VI	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of minerals	 Minerals Classification – Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium and magnesium) and Trace elements Functions Dietary Sources Requirements – RDA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	Short answerVery short answer
VII	7 (T) 8 (L)	Describe and plan balanced diet for different age groups, pregnancy, and lactation	 Requirements – RDA Balanced diet Definition, principles, steps Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups RDA – Definition, limitations, uses Food Exchange System Calculation of nutritive value of foods Dietary fibre Nutrition across life cycle Meal planning/Menu planning – Definition, principles, steps Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) guidelines – breast feeding, infant foods Diet plan for different age groups – Children, adolescents and elderly Diet in pregnancy – nutritional requirements and balanced diet plan Anemia in pregnancy – diagnosis, diet for anemic pregnant women, iron & folic acid supplementation and counseling 	Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on Preparation of balanced diet for different categories Low cost nutritious dishes	Short answer Very short answer

VIII	6 (T)	Classify and describe the common nutritional deficiency disorders and identify nurses' role in assessment, management and prevention	 Nutrition in lactation – nutritional requirements, diet for lactating mothers, complementary feeding/ weaning Nutritional deficiency disorders Protein energy malnutrition – magnitude of the problem, causes, classification, signs & symptoms, Severe acute malnutrition (SAM), management & prevention and nurses' role Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A, B, C & D deficiency disorders – causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodine and calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role 	• Lecture cum Discussion • Charts/Slides • Models	 Essay Short answer Very short answer
IX	4 (T) 7 (L)	Principles of diets in various diseases	 Therapeutic diets Definition, Objectives, Principles Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients, Feeding techniques. Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal diseases, Hepatic disorders Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre and Post-operative period 	 Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on preparation of therapeutic diets 	EssayShort answerVery short answer

X	3 (T)	Describe the rules and preservation of nutrients	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Cooking – Methods, Advantages and Disadvantages Preservation of nutrients Measures to prevent loss of nutrients during preparation Safe food handling and Storage of foods Food preservation Food additives and food adulteration Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides	EssayShort answerVery short answer
XI	4 (T)	Explain the methods of nutritional assessment and nutrition education	 Nutrition assessment and nutrition education Objectives of nutritional assessment Methods of assessment – clinical examination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment of dietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method Nutrition education – purposes, principles and methods 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Writing nutritional assessment report 	 Essay Short answer Evaluation of Nutritional assessment report
XII	3 (T)	Describe nutritional problems in India and nutritional programs	 National Nutritional Programs and role of nurse Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy National nutritional programs – Vitamin A Supplementation, AnemiaMukt Bharat Program, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme (MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Program (NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS) and others as introduced Role of nurse in every program 		• Essay • Short answer • Very short answer
XIII	2 (T)	Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety Explain the Acts	 Food safety Definition, Food safety considerations & measures Food safety regulatory measures in India– Relevant Acts Five keys to safer food 	Guided reading on related acts	• Quiz • Short answer

related to food safety	Food storage, food handling and cooking	
	General principles of food storage of food items (ex. milk, meat)	
	Role of food handlers in food borne diseases	
	Essential steps in safe cooking practices	

Food born diseases and food poisoning are dealt in Community Health Nursing I.

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d		
1.	Dr.K.Aruna Srinivas	Text Book of Nutrition for B.Sc (N) 1 st year Students	Vijayam Publications
2.	Kavitha Sudheer	Textbook of Nutrition	Florence Publishers
Reference	s		
1.	Darshan Sohi	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics	S.VikasandCompany (Medical Publishers)
2.	Deepthi Chauhan	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics	Lotus Publishers
3.	Safeena Beevi S.S	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics	Frontline Publications

NURSING FOUNDATION - II

(Including Health Assessment Module)

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER
THEORY: 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 3 Credits (120 hours), Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Develop understanding about fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in supervised clinical settings.
- 2. Demonstrate fundamental skills of assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach in supervised clinical settings
- 3. Assess the Nutritional needs of patients and provide relevant care under supervision
- 4. Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values
- 7. Promote oxygenation based on identified oxygenation needs of patients under supervision
- 8. Review the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance integrating the knowledge of applied physiology
- 9. Apply the knowledge of the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications in administering medication
- 10. Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements
- 11. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding in caring for patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 12. Explain loss, death and grief
- 13. Describe sexual development and sexuality
- 14. Identify stressors and stress adaptation modes
- 15. Integrate the knowledge of culture and cultural differences in meeting the spiritual needs
- 16. Explain the introductory concepts relevant to models of health and illness in patient care

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

Health Assessment Module: 40 hours

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T) Skill Lab(SL)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	20 (T)	Describe the purpose	Health Assessment	Modular Learning	• Essay
	20 (SL)	and process of health assessment and	Interview techniques	*Health Assessment	• Short answer
		perform assessment	Observation techniques	Module	Objective
		under supervised clinical practice	Purposes of health assessment	Lecture cum Discussion	type
		chinear practice	Process of Health assessment	Demonstration	• OSCE
			o Health history	Demonstration	
			o Physical examination:		
			Methods: Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction		
			Preparation for examination: patient and unit		
			General assessment		
			Assessment of each body system		
			Documenting health assessment findings		
II	13 (T)	Describe assessment,	The Nursing Process	• Lecture	• Essay
	8 (SL)	planning, implementation and	Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes	Discussion	• Short answer
		evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in Nursing	• Demonstration	• Objective
			Nursing Process Overview	• Supervised Clinical Practice	type
			○ Assessment		 Evaluation of care plan
			 Collection of Data: Types, Sources, 		ouro primir
			Methods		
			Organizing Data		
			 Validating Data 		
			 Documenting Data 		
			o Nursing Diagnosis		
			 Identification of client problems, risks and strengths 		
			 Nursing diagnosis statement – parts, Types, Formulating, Guidelines for formulating Nursing Diagnosis 		
			 NANDA approved diagnoses 		
			 Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis 		
			o Planning		
			Types of planning		
			Establishing Priorities		
			 Establishing Goals and Expected 		

			Outcomes – Purposes, types, guidelines, Components of goals and outcome statements Types of Nursing Interventions.		
			Selecting interventions: Protocols and Standing Orders		
			 Introduction to Nursing Intervention Classification and Nursing Outcome Classification 		
			 Guidelines for writing care plan 		
			o Implementation		
			 Process of Implementing the plan of care 		
			■ Types of care – Direct and Indirect		
			o Evaluation		
			Evaluation Process, Documentation and Reporting		
III	5 (T)	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs	Nutritional needs	• Lecture	• Essay
	5 (SL)	of patients	Importance	• Discussion	Short answer
			• Factors affecting nutritional needs	Demonstration	• Objective
			Assessment of nutritional status	• Exercise	type
			• Review: special diets – Solid, Liquid,	Supervised Clinical	Evaluation of nutritional
			Soft	practice	assessment &
			Review on therapeutic diets		diet planning
			Care of patient with Dysphagia, Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting		
			Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications		
			o Oral		
			o Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric		
			 Introduction to other enteral feeds – types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy 		
			o Parenteral – TPN (Total Parenteral Nutrition)		
IV	5 (T)	Identify and meet	Hygiene	• Lecture	• Essay
	15 (SL)	the hygienic needs of patients	Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice	• Discussion	• Short answer
			Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care	• Demonstration	• Objective type
			o Care of the Skin – (Bath, feet and nail, Hair Care)		• OSCE
			o Care of pressure points		
			 Assessment of Pressure Ulcers using Braden Scale and Norton Scale 		
			Pressure ulcers – causes, stages and manifestations, care and prevention		
			o Perineal care/Meatal care		

			 Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and Nose including assistive devices (eye glasses, contact lens, dentures, hearing aid) 		
V	10 (T)	Identify and meet	Elimination needs	• Lecture	• Essay
	10 (SL)	the elimination needs of patient	Urinary Elimination	Discussion	Short answer
		needs of patient	 Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine 	Demonstration	• Objective type
			o Factors Influencing Urination		OSCE
			o Alteration in Urinary Elimination		
			 Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations 		
			o Providing urinal/bed pan		
			o Care of patients with		
			Condom drainage		
			Intermittent Catheterization		
			 Indwelling Urinary catheter and urinary drainage 		
			Urinary diversions		
			Bladder irrigation		
			Bowel Elimination		
			 Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and characteristics of feces 		
			o Factors affecting Bowel elimination		
			o Alteration in Bowel Elimination		
			 Facilitating bowel elimination: Assessment, equipment, procedures 		
			■ Enemas		
			Suppository		
			Bowel wash		
			Digital Evacuation of impacted feces		
			 Care of patients with Ostomies (Bowel Diversion Procedures) 		
VI	3 (T)	Explain various types of specimens	Diagnostic testing	• Lecture	• Essay
	4 (SL)	and identify normal values of tests	 Phases of diagnostic testing (pre-test, intra-test & post-test) in Common investigations and clinical implications 	 Discussion Demonstration	Short answerObjective
		Develop skill in	o Complete Blood Count		type
		specimen collection,	o Serum Electrolytes		
		handling and transport	o LFT		

_	1			I	
			○ Lipid/Lipoprotein profile		
			o Serum Glucose – AC, PC,HbA1c		
			 Monitoring Capillary Blood Glucose (Glucometer Random Blood Sugar – GRBS) 		
			 Stool Routine Examination 		
			 Urine Testing – Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific Gravity 		
			o Urine Culture, Routine, Timed Urine Specimen		
			○ Sputum culture		
			 Overview of Radiologic & Endoscopic Procedures 		
VII	11 (T)	Assess patients for	Oxygenation needs	Lecture	• Essay
	10 (SL)	oxygenation needs, promote	Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory	Discussion	• Short answer
		oxygenation and	Physiology	• Demonstration &	• Objective
		provide care during oxygen therapy	Factors affecting respiratory functioning	Re-demonstration	type
		onygen unerupy	Alterations in Respiratory Functioning		
			• Conditions affecting		
			 Airway Movement of air		
			o Diffusion		
			 Oxygen transport 		
			Alterations in oxygenation		
			Nursing interventions to promote oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure		
			 Maintenance of patent airway 		
			Oxygen administration		
			○ Suctioning – oral, tracheal		
			 Chest physiotherapy – Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage 		
			o Care of Chest drainage – principles & purposes		
			 Pulse Oximetry – Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation 		
			Restorative & continuing care		
			∘ Hydration		
			 Humidification 		
			 Coughing techniques 		
			o Breathing exercises		
			o Incentive spirometry		
			· ·		

VIII	5 (T)	Describe the concept	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base	• Lecture	• Essay
	10 (SL)	of fluid, electrolyte balance	Balances	 Discussion 	• Short answer
			Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances	• Demonstration	• Objective type
			Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances		• Problem solving –
			Disturbances in fluid volume:		calculations
			o Deficit		
			Hypovolemia		
			Dehydration		
			o Excess		
			Fluid overload		
			■ Edema		
			• Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper)		
			o Acid-base imbalances		
			■ Metabolic – acidosis & alkalosis		
			■ Respiratory – acidosis & alkalosis		
			 Intravenous therapy Peripheral venipuncture sites		
			Types of IV fluids		
			 Calculation for making IV fluid plan 		
			Complications of IV fluid therapy		
			Measuring fluid intake and output		
			Administering Blood and Blood		
			components		
			Restricting fluid intake		
			Enhancing Fluid intake		
IX	20 (T)	Explain the	Administration of Medications	• Lecture	• Essay
	22 (SL)	principles, routes, effects of	• Introduction – Definition of Medication,	 Discussion 	• Short answer
		administration of	Administration of Medication, Drug Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms of	• Demonstration &	• Objective
		medications	Medications, Purposes,	Re-demonstration	type
			Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics		• OSCE
		Calculate			
		conversions of drugs	• Factors influencing Medication Action		
		and dosages within and between systems	Medication orders and Prescriptions		
		of measurements	Systems of measurement		
			Medication dose calculation		
		Administer oral and	Principles, 10 rights of Medication Administration		
		topical medication and document	Errors in Medication administration		
		accurately under			

supervision • Routes of administration • Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility • Terminologies and abbreviations used in prescriptions and medications orders Developmental considerations • Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes: Equipment, procedure • Introduction to Parenteral Administration of Drugs – Intramuscular, Intravenous, Subcutaneous, Intradermal: Location of site, Advantages and disadvantages of the specific sites, Indication and contraindications for the different routes and sites. • Equipment – Syringes & needles, cannulas, Infusion sets – parts, types, sizes • Types of vials and ampoules, Preparing Injectable medicines from vials and ampoules o Care of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles, infusion sets Prevention of Needle-Stick Injuries • Topical Administration: Types, purposes, site, equipment, procedure Application to skin & mucous membrane Direct application of liquids, Gargle and swabbing the throat o Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/ medicated packing in rectum/vagina Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal Spraying: Nose and throat • Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen and medications) - purposes, types, equipment, procedure, recording and reporting of medications administered • Other Parenteral Routes: Meaning of epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous, intraperitoneal, intra-pleural, intra- arterial

X	5 (T)	Provide care to	Sensory needs	• Lecture	• Essay
	6 (SL)	patients with altered functioning of sense	• Introduction	• Discussion	Short answer
		organs and unconsciousness in	Components of sensory experience – Reception, Perception & Reaction	Demonstration	Objective type
		supervised clinical	Arousal Mechanism		
		practice	Factors affecting sensory function		
			Assessment of Sensory alterations – sensory deficit, deprivation, overload & sensory poverty		
			Management		
			 Promoting meaningful communication (patients with Aphasia, artificial airway & Visual and Hearing impairment) 		
			Care of Unconscious Patients		
			Unconsciousness: Definition, causes & risk factors, pathophysiology, stages of Unconsciousness, Clinical Manifestations		
			Assessment and nursing management of patient with unconsciousness, complications		
XI	4 (T)	Explain loss, death and grief	Care of Terminally ill, death and dying	• Lecture	• Essay
	6 (SL)	and grici	Loss – Types	Discussion	• Short answer
			Grief, Bereavement & Mourning	Case discussions	Objective type
			• Types of Grief responses	Death care/last office	турс
			Manifestations of Grief	ome	
			Factors influencing Loss & Grief Responses		
			• Theories of Grief & Loss – Kubler Ross		
			• 5 Stages of Dying		
			The R Process model (Rando's)		
			Death – Definition, Meaning, Types (Brain & Circulatory Deaths)		
			Signs of Impending Death		
			Dying patient's Bill of Rights		
			Care of Dying Patient		
			Physiological changes occurring after Death		
			Death Declaration, Certification		
			Autopsy		
			Embalming		

			Last office/Death Care		
			Counseling& supporting grieving relatives		
			Placing body in the Mortuary		
			Releasing body from Mortuary		
			Overview – Medico-legal Cases, Advance directives, DNI/DNR, Organ Donation, Euthanasia		
			PSYCHOSOCIAL NEEDS (A-D)		
XII	3 (T)	Develop basic	A. Self-concept	Lecture	• Essay
		understanding of self-concept	Introduction	Discussion	Short answer
		sen-concept	Components (Personal Identity, Body	Demonstration	Objective
			Image, Role Performance, Self Esteem)	Case Discussion/	type
			Factors affecting Self Concept	Role play	
			Nursing Management		
XIII	2 (T)	Describe sexual	B. Sexuality	• Lecture	• Essay
		development and sexuality	Sexual development throughout life	• Discussion	Short answer
		Seriaanity	Sexual health		Objective
			Sexual orientation		type
			Factors affecting sexuality		
			• Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy,		
			avoiding sexual harassment and abuse		
			Dealing with inappropriate sexual behavior		
XIV	2 (T)	Describe stress and	C. Stress and Adaptation – Introductory	• Lecture	• Essay
	4 (SL)	adaptation	concepts	• Discussion	Short answer
			Introduction		Objective
			Sources, Effects, Indicators & Types of		type
			Stress		
			• Types of stressors		
			Stress Adaptation – General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS)		
			Manifestation of stress – Physical & psychological		
			Coping strategies/ Mechanisms		
			Stress Management		
			 Assist with coping and adaptation 		
			o Creating therapeutic environment		
			Recreational and diversion therapies		

XV	6 (T)	Explain culture and cultural norms Integrate cultural differences and spiritual needs in providing care to patients under supervision	D. Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality Cultural diversity Cultural Concepts – Culture, Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity,Race, Acculturation, Assimilation Transcultural Nursing Cultural Competence Providing Culturally Responsive Care Spirituality Concepts – Faith, Hope, Religion,Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing	• Lecture • Discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type
			 Factors affecting Spirituality Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problems 		
XVI	6 (T)	Explain the	Nursing Theories: Introduction	• Lecture	• Essay
	significance of nursing theories		 Meaning & Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories – Nightingale, Orem, Roy Use of theories in nursing practice 	Discussion	Short answerObjective type

NURSING FOUNDATION-II (INCLUDING HEALTH ASSESSMENT MODULE) CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Perform health assessment of each body system
- 2. Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach
- 3. Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients
- 4. Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.
- 7. Perform simple lab tests and analyze& interpret common diagnostic values
- 8. Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation
- 9. Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid base imbalances
- 10. Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 11. Care for terminally ill and dying patients

SKILL LAB Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competencies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Health Assessment	Standardized Patient
2.	Nutritional Assessment	Standardized Patient
3.	Sponge bath, oral hygiene, perineal care	Mannequin
4.	Nasogastric tube feeding	Trainer/ Simulator
5.	Providing bed pan & urinal	Mannequin
6.	Catheter care	Catheterization Trainer
7.	Bowel wash, enema, insertion of suppository	Simulator/ Mannequin
8.	Oxygen administration – face mask, venture mask, nasal	Mannequin
	prongs	
9.	Administration of medication through Parenteral route – IM,	IM injection trainer, ID injection
	SC, ID, IV	trainer, IV arm (Trainer)
10.	Last Office	Mannequin

COURSE OUTLINE

Skill Lab

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	3	Perform health assessment of each body system		 History Taking – 2 Physical examination – 2 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	1	Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	 The Nursing Process Prepare Nursing care plan for the patient based on the given case scenario 	• Nursing process – 1	Evaluation of Nursing process with criteria
	2		Nutritional needs, Elimination needs& Diagnostic testing Nutritional needs Nutritional Assessment Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed Nasogastric tube feeding Hygiene Care of Skin & Hair: Sponge Bath/ Bed bath Care of pressure points & back massage Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/Norton scale Hair wash Pediculosis treatment Oral Hygiene Perineal Hygiene	 Nutritional Assessment and Clinical Presentation – 1 Pressure sore assessment – 1 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

			Catheter care		
	2	to meet the elimination	Elimination needs • Providing	Clinical Presentation on	• Assessment of clinical
		needs of patient	- Urinal	Care of patient with Constipation	skills using checklist
			- Bedpan	– 1	• OSCE
			Insertion of Suppository		
			• Enema	• Lab values –	
		Develop skills in instructing and collecting	Urinary Catheter care	inter-pretation	
		samples for investigation.	Care of urinary drainage Diagnostic testing		
ì		Perform simple lab tests	Diagnostic testingSpecimen Collection		
		and analyze& interpret common diagnostic values	Urine routine and culture		
		common diagnostic values	o Stool routine		
			o Sputum Culture		
			Perform simple Lab Tests using reagent strips		
			 Urine – Glucose, Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific gravity 		
			Blood – GRBS Monitoring		
I	I	I	I	I	I

3	Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation	Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Oxygenation needs Oxygen administration methods Nasal Prongs Face Mask/Venturi Mask Steam inhalation Chest Physiotherapy Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises Oral Suctioning	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid – base imbalances	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances • Maintaining intake output chart • Identify & report complications of IV therapy • Observe Blood & Blood Component therapy • Identify & Report Complications of Blood & Blood Component therapy	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
3	Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of Measurements Administer drugs by the following routes- Oral, Intradermal, Subcutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra Venous Topical, inhalation	Administration of Medications Calculate Drug Dosages Preparation of lotions & solutions Administer Medications Oral Topical Inhalations Parenteral Intradermal Subcutaneous Intramuscular Instillations Eye, Ear, Nose —instillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

2	& evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of	Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients • Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale	Nursing rounds on care of patient with altered sensorium	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	Care for terminally ill and dying patients	Terminally ill, death and dying • Death Care		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
1.	K. Usha Rani, V. Swarajya Lakshmi	Nursing Foundation-I	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Dr.Valasamma Joseph Sussamma Varghese	Nursing Foundations – I & II	Frontline Publications
FIRST AI			
1.	Gupta C & Gupta L.	First Aid Management of Injuries & Minor	Viva
2.	Shashank Parulekar	Bandages	
Reference	S		
1.	Dr.SupriyaChinchpure Dr.S.Anuradha	Text Book of Nursing Foundation	Vijayam Publications
2.	Potter & Perry	Basic Nursing, Essentials, for Practice 5 th ed.	LWW
3.	Audrey Berman, Shirlee J. Synder, Geralyn Frandsen	Fundamentals of Nursing Concepts, Process and Practice	Pearson Publications

HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL/LAB: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliver efficient informatics-led health care services.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research.
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing efficient healthcare.
- 4. Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data.
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using Electronic Health Records (EHR) system in clinical practice.
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting.
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion.
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of Nursing Information System (NIS) system in nursing.
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care.
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice.
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care.
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T) Lab (P/L)

Unit		me rs) P/L	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10		Describe the importance of computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice	 Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician 	(T)Short answerObjective typeVisit reportsAssessment of assignments

			Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.	 Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point Internet Literature search Statistical packages Hospital management information system 	•	Visit to hospitals with different hospital management systems	(P) • Assessment of skills using checklist
II	4	5	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	 Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics – needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health 	•		 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type questions Assessment of report
III	3	5	Describe the concepts of information system in health Demonstrate the use of health information system in hospital setting	 Information Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS) 	•	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type
IV	4	4	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latest trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability	 Shared Care & Electronic Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems. 		Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice Prepare a report on current EHR standards in Indian setting	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type (P) Assessment of skills using checklist

V	3		Describe the	Patient Safety & Clinical Risk	Lecture	(T)
,	3		advantages and limitations of health informatics in maintaining patient safety and risk management	 Relationship between patient safety and informatics Function and application of the risk management process 	• Discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type
VI	3	6	Explain the importance of knowledge management Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics	 Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making Role of knowledge management in improving decision-making in both the clinical and policy contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system. 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics. Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting 	(T) • Essay • Short answer • Objective type
VII	3		Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care Explain the application of public health informatics	Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	 Essay Short answer Objective type Practical exam
VIII	3	5	Describe the functions of nursing information system Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization	Using Information in Healthcare Management Components of Nursing Information system(NIS) Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of health-care organizations	Lecture Discussion Demonstration on simulated NIS software Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type

IX	4	Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics Explains the ethical and legal issues related to nursing informatics	Information Law & Governance in Clinical Practice • Ethical-legal issues pertaining to healthcare information in contemporary clinical practice • Ethical-legal issues related to digital health applied to nursing	LectureDiscussionCase discussionRole play	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type
X	3	Explain the relevance of evidence-based practices in providing quality healthcare	Healthcare Quality & Evidence Based Practice • Use of scientific evidence in improving the quality of healthcare and technical and professional informatics standards	LectureDiscussionCase study	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type

SKILLS

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice.
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement.
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care.
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data.
- Develop skill in conducting literature review.

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribed	BOOKS		
1.	Dr.P.Vasundhara Reddy	Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology	Nightingale Publications
2.	A.Ian Clement, S.P.Subashini	Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology	Frontline Publications
Reference	S		
1.	Neelam Kumari, Poonam Verma	Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology	S Vikas and Company (Medical Publishers)
2	Sudip Das, Parmita Deb	Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology	Lotus Publishers
3	Deepak Sethi, Sukhbir Kanur	Nursing Informatics and Technology	Jaypee Publishers

THIRD SEMESTER

- I. APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY
- II. PHARMACOLOGY I
- III. PATHOLOGY I
- IV. ADULT HEALTH NURSING I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY, (Including BCLS Module)
- V. ADULT HEALTH NURSING I (Including BCLS Module): CLINICAL PRACTICUM

APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL: 1 Credit (40 hours) (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY: 20 hours

PRACTICAL: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment.
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes.
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms.
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease.
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms.
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization.
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T) Lab / Experiential Learning(L/E)

Unit		me (rs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P/L			Activities	Methods
I	3		Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing	 Introduction: Importance and relevance to nursing Historical perspective Concepts and terminology Principles of microbiology 	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answerObjective type

II	10	10 (L/E)	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorganisms	 General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms Types of Staining – simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special – capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount. Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques – tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. Anaerobic cultivation of bacteria 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential Learning through visual 	 Short answer Objective type
III	4	6 (L/E)	Describe the different disease producing organisms	Pathogenic organisms Micro-organisms: Cocci – gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi: Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & Vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visual 	Short answerObjective type
IV	3	4 (L/E)	Explain the concepts of immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunization	Immunity Immunity: Types, classification Antigen and antibody reaction Hypersensitivity reactions Serological tests Immunoglobulins: Structure, types & properties Vaccines: Types & classification, storage and handling, cold chain, Immunization for various diseases Immunization Schedule	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage Clinical practice 	Short answerObjectivetypeVisit report

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 20 hours

PRACTICAL/LAB: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

COMPETENCIES: The students will be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention.
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions.
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE.
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques.
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment.
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management.
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses' role.
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings.
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards.
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T) Lab/Experiential Learning (L/E)

Unit		me rs) P/L	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2	2 (E)	Summarize the evidence based and effective patient care practices for the prevention of common healthcare associated infections in the healthcare setting	 HAI (Hospital acquired Infection) Hospital acquired infection Bundle approach Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Prevention of VentilatorAssociated events (VAE) Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI) Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & Infection control committee 	 Lecture & Discussion Experiential learning 	 Knowledge assessment MCQ Short answer

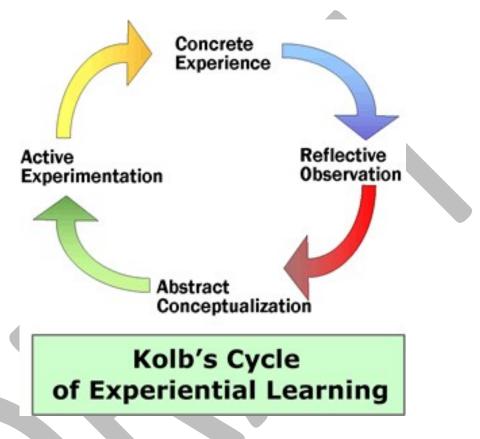
П	3	4 (L)	Demonstrate appropriate use of different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk assessment	 Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect) Epidemiology & Infection prevention – CDC guidelines Effective use of PPE 	Lecture Demonstration & Re-demonstration	Performance assessmentOSCE
III	1	2 (L)	Demonstrate the hand hygiene practice and its effectiveness on infection control	 Hand Hygiene Types of Hand hygiene. Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub Moments of Hand Hygiene WHO hand hygiene promotion 	 Lecture Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	Performance assessment
IV	1	2 (E)	Illustrates disinfection and sterilization in the healthcare setting	 Disinfection and sterilization Definitions Types of disinfection and sterilization Environment cleaning Equipment Cleaning Guides on use of disinfectants Spaulding's principle 	 Lecture Discussion Experiential learning through visit	Short answerObjective type
V	1		Illustrate on what, when, how, why specimens are collected to optimize the diagnosis for treatment and management.	 Specimen Collection (Review) Principle of specimen collection Types of specimens Collection techniques and special considerations Appropriate containers Transportation of the sample Staff precautions in handling specimens 	• Discussion	 Knowledge evaluation Quiz Performance assessment Checklist
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste management & laundry management	BMW (Bio Medical Waste Management) Laundry management process and infection control and prevention Waste management process and infection prevention Staff precautions Laundry management Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segregation of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging &labeling, Transportation	 Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning throughvisit 	 Knowledge assessment by short answers, objective type Performance assessment

VII	2		Explain in detail about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR Describe MRSA/ MDRO and its prevention	 Antibiotic stewardship Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship Anti-Microbial Resistance Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting 	 Lecture Discussion Written assignment–Recent AMR (Antimicrobial resistance) guidelines 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of assignment
VIII	3	5 (L/E)	Enlist the patient safety indicators followed in a health care organization and the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process Captures and analyzes incidents	 Patient Safety Indicators Care of Vulnerable patients Prevention of Iatrogenic injury Care of lines, drains and tubing's Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical Blood & blood transfusion policy Prevention of IV Complication Prevention of Fall Prevention of DVT Shifting and transporting of patients Surgical safety Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration Prevention of Communication errors Prevention of HAI Documentation Incidents and adverse Events Capturing of incidents 	Lecture Demonstration Experiential learning Lecture	 Knowledge assessment Performance assessment Checklist/OSCE
			and events for quality improvement	 RCA (Root Cause Analysis) CAPA (Corrective and Preventive Action) Report writing 	Role playInquiry Based Learning	 Short answer Objective type
IX	1		Enumerate IPSG and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	 IPSG (International Patient safety Goals) Identify patient correctly Improve effective communication Improve safety of High Alert medication Ensure safe surgery Reduce the risk of health care associated infection Reduce the risk of patient harm resulting from falls Reduce the harm associated with clinical alarm system 	Lecture Role play	Objective type

X	2	3	Enumerate the	Safety protocol	• Lecture	Mock drills
		(L/E)	various safety protocols and its applications	• 5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine, Standardize, Sustain)	• Demonstration/ Experiential	 Post tests Checklist
			applications	Radiation safety	learning	Checklist
				Laser safety		
				Fire safety		
				- Types and classification of fire		
				- Fire alarms		
				- Firefighting equipment		
				HAZMAT (Hazardous Materials) safety		
				- Types of spill		
				- Spillage management		
				- MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheets)		
				Environmental safety		
				- Risk assessment		
				- Aspect impact analysis		
				- Maintenance of Temp and Humidity (Department wise)		
				- Audits		
				Emergency Codes		
				Role of Nurse in times of disaster		
XI	2		Explain importance	Employee Safety Indicators	Lecture	Knowledge
			of employee safety indicators	Vaccination	Discussion	assessment by short
			murcators	Needle stick injuries (NSI)prevention	Lecture method	answers,
				Fall prevention	Journal review	objective type
				Radiation safety		• Short
				Annual health check		answer
			Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention	Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure		
			and post exposure prophylaxis.	Occupational health ordinance		
			Proprincio.	Vaccination program for healthcare staff		
				Needle stick injuries and prevention and post exposure prophylaxis		

*Experiential Learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge is created through the process of experience in the clinicalfield. Knowledge results from the combination of graspingand transforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experientiallearning cycle begins with an experience that the student has had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These stepsmay occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As per the need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they may require a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.



Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books		
1.	G. Swarna	Applied Microbiology	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Apurbha S. Shastry, Sandhya Bhat	Essentials of Applied Microbiology for Nurses including Infection Control and Safety	Jaypee Brothers (Medical Publications)
Reference	es		
1.	Arun Kumar Murugan	Applied Micro Biology for Nurses	Emmess Publications
2.	U.Jhansi Rani	Text Book of Microbiology	Vijayam Publications
3	C P Baveja	Textbook of Microbiology for Nursing	Arya Publishers

PHARMACOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER
THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. Describe pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics.

- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration.
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants.
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system.
- 5. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system.
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders.
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders.
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	3 (T)	Describe Pharmacodynami cs, Pharmacokinetics , Classification, principles of administration of drugs	 Introduction to Pharmacology Definitions & Branches Nature & Sources of drugs Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration Terminology used Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights and Measures Pharmacodynamics: Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance Pharmacokinetics: Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion Review: Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization Factors affecting dose, route etc. Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs Rational Use of Drugs Principles of Therapeutics 	Lecture cum Discussion Guided reading and written assignment on schedule K drugs	Short answer Objective type Assessment of assignments

III	1 (T)	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant &nurse's responsibilities Describe drugs	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants • Antiseptics and Disinfectants • Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse Drugs acting on G.I. system	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation Lecture cum	Short answerObjective typeShort answer
		acting on gastro- intestinal system &nurse's responsibilities	 Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Emetics and Antiemetics Laxatives and Purgatives Antacids and antipeptic ulcer drugs Anti-diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	Discussion • Drug study/ presentation	Objective type
IV	2 (T)	Describe drugs acting on respiratory system &nurse's responsibilities	 Pharmacology of commonly used Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) Decongestants Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type
V	4 (T)	Describe drugs used on cardio- vascular system &nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders Haematinics, & treatment of anemia and antiadrenergics Cholinergic and anticholinergic Adrenergic Drugs for CHF & vasodilators Antianginals Antiarrhythmics Antihypertensives Coagulants & Anticoagulants Antiplatelets & thrombolytics Hypolipidemics Plasma expanders & treatment of shock Drugs used to treat blood disorders Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	 Short answer Objective type
VI	2 (T)	Describe the drugs used in treatment of	Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders Insulin & oral hypoglycemics	Lecture cum Discussion	• Short answer • Objective type

	endocrine system disorders	 Thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs Steroids Corticosteroids Anabolic steroids Calcitonin, parathormone, vitamin D3, calcium metabolism Calcium salts 	Drug study/ presentation	
VII	1 (T) Describe drugs used in skin diseases &nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system Antihistaminics and antipruritics Topical applications for skin-Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns) Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type
VIII	5 (T) Explain drug therapy/ chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations) General Principles for use of Antimicrobials Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: o Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials Anaerobic infections Antitubercular drugs, Antimelarials Antiretroviral drugs Antiviral agents Antifungal agents Antifungal agents Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	 Short answer Objective type

PRESCRIBED BOOKS LIST

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
PRESC	RIBED BOOKS		
1.	Suresh Sharma	Pharmacology and Pathalogy for Nurses	Jaypee Publications
2.	Joginder Singh Pathania & Rupendra Kumar Bharti	A Text of Pharmacology for B.Sc (N) Students	CBS
Referen	ces		
1.	Dr.Thakur Rohit Singh	Textbook of Pharmacology for B.Sc (N)	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Dr.SK.Sreevatsava&Dr.RohanSreevatsava	Textbook of Pharmacology for B.Sc (N)	Avichel Publishers
3.	Thara Shanbhag & Veena Naik	Textbook of Pharmacology for B.Sc (N)	Elsevier Publications

PATHOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) (includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology.
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders.
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for various tests.
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders.
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities.
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Define the common terms used in pathology Identify the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and functions of body system	 Introduction Importance of the study of pathology Definition of terms in pathology Cell injury: Etiology, pathogenesis of reversible and irreversible cell injury, Necrosis, Gangrene Cellular adaptations: Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia, Apoptosis Inflammation: Acute inflammation (Vascular and Cellular events, systemic effects of acute inflammation) Chronic inflammation (Granulomatous inflammation, systemic effects of chronic inflammation) Wound healing Neoplasia: Nomenclature, Normal and Cancer cell, Benign and malignant tumors, Carcinoma in situ, Tumor metastasis: general mechanism, routes of spread and examples of each route Circulatory disturbances: Thrombosis, embolism, shock Disturbance of body fluids and electrolytes: 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides Explain with clinical scenarios 	Short answer Objective type
			 inflammation) Wound healing Neoplasia: Nomenclature, Normal and Cancer cell, Benign and malignant tumors, Carcinoma in situ, Tumor metastasis: general mechanism, routes of spread and examples of each route Circulatory disturbances: Thrombosis, embolism, shock 		

II	5 (T)	Explain	Special Pathology	• Lecture	•	Short answer
			Pathological changes in disease conditions	Discussion	•	Objective type
		disease	of selected systems:	Explain using		
		conditions of various systems	1. Respiratory system	slides, X-rays and scans		
		, arre de eyeverne	Pulmonary infections: Pneumonia, Lung abscess, pulmonary tuberculosis	Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit		
			Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease: Chronic bronchitis, Emphysema, Bronchial Asthma, Bronchiectasis	and OT		
			Tumors of Lungs			
			2. Cardio-vascular system			
			Atherosclerosis			
			Ischemia and Infarction.			
			Rheumatic Heart Disease			
			Infective endocarditis			
			3. Gastrointestinal tract			
			Peptic ulcer disease (Gastric and Duodenal ulcer)			
			Gastritis-H Pylori infection			
			Oral mucosa: Oral Leukoplakia, Squamous cell carcinoma			
			Esophageal cancer			
			Gastric cancer			
			Intestinal: Typhoid ulcer, Inflammatory Bowel Disease (Crohn's disease and Ulcerative colitis), Colorectal cancer			
			4. Liver, Gall Bladder and Pancreas			
			Liver: Hepatitis, Amoebic Liver abscess, Cirrhosis of Liver			
			Gall bladder: Cholecystitis.			
			Pancreas: Pancreatitis			
			Tumors of liver, Gall bladder and Pancreas			
			5. Skeletal system			
			Bone: Bone healing, Osteoporosis, Osteomyelitis, Tumors			
			Joints: Arthritis - Rheumatoid arthritis and Osteoarthritis			
			6. Endocrine system			
			Diabetes Mellitus			
			Goitre			
			Carcinoma thyroid			

III 7 (T)	Describe various laboratory tests in	Hematological tests for the diagnosis of blood disorders	• Lecture	Short answer
	assessment and monitoring of disease conditions	 Blood tests: Hemoglobin, White cell and platelet counts, PCV, ESR Coagulation tests: Bleeding time (BT), Prothrombin time (PT), Activated Partial Prothrombin Time (APTT) 	 Discussion Visit to clinical lab, biochemistry lab and blood bank 	Objective type
		Blood chemistry		
		Blood bank:		
		Blood grouping and cross matching		
		o Blood components		
		o Plasmapheresis		
		o Transfusion reactions		
		Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified separately)		

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
PRESCRI	BED BOOKS		
1.	Dr. Viswanath Buddolla	Human Pathology	Florence Publishers
2.	Dr.Preethi Gupta	Text Book of Pathology	Vikas and Company
2.	Di.i recuii Gupui	Text Book of Famology	Publishers
Reference	S		
1.	Harsh Mohan	Textbook of Pathology	Jaypee Publishers
2	Rajeswari Kathiah, Gayathri Devi,	Textbook of Pathology	Elsevier Publications
	Thanigaimani& Indhu Kannan	Textbook of Fullotogy	Disevier i demeations
3.	Navaneet Kumari	Pathology for Nurses	Lotus Publishers

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

(Including BCLS module)

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER THEORY: 7 Credits (140 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab (SL) – 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical – 6 Credits (480 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify nursing diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients.
- 5. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.

COURSE OUTLINE Theory (T) Lab/Skill Lab (L/SL)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting	 Introduction Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases Roles and responsibility of a nurse in medical and surgical settings Outpatient department In-patient unit Intensive care unit Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation, infection Wound healing – stages, influencing 	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit 	• Short Answer • OSCE

		D 1 131 3	for the ma	T	<u> </u>
		Develop skills in assessment and	factors		
		care of wound	 Wound care and dressing technique 		
		Develop	Care of surgical patient		
		competency in providing pre and	o pre-operative		
		postoperative	o post-operative		
		care	Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with Medical Surgical Disorders		
II	15 (T)	Explain	Intraoperative Care	Lecture cum	• Caring for
	4 (L/SL)	organizational set	•Organization and physical set up of the	Discussion	patient intra
		up of the operating theatre	operation theatre	• Demonstration,	operatively
		Differentiate the	 Classification 	Practice session, and Case	• Submit a list of
		role of scrub	o O.T Design	Discussion	disinfectants
		nurse and	Staffing	Visit to receiving	used for
		circulating nurse	Members of the OT team	bay	instruments
		Describe the			with the action and precaution
		different positioning for	 Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT 		and producen
		various surgeries	Position and draping for common surgical		
		Apply principles	procedures		
		of asepsis in	• Instruments, sutures and suture materials,		
		handling the sterile equipment	equipment for common surgical		
			procedures		
		Demonstrate skill in scrubbing	Disinfection and sterilization of equipment		
		procedures			
		Demonstrate skill	 Preparation of sets for common surgical procedures 		
		in assessing the			
		patient and document	 Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving 		
		accurately the	Monitoring the patient during the		
		surgical safety	procedures		
		checklist	Maintenance of the therapeutic		
		Develop skill in	environment in OT		
		assisting with	Assisting in major and minor operation,		
		selected surgeries	handling specimen		
		Explain the types, functions, and	Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT		
		nursing	Anaesthesia – types, methods of		
		considerations for	administration, effects and stages,		
		different types of anaesthesia	equipment & drugs		
<u> </u>			Legal aspects	_	~1
III	6 (T)	Identify the signs and symptoms of	Nursing care of patients with common	• Lecture, discussion,	Short answer
	4 (L/SL)	shock and	signs and symptoms and management	demonstration	• MCQ
		electrolyte	Fluid and electrolyte imbalance	Case discussion	• Case report
		imbalances	• Shock	- Cuse discussion	
		Develop skills in	• Pain		
		managing fluid			
		and electrolyte			

		imbalances Perform pain			
		assessment and plans for the			
		nursing management			
IV	18 (T)	Demonstrate skill	Nursing Management of patients with	• Lecture, discussion,	• Essay
	4 (L)	in respiratory assessment	respiratory problems	Demonstration	Short answer
		Differentiates	Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system	Practice session	• OSCE
		different breath sounds and lists	Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests	 Case presentation Visit to PFT Lab	
		the indications	Common respiratory problems:	• VISIT to FF1 Lab	
		Explain the	 Upper respiratory tract infections 		
		etiology, pathophysiology,	 Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases 		
		clinical manifestations,	o Pleural effusion, Empyema		
		diagnostic tests, and medical,	o Bronchiectasis		
		surgical, nutritional, and	 Pneumonia Lung abscess		
		nursing management of	Cyst and tumors		
		common respiratory	 Chest Injuries Acute respiratory distress syndrome		
		problems	Acute respiratory distress syndromePulmonary embolism		
		Describe the	Health behaviours to prevent respiratory		
		health behaviour to be adopted in	illness		
		preventing respiratory			
V	16 (T)	illnesses Explain the	Nursing Management of patients with	Lecture, Discussion	Short answer
•	5 (L)	etiology,	disorders of digestive system	• Demonstration,	• Quiz
	3 (L)	pathophysiology, clinical	Review of anatomy and physiology of GI system	• Role play	• OSCE
		manifestations, diagnostic tests,	Nursing assessment –History and physical	Problem Based Learning	
		and medical, surgical,	assessmentGI investigations	Visit to stoma clinic	
		nuu monai, and	Common GI disorders:		
		management of gastrointestinal disorders	 Oral cavity: lips, gums and teeth GI: Bleeding, Infections, Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation & 		
		Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment	Peritonitis o Peptic & duodenal ulcer, o Mal-absorption, Appendicitis, Hernias o Hemorrhoids, fissures, Fistulas		
		Prepare patient for upper and	 Pancreas: inflammation, cysts, and tumors Liver: inflammation, cysts, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic 		

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		lower gastrointestinal investigations	failure, tumors Gall bladder: inflammation,Cholelithiasis, tumors		
		Demonstrate skill in gastric decompression, gavage, and stoma care	 Gastric decompression, gavage and stoma care, different feeding techniques Alternative therapies, drugs used in treatment of disorders of digestive system 		
		Demonstrate skill in different feeding techniques			
VI	20 (T)	Explain the	Nursing Management of patients with	• Lecture, discussion	Care plan
	5 (L)	etiology,	cardiovascular problems	Demonstration	Drug record
	· · · · · ·	pathophysiology, clinical	Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system	• Practice session	S
		manifestations,		 Case Discussion 	
		diagnostic tests, and medical,	Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment	• Health education	
		surgical, nutritional, and nursing	Invasive & non-invasive cardiac procedures	Drug Book/ presentation	
		management of cardiovascular disorders	Disorders of vascular system- Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders	Completion of BCLS Module	BLS/ BCLS evaluation
		Demonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessment	Coronary artery diseases: coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction		
			Valvular disorders: congenital and acquired		
		Prepare patient for invasive and non- invasive	Rheumatic heart disease: pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies		
		cardiac procedures	Cardiac dysrhythmias, heart block		
		Demonstrate skill	Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock,		
		in monitoring and	cardiac tamponade		
		interpreting clinical signs related to cardiac	Cardiopulmonary arrest		
		disorders			
		Complete BLS/BCLS module			
VII	7 (T)	Explain the	Nursing Management of patients with	• Field visit to blood	• Interpretation
	3 (L)	etiology, pathophysiology,	disorders of blood	bank	of blood
		clinical manifestations,	Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood	• Counseling	reports • Visit report
		diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical,	Nursing assessment: history, physical assessment & Diagnostic tests		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

nutritional, and nursing and management of • Anemia, Polycythemia • Bleeding Disorders: clotting factor defects	
hematological and platelets defects, thalassemia, leukemia, leukopenia, agranulocytosis	
Lymphomas, myelomas	
Interpret blood	
reportsPrepare	
and provides health education	
nealth education on blood	
donation	
atiology disordors of and aring system dome	onstration • Prepare health education on
2 (L) nathonhysiology	self-
clinical endocrine system	administration
manifestations,	Discussion of insulin
and medical, assessment	th education • Submits a diabetic diet
surgical, nutritional, and • Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid,	plan
Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo,	
management of tulliors)	
endocrine • Diabetes mellitus	
disorders	
Demonstrate skill	
in assessment of	
endocrine organ	
dysfunction	
Prepare and	
provides health	
education on	
diabetic diet	
Demonstrate skill	
in insulin	
administration	1:
etiology disorders of Integumentary system	ure, discussion • Drug report
2 (L) nathonhysiology	onstration • Preparation of
clinical • Review of anatomy and physiology of • Pract	Home care plan
manifestations,	Discussion
diagnostic tests, and medical, Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment	
surgical, nutritional, and • Infection and infestations; Dermatitis	
nursing • Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious	
disorders of integumentary • Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus	
system • Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia	

		Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in medicated bath Prepare and provide health education on skin	 Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system 		
X	16 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders Demonstrate skill in musculoskeletal assessment Prepare patient for radiological and non- radiological investigations of musculoskeletal system Demonstrate skill in crutch walking and splinting Demonstrate skill in care of patient with replacement surgeries Prepare and provide health education on	Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment: History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain,contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant tumour Orthopedic modalities: Cast, splint, traction, crutch walking Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis Special therapies, alternative therapies Metabolic bone disorder: Osteoporosis, osteomalacia and Paget's disease Spinal column defects and deformities — tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine Rehabilitation, prosthesis Replacement surgeries	 Lecture/ Discussion Case Discussion Health education 	 Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast
XI	20 (T) 3 (L)	bone healing Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical,	Nursing management of patients with Communicable diseases Overview of infectious diseases, the infectious process Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session Case Discussion/seminar 	• Prepares and submits protocol on various isolation techniques

surgical, nutritional, and	Tuberculosis	Health education
nursing management of	Diarrhoeal diseases, hepatitis A- E, Typhoid	Drug Book/ presentation
patients with communicable diseases	Herpes, chickenpox, Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza	Refer TB Control & Management
discuses	Meningitis	module
Demonstrate skill	Gas gangrene	
in barrier and	• Leprosy	
reverse barrier techniques	Dengue, Plague, Malaria, Chikungunya, swine flu, Filariasis	
Demonstrate skill	Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis	
in execution of different isolation	• COVID-19	
protocols	Special infection control measures:	
	Notification, Isolation, Quarantine,	
	Immunization	



ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I

WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

(Including BCLS module) CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 hours) - 18 weeks × 27 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital:
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
 - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients.
 - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy

Clinical area/unit	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
	(weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
General medical	4	Develop skill in intravenous injection administration and IV therapy Assist with diagnostic procedures Develop skill in the management of patients with Respiratory problems Develop skill in managing patients with metabolic abnormality	 Intravenous therapy IV cannulation IV maintenance and monitoring Administration of IV medication Care of patient with Central line Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis Management patients with respiratory problems Administration of oxygen through mask, nasal prongs, venturi mask Pulse oximetry Nebulization Chest physiotherapy Postural drainage Oropharyngeal suctioning Care of patient with chest drainage Diet Planning High Protein diet Diabetic diet Insulin administration Monitoring GRBS 	 Care Study – 1 Health education Clinical presentation/ Carenote) – 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Care Study evaluation Care Note/ Clinical presentation

II. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care/ileostomy care
- Enteral feeding

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General surgical wards	4	Develop skill in caring for patients during pre- and post- operative period	 Pre-Operative care Immediate Post-operative care Post-operative exercise	 Care study – 1 Health teaching	Clinical evaluation,OSCECare study
		Assist with diagnostic procedures	 Pain assessment Pain Management Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care of patients undergoing 		• Care note/ Clinical presentation
		Develop skill in managing patient with Gastro- intestinal Problems Develop skill in wound management	 Colonoscopy ERCP Endoscopy Liver Biopsy Nasogastric aspiration Gastrostomy/Jejunostomy feeds 		
			 Ileostomy/Colostomy care Surgical dressing Suture removal Surgical soak Sitz bath Care of drain 		

III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- BLS/BCLS
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Cardiology wards	2	Develop skill in	Cardiac monitoring	• Cardiac assessment – 1	Clinical evaluation
warus		management of patients with	• Recording and interpreting ECG	• Drug	• Drugpresentation
		cardiac problems	Arterial blood gas analysis – interpretation	presentation—1	Drugpresentation
		Develop skill in	Administer cardiac drugs		
		management of patients with disorders of	• Preparation and after care of patients for cardiac catheterization		
		Blood	• CPR		
			Collection of blood sample for:		
			o Blood grouping/cross matching		
			o Blood sugar		
			o Serum electrolytes		
			Assisting with blood transfusion		
			• Assisting for bone marrow aspiration		
			 Application of anti-embolism stockings (TED hose) 		
			Application/maintenance of sequential Compression device		

IV. MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators Application of topical medication

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Dermatology wards	1	Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of integumentary system	 Intradermal injection-Skin allergy testing Application of topical medication Medicated bath 		Clinical evaluation

V. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators Application of topical medication

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- Standard precautions

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Isolation ward		management of	 Barrier Nursing Reverse barrier nursing Standard precautions (Universal precaution), use of PPE, needle stick and sharp injury prevention, Cleaning and disinfection, Respiratory hygiene, waste disposal and safe injection practices) 	• Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluationCare note

VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Orthopedic wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with musculoskeletal problems	 Preparation of patient with Myelogram/CT/MRI Assisting with application & removal of POP/Cast Preparation, assisting and after care of patient with Skin traction/skeletal traction Care of orthotics Muscle strengthening exercises Crutch walking Rehabilitation 	• Care Note – 1	 Clinical evaluation, Care note

VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Operation theatre	4	Develop skill in caring for intraoperative patients	 Position and draping Preparation of operation table Set up of trolley with instrument Assisting in major and minor operation Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Intra operative monitoring 	 Assist as circulatory nurse – 4 Positioning & draping – 5 Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries – 4 Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries – 4 	Clinical evaluationOSCE

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
PRESCR	IBED BOOKS		
1.	Dr. B. Valli	Adult Health Nursing - I	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Joyce M.Black	Textbook of Medical Surgical Nursing	W.B.Saunders
References			
1.	Lewis	Medical Surgical Nursing	Elsevier
2.	Brunner And Suddarths	Medical-Surgical Nursing	Wolters Kluwer
3.	Ignatavicius, Workman, Rebar, Heimgartner	Medical Surgical Nursing – 10 th Edition	Elsevier



FOURTH SEMESTER

- I. PHARMACOLOGY II including Fundamentals of Prescribing Module
- II. PATHOLOGY II AND GENETICS
- III. ADULT HEALTH NURSING II WITH INTEGRATED
 PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (Including geriatric nursing and palliative care module)
- IV. ADULT HEALTH NURSING II (Including geriatric nursing and palliative care module) CLINICAL PRACTICUM
- V. PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING BIOETHICS

PHARMACOLOGY - II

(Including Fundamentals of Prescribing Module)

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER **THEORY**: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications. Further it develops understanding of fundamental principles of prescribing in students.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of ear, nose, throat and eye disorders.
- 2. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of urinary system disorders.
- 3. Describe the drugs used in the treatment of nervous system disorders.
- 4. Explain the drugs used for hormonal replacement and for the pregnant women during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal period.
- 5. Explain the drugs used to treat emergency conditions and immune disorders.
- 6. Discuss the role and responsibilities of nurses towards safe administration of drugs used to treat disorders of various systems with basic understanding of pharmacology.
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about the drugs used in alternative system of medicine.
- 8. Demonstrate understanding about the fundamental principles of prescribing.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4 (T)		Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye • Antihistamines • Topical applications for eye (Chloramphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerin, boric spirit ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash • Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type

II	4 (T)	Describe drugs acting on urinary system &nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs used on urinary system Pharmacology of commonly used drugs Renin angiotensin system Diuretics and antidiuretics Drugs toxic to kidney Urinary antiseptics Treatment of UTI − acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer Objective type
	10 (T)	Describe drugs used on nervous system &nurse's responsibilities	 Brugs acting on nervous system Basis & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs Analgesics and anaesthetics Analgesics: Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs Antipyretics Opioids & other central analgesics ✓ General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics ✓ Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives Skeletal muscle relaxants Antipsychotics Mood stabilizers Antidepressants Anticonvulsants Drugs for neurodegenerative disorders & miscellaneous drugs Stimulants, ethyl alcohol and treatment of methyl alcohol poisoning Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer Objective type

IV	5 (T) Describe drugs used for hormo disorder & supplementatio contraception & medical termination of pregnancy &nurse's responsibilities	medical termination of pregnancy • Drug study/ presentation
V	3 (T) Develop understanding about importan drugs used for women before, during and afte labour	Drugs used for pregnant women during antenatal, labour and postnatal period Tetanus prophylaxis Iron and Vit K1 supplementation Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation Short answer Objective type
VI	10 (T) Describe drugs used in deaddiction, emergency, poisoning, vitamins & minerals supplementatio drugs used for immunization & immunesuppression & nurse's responsibilities	 Miscellaneous Drugs used for deaddiction Drugs used in CPR and emergency-adrenaline, Chlorpheniramine, hydrocortisone, Dexamethasone IV fluids & electrolytes replacement Common poisons, drugs used for Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/presentation Drug study/presentation

VII	4 (T)	Demonstrate awareness of common drugs used in alternative system of medicine	Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine • Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc. • Drugs used for common ailments	Lecture cum DiscussionObservational visit	Short answerObjective type
VIII	20 (T)	Demonstrate understanding about fundamental principles of prescribing	 Fundamental principles of prescribing Prescriptive role of nurse practitioners: Introduction Legal and ethical issues related to prescribing Principles of prescribing Steps of prescribing Prescribing competencies 	Completion of module on Fundamental principles of prescribing	Short answerAssignments evaluation

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher	
PRESCI	RIBED BOOKS			
1.	Suresh Sharma	Pharmacology and Pathalogy for Nurses	Jaypee Publications	
2.	Joginder Singh Pathania & Rupendra	A Text of Pharmacology for B.Sc (N)	CBS	
2.	Kumar Bharti	Students		
Reference	ces			
1.	Dr.Thakur Rohit Singh	Textbook of Pharmacology for B.Sc (N)	Nightingale Publishers	
2.	Dr.SK.Sreevatsava&Dr.RohanSreevatsava	Textbook of Pharmacology for B.Sc (N)	Avichel Publishers	
3.	Thara Shanbhag & Veena Naik	Textbook of Pharmacology for B.Sc (N)	Elsevier Publications	

PATHOLOGY - II AND GENETICS

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) (Includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for various tests
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

PATHOLOGY - II

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	Explain	Special Pathology:	Lecture	Short answer
		pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems	Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected systems 1. Kidneys and Urinary tract • Glomerulonephritis • Pyelonephritis • Renal calculi • Cystitis • Renal Cell Carcinoma • Renal Failure (Acute and Chronic) 2. Male genital systems • Cryptorchidism • Testicular atrophy • Prostatic hyperplasia • Carcinoma penis and Prostate. 3. Female genital system • Carcinoma cervix • Carcinoma of endometrium	 Discussion Explain using slides, X-rays and scans Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT 	Objective type

			Uterine fibroids
			Vesicular mole and Choriocarcinoma
			Ovarian cyst and tumors
			4. Breast
			Fibrocystic changes
			Fibroadenoma
			Carcinoma of the Breast
			5. Central nervous system
			Meningitis.
			• Encephalitis
			• Stroke
			Tumors of CNS
II	5 (T)	Describe the	Clinical Pathology • Lecture • Short answer
		laboratory tests for examination	• Examination of body cavity fluids: • Discussion • Objective typ
		of body cavity fluids, urine and faeces	 Methods of collection and examination of CSF and other body cavity fluids (sputum, wound discharge) specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry and microbiology tests Analysis of semen:
			 Sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance in infertility Urine:
			 Physical characteristics, Analysis, Culture and Sensitivity
			• Faeces:
			o Characteristics
			 Stool examination: Occult blood, Ova, Parasite and Cyst, Reducing substance etc.
			Methods and collection of urine and faeces for various tests

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
PRESCRIBE	D BOOKS		
1.	Dr. Viswanath Buddolla	Human Pathology	Florence Publishers
2.	Dr.Preethi Gupta	Text Book of Pathology	Vikas and Company
			Publishers
References			1
1.	Harsh Mohan	Textbook of Pathology	Jaypee Publishers
2	Rajeswari Kathiah, Gayathri Devi, Thanigaimani& Indhu Kannan	Textbook of Pathology	Elsevier Publications
3.	Navaneet Kumari	Pathology for Nurses	Lotus Publishers

GENETICS COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Introduction: Practical application of genetics in nursing Impact of genetic condition on families Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis Characteristics and structure of genes Chromosomes: sex determination Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance Mendelian theory of inheritance Multiple allots and blood groups Short answer Discussion Explain using slides Chopicative type Chromosomes: Mendelian theory of inheritance Mendelian theory of inheritance Mechanism of inheritance Mechanism of inheritance Mechanism of inheritance	Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
• Errors in transmission (mutation)	I	` ′	Explain nature, principles and perspectives of	 Practical application of genetics in nursing Impact of genetic condition on families Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis Characteristics and structure of genes Chromosomes: sex determination Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance Mendelian theory of inheritance Multiple allots and blood groups Sex linked inheritance Mechanism of inheritance 	LectureDiscussion	

II	2 (T)	Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases	 Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases Conditions affecting the mother: genetic and infections Consanguinity atopy Prenatal nutrition and food allergies Maternal age Maternal drug therapy Prenatal testing and diagnosis Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals Infertility Spontaneous abortion Neural Tube Defects and the role of folic 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides	Short answer Objective type
			acid in lowering the risksDown syndrome (Trisomy 21)		
III	2 (T)	Explain the screening methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children	Genetic testing in the neonates and children • Screening for • Congenital abnormalities • Developmental delay • Dysmorphism	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides	Short answerObjective type
IV	2 (T)	Identify genetic disorders in adolescents and adults	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults Cancer genetics: Familial cancer Inborn errors of metabolism Blood group alleles and hematological disorder Genetic haemochromatosis Huntington's disease Mental illness	LectureDiscussionExplain using slides	Short answerObjective type
V	2 (T)	Describe the role of nurse in genetic services and counselling	Services related to genetics • Genetic testing • Gene therapy • Genetic counseling • Legal and Ethical issues • Role of nurse	Lecture Discussion	Short answerObjective type

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
PRESCRI	BED BOOKS		
1.	Bestha Lakshmi	Genetics	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Sonal Sharma, Geetika Khanna Bhattacharya, Suresh D. Gangane	Pathology & Genetics for Nurses	Elsevier
References			
1.	Dr.ViswanathBuddolla	Textbook of Genetics	Nightingale Publishers

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - II

WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY

(Including Geriatric NursingandPalliative Care Module)

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER
THEORY: 7 Credits (140 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab (SL): 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical: 6 Credits (480 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical and Surgical conditions.

At the completion of Adult Health Nursing II course, students will

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of selected common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients.
- 5. Integrate knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with selected medical surgical conditions.

- 10. Plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T) Lab/Skill Lab (L/SL)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	12 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patients with ENT disorders	Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear, Nose and Throat (Includes etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management) Review of anatomy and physiology of the ear, nose and throat History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests Ear o External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign bodies and tumors o Middle ear: impacted wax, tympanic, membrane perforation, otitis media, and tumors o Inner ear: Meniere's disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity tumors Upper respiratory airway infections: Rhinitis, sinusitis, tonsillitis, laryngitis Epistaxis, Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction Deafness and its management	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of hearing aids, nasal packing, medication administration Visit to audiology and speech clinic	 MCQ Short answer Essay OSCE Assessment of skill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book
II	12 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of eye	Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders Refractive errors	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of visual aids, lens, medication administration Visit to eye bank 	MCQShort EssayOSCEDrug book

			Eyelids: infection, deformities		
		Describe eye donation, banking	Conjunctiva: inflammation and infection bleeding		
		and transplantation	Cornea: inflammation and infection		
		transplantation	Lens: cataract		
			Glaucoma		
			Retinal detachment		
			• Blindness		
			Eye donation, banking and transplantation		
III	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology,	Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems	Lecture cum Discussion	MCQ Short Note
	· (L, 5L)	pathophysiology, clinical manifestations,	Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system	DemonstrationCase Discussion	• Long essay
		diagnostic tests, and medical,	History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests	Health education	 Case report Submits health
		surgical, nutritional, and nursing	Urinary tract infections: acute, chronic, lower, upper	 Drug book Field visit – Visits	teaching on prevention of urinary calculi
		management of	Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome	hemodialysis unit	armary carcuit
		Kidney and urinary system	Renal calculi		
		disorders	Acute and chronic renal failure		
		Demonstrate skill	Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and		
		in genitourinary	Urethra		
		assessment	• Disorders of prostate: inflammation,		
		Prepare patient for	infection, stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy		
		genitourinary investigations			
		Prepare and provide health			
		education on			
		prevention of renal calculi			
IV	6 (T)	Explain the	Nursing management of disorders of male	Lecture, Discussion	Short essay
	, ,	etiology,	reproductive system	Case Discussion	
		pathophysiology, clinical	Review of Anatomy and physiology of the	Health education	
		manifestations,	male reproductive system		
		diagnostic tests, and medical,	History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic		
		surgical,	tests		
		nutritional, and nursing	Infections of testis, penis and adjacent		
		management of	structures: Phimosis, Epididymitis, and		
		male reproductive disorders	Orchitis		
			Sexual dysfunction, infertility,		

V	10 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, types, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance	 Male Breast Disorders: gynecomastia, tumor, climacteric changes Nursing management of patient with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues History, physical assessment, assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss Burns Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment Legal and ethical aspects Special therapies: LAD, vacuumed dressing. Laser, liposuction, skin health rejuvenation, use of derma filters 	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculations Visit to burn rehabilitation centers	• OSCE • Short notes
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VI	16 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with neurological disorders	Nursing management of patient with neurological disorders Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system History, physical and neurological assessment, diagnostic tests Headache, Head injuries Spinal injuries: Paraplegia, Hemiplegia, Quadriplegia Spinal cord compression: herniation of in vertebral disc Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Meningitis, encephalitis, brain, abscess, neuro-cysticercosis Movement disorders: Chorea, Seizures & Epilepsies Cerebrovascular disorders: CVA Cranial, spinal neuropathies: Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral Neuropathies Degenerative diseases: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease Guillain-Barré syndrome, Myasthenia	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of physiotherapy, neuro assessment, tracheostomy care Visit to rehabilitation center, long term care clinics, EEG, NCV study unit,	• OSCE • Short notes • Essay • Drug book
VII	12 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV	gravis & Multiple sclerosis Rehabilitation of patient with neurological deficit Nursing management of patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission and management of HIV/AIDS Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration and rehabilitation National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and international agencies for infection control	Lecture, discussion Case Discussion/ seminar Refer Module on HIV/AIDS	
		infection and rehabilitation Describe the national infection control programs			

VIII 12 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments	 Nursing management of patient with Oncological conditions Structure and characteristics of normal and cancer cells History, physically assessment, diagnostic tests Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition Common malignancies of various body system eye, ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord. Oncological emergencies Modalities of treatment: Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy: Radiation safety, AERB regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy Psychological aspects of cancer: anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger 	Lecture and discussion Demonstration of chemotherapy preparation and administration Visit to BMT, radiotherapy units (linear accelerator, brachytherapy, etc.), nuclear medicine unit Completion of palliative	OSCE Essay Quiz Drug book Counseling, health teaching
IX 15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the types, policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster and the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergencies	 Supportive care Hospice care Nursing management of patient in Emergency and Disaster situations Disaster Nursing Concept and principles of disaster nursing, Related Policies Types of disaster: Natural and manmade Disaster preparedness: Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies – Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning and Thermal emergencies Principles of emergency management Medico legal aspects 	caremodule during clinical hours (20 hours) • Lecture and discussion • Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mock drill) and triaging • Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers • Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care • Refer Trauma care management/ ATCN module • Guided reading on	OSCE Casepresentati ons and case study

				National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) guidelines	
X	10 (T)	Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	 Nursing care of the elderly History and physical assessment Aging process and age-related body changes and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elder patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and non- formal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programs for elderly, privileges, community programs and health services Home and institutional care 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired Field visit to old age homes 	OSCE Casepresentations Assignment on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population

XI	15 (T) 8 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical care units	 Nursing management of patients in critical Care units Principles of critical care nursing Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment and supplies Use and application of critical care biomedical equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment and any other Advanced Cardiac Life support Nursing management of critically ill patient Transitional care Ethical and Legal Aspects Breaking Bad News to Patients and/or their families: Communication with patient and family End of life care 	Lecture and discussion Demonstration on the use of mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors etc. Clinical practice indifferent ICUs	 Objective type Short notes Casepresenta tions Assessment of skill on monitoring ofpatients in ICU. Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care
XII	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/industrial health disorders	Nursing management of patients occupational and industrial disorders • History, physical examination, Diagnostic tests • Occupational diseases and management	Lecture and discussion Industrial visit	Assignment on industrial health hazards

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - II

WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (Including Geriatric NursingandPalliative Care Module)

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours) – 20 weeks × 24 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult/geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency/disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment.
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
 - f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle.
 - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- 6. Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
ENT Ward and OPD	2	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families	 Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking Applying bandages to Ear, Nose Tracheostomy care Preparation of patient, assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Auditory screening tests Audiometric tests Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures Instillation of drops/medication 	• ENT assessment–1 • Case study/ Clinical presentation – 1	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Case report study/ Clinical presentation

II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Ophthalmo logy unit	2	providing care to patients with Eye disorders Educate the patients andtheir families	 History taking, Examination of eyes and interpretation Assisting procedures Visual acuity Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmoscopy, tonometry, Refraction tests Pre and post-operative care Instillation of drops/ medication Eye irrigation Application of eye bandage Assisting with foreign body removal 	Health teachingCase study/ Clinical	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Clinical presentation

III. Nursing Management of Patients with Kidney and Urinary System Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Assessment: kidney & urinary system

Preparation: dialysis Catheterization and care

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Renal ward/ nephrolo gy ward including Dialysis unit	2	Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems	 Assessment of kidney and urinary system History taking Physical examination Testicular self-examination digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram, Contrast studies: IVP etc. Peritoneal dialysis Hemodialysis, Lithotripsy Specific tests: Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/ Prostate Biopsy etc. Catheterization: care Bladder irrigation I/O recording and monitoring Ambulation and exercise 	 Assessment – 1 Drug presentation – 1 Care study/ Clinical presentation – 1 Preparing and assisting in hemodialysis 	 Clinical evaluation Care plan OSCE Quiz Drugpresentati on

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

D : CI	ilical i usti	5°			
Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Burns unit/ reconstru ctive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns	 Assessment of burns First aid of burns Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds Bathing Dressing Pre-operative and post- operative care of patients Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery Rehabilitation 	 burn wound assessment – 1 care study/case presentation – 1 	 Clinical evaluation, Carestudy/cas e report

V. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

B. Clinical Postings

	uration weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Neurology- medical/	3	Develop skill in Management of	History taking; Neurological Examination	• euro- assessment–1	Clinical evaluation
Surgery wards		patients with Neurological problems	 Patient monitoring Prepare and assist for various invasive and non-invasive diagnostic procedures Range of motion exercises, muscle strengthening Care of medical, surgical and rehabilitative patients 	 Case study/ case presentation – 1 Drugpresentatio n – 1 	 Neuro assessment OSCE Case report/presentations

VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

Clinical Duration area/unit (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Isolation ward/ Medical ward	Develop skill in the Management of patients with immunological disorders	 History taking Immunological status assessment (e.g. HIV) and Interpretation of specific tests Caring of patients with low immunity Practicing of standard safety measures, precautions/barrier nursing/reverse barrier/isolation skills 	 Assessment of immune status Teaching of isolation to patient and family care givers Nutritional management Care Note – 1 	Care noteQuizHealth Teaching

VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Oncology wards (including day care radiothera py unit)		Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological disorders	 History taking & physical examination of cancer patients Screening for common cancers: TNM classification Preparation, assisting and after care patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Biopsies/FNAC Pap smear Bone-marrow aspiration Various modalities of treatment Chemotherapy Radiotherapy Pain management Stoma therapy Hormonal therapy Gene therapy Alternative therapy Stoma care and feeding Caring of patients treated with nuclear medicine Rehabilitation 	 Assessment – 1 Care study/clinical presentation – 1 Pre and post-operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment Teaching on BSE to family members Visit to palliative care unit 	 Clinical evaluation Care study Quiz Drug book

VIII. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment: primary and secondary survey
- Trauma care: bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

	b. Clinical Lostings						
Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods		
Emergency room/ Emergency unit		Develop skill in providing care to patients with emergency health problems	 Practicing _triage' Primary and secondary survey in emergency Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients Documentations, assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement 	 Triage Immediate care Use of emergency trolley 	 Clinical evaluation Quiz 		

IX. Nursing Management of geriatric patients

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Geriatric ward	1	Develops skill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	History taking and assessment of Geriatric patient	Geriatric assessment – 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment – 1 Functional status assessment – 1	Clinical evaluation Care plan

X. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up –suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation
- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

B. Clinical Postings						
1	ration eeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods	
Critical Care Unit		Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	 Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation &extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive Setting up of infusion pump, defibrillator, Drug administration-infusion, intracardic, intrathecal, epidural, Monitoring pacemaker ICU care bundle Management of the dying patient in the ICU 	 Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI CasePresentati on 	

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
PRESCR	IBED BOOKS		
1.	Dr. B. Valli	Adult Health Nursing - II	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Joyce M.Black	Textbook of Medical Surgical Nursing	W.B.Saunders
Reference	es		
1.	Lewis	Medical Surgical Nursing	Elsevier
2.	Brunner And Suddarths	Medical-Surgical Nursing	Wolters Kluwer
3.	Ignatavicius, Workman, Rebar, Heimgartner	Medical Surgical Nursing – 10 th Edition	Elsevier



PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING BIOETHICS

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER
THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to develop an understanding of professionalism and demonstrate professional behavior in their workplace with ethics and professional values. Further the students will be able to identify ethical issues in nursing practice and participate effectively in ethical decision making along with health team members.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe profession and professionalism.
- 2. Identify the challenges of professionalism.
- 3. Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health team members, patients and society.
- 4. Demonstrate professional conduct.
- 5. Describe various regulatory bodies and professional organizations related to nursing.
- 6. Discuss the importance of professional values in patient care.
- 7. Explain the professional values and demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice.
- 8. Demonstrate and reflect on the role and responsibilities in providing compassionate care in the healthcare setting.
- 9. Demonstrate respect, human dignity and privacy and confidentiality to self, patients and their caregivers and other health team members.
- 10. Advocate for patients' wellbeing, professional growth and advancing the profession.
- 11. Identify ethical and bioethical concerns, issues and dilemmas in nursing and healthcare.
- 12. Apply knowledge of ethics and bioethics in ethical decision making along with health team members.
- 13. Protect and respect patient's rights.

COURSE OUTLINE Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	` /	Discuss nursing as a profession Describe the concepts and	PROFESSIONALISM	• Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer
			Profession		• Essay
			Definition of profession		Objective type
			Criteria of a profession		
			Nursing as a profession		
			Professionalism		
		attributes of professionalism	Definition and characteristics of professionalism		
			Concepts, attributes and indicators of professionalism		
			Challenges of professionalism		

			Personal identity vs professional		
		Identify the	o Personal identity vs professional identity		
		challenges of professionalism	 Preservation of self-integrity: threat to integrity, Deceiving patient: withholding information and falsifying records 	• Debate	
		Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health	 Communication & Relationship with team members: Respectful and open communication and relationship pertaining to relevant interests for ethical decision making 	Role play	
		team members, patients and	o Relationship with patients and society		
		society	Professional Conduct		
			Following ethical principles		
		Demonstrate professional conduct Respect and maintain professional boundaries between patients, colleagues and society	 Adhering to policies, rules and regulation of the institutions Professional etiquettes and behaviours 	Case based discussion	
			Professional grooming: Uniform, Dress code		
			• Professional boundaries: Professional relationship with the patients, caregivers and team members		
			Regulatory Bodies & Professional Organizations: Roles & Responsibilities Regulatory bodies: Indian Nursing Council, State Nursing Council	Lecture cum Discussion	
		Describe the roles and responsibilities of regulatory bodies and professional organizations	 Professional Organizations: Trained Nurses Association of India (TNAI), Student Nurses Association (SNA), Nurses League of Christian Medical Association of India, International Council of Nurses (ICN) and International Confederation of Midwives 	• Visit to INC, SNC, TNAI	Visit reports
II	5 (T)	Discuss the	PROFESSIONAL VALUES	Lecture cum	Short answer
		importance of professional	• Values: Definition and characteristics of	Discussion	• Essay
		values	values	Value clarification exercise	• Assessment of
			Value clarification	Interactive learning	student's behavior with
		Distinguish	Personal and professional values	Story telling	patients and
		between personal values and professional	Professional socialization: Integration of professional values with personal values	Sharing experiences	families
		values	Professional values in nursing	Scenario based discussion	
		Demonstrate	• Importance of professional values in nursing and health care		
		appropriate professional values in nursing practice	• Caring: definition, and process		
			• Compassion: Sympathy Vs empathy, Altruism		
		1	• Conscientiousness		

			Dedication/devotion to work		
			Respect for the person- Human dignity		
			Privacy and confidentiality: Incidental disclosure		
			Honesty and integrity: Truth telling		
			Trust and credibility: Fidelity, Loyalty		
			Advocacy: Advocacy for patients, work environment, nursing education and practice, and for advancing the profession		
III	10 (T)	Define ethics &	ETHICS & BIOETHICS	Lecture cum	Short answer
III	10 (T)	Define ethics & bioethics Explain ethical principles Identify ethical concerns Ethical issues and dilemmas in health care	ETHICS & BIOETHICS Definitions: Ethics, Bioethics and Ethical Principles Beneficence Non-maleficence: Patient safety, protecting patient from harm, Reporting errors Justice: Treating each person as equal Care without discrimination, equitable access to care and safety of the public Autonomy: Respects patients' autonomy, Self-determination, Freedom of choice Ethical issues and ethical dilemma: Common ethical problems Conflict of interest Paternalism Deception Privacy and confidentiality Valid consent and refusal Allocation of scarce nursing resources Conflicts concerning new technologies Whistle-blowing Beginning of life issues Abortion Substance abuse Fetal therapy Selective deduction Intrauterine treatment of fetalconditions	Lecture cum discussion Group discussion with examples Flipping/ self-directed learning Role play Story telling Sharing experiences Case based Clinical discussion Role modeling Group exercise on ethical decision-making following steps on a given scenario Assignment	 Short answer Essay Quiz Reflective diary Case report Attitude test Assessment of assignment
			 Mandated contraception Fetal injury Infertility treatment 		

Explain process of ethical decision making and apply knowledge of ethics and bioethics in making ethical decisions

- End of life issues
 - End of life
 - Euthanasia 0
 - Do Not Resuscitate (DNR)
- Issues related to psychiatric care
 - Non compliance
 - Restrain and seclusion
 - Refuse to take food

Explain code of

ethics stipulated by ICN and INC

Discuss the rights

of the patients

and families to make decisions

about health care

respect patients'

Protect and

rights

Process of ethical decision making

- Assess the situation (collect information)
- Identify the ethical problem
- Identify the alternative decisions
- Choose the solution to the ethical decision
- Implement the decision
- Evaluate the decision

Ethics committee: Roles and responsibilities

- Clinical decision making
- Research

Code of Ethics

- International Council of Nurses (ICN)
- Indian Nursing Council

Patients' Bill of Rights-17 patients' rights (MoH&FW, GoI)

- 1. Right to emergency medical care
- 2. Right to safety and quality care according to standards
- 3. Right to preserve dignity
- 4. Right to nondiscrimination
- 5. Right to privacy and confidentiality
- 6. Right to information
- 7. Right to records and reports

8. Right to informed consent
9. Right to second opinion
10.Right to patient education
11.Right to choose alternative treatment
options if available
12.Right to choose source for obtaining
medicines or tests
13.Right to proper referral and transfer,
which is free from perverse commercial
influences
14. Right to take discharge of patient or
receive body of deceased from hospital
15.Right to information on the rates to be
charged by the hospital for each type of
service provided and facilities available on
a prominent display board and a brochure
16.Right to protection for patients involved in
clinical trials, biomedical and health
research
17. Right to be heard and seek redressal

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
PRESCRI	BED BOOKS		
1. Dr.R.S.Nagarazan		A Text Book of Professional Ethics and	Newage International Pvt.
1.	D1.R.S.Nagarazan	Human Values	Limitation Publication
2.	R.Subramanyan	A Text Book of Professional Ethics includes	Oxford University press
2.	K.Suoramanyan	Human Values	Oxford Onliversity press
Reference			
1.	Princy Louis Palatty, Ashish	A Text Book of Bioethics for Health Cadre	Jaypee Brothers Medical
1.	Timey Louis I diduy, Asinsii	Professionals	Publishers
2.	Kozier and Erbs	A Text Book of Fundamental of Nursing	Pearson Publications
3.	Potter and Perry	A Text Book of Fundamental of Nursing	Elsevier

FIFTH SEMESTER

- I. CHILD HEALTH NURSING I
- II. CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II, CLINICAL PRACTICUM
- III. MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I
- IV. MENTAL HEALTH NURSING I & II, CLINICAL PRACTICUM
- V. COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I (Including Environmental Science & Epidemiology):
- VI. COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING I (Including Environmental Science & Epidemiology): CLINICAL PRACTICUM
- VII. EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/ NURSING EDUCATION
- VIII. INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

CHILD HEALTH NURSING – I

(Including Essential Newborn Care (ENBC), FBNC, IMNCI and PLS, modules)

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child-care.
- 2. Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy 2017.
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents.
- 4. Participate in national immunization programs/Universal Immunization Program (UIP).
- 5. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance.
- 6. Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures.
- 7. Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risk newborn including neonatal resuscitation.
- 8. Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI).
- 9. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with respiratory system disorders.
- 10. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T) Lab/Skill Lab (L/SL)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	(Hrs) 10 (T) 10 (L)		Introduction: Modern concepts of child-care • Historical development of child health • Philosophy and modern concept of child-care • Cultural and religious considerations in child-care • National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare • National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children		Methods • Short answer • Objective type • Assessment of skills with checklist
		Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child health Preventive pediatrics: Concept Immunization Immunization programs and coldchain. Care of under-five and Under-five Clinics/Well-baby clinics 		

	1				
			o Preventive measures towards accidents		
			• Child morbidity and mortality rates		
		List major causes of death during infancy, early &	 Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness Physiological 		
		late childhood	 Psychological 		
		Differentiate between an adult	o Social		
		and child in terms	 Immunological Hospital environment for sick child		
		of illness and response	 Impact of hospitalization on the child and family 		
		Describe the	Communication techniques for children		
		major functions	Grief and bereavement		
		& role of the pediatric nurse in	• The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child		
		caring for a hospitalized child.	• Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children.		
		Dagariha da -	Child Health Nursing procedures:		
		Describe the principles of child health	 Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V 		
		nursing and	Calculation of fluid requirement		
		perform child	Application of restraints		
		health nursing procedures	• Assessment of pain in children.		
			 FACES pain rating scale 		
			o FLACC scale		
			o Numerical scale		
II	12 (T)	Describe the normal growth	The Healthy Child • Definition and principles of growth and	Lecture DiscussionDemonstration	 Short answer Objective type
		and development of children at	development	Developmental	• Assessment of
		different ages	Factors affecting growth and developmentGrowth and development from birth to	study of infant and	field visits and
		Identify the needs	adolescence	children	developmental study reports
		of children at different ages &	• Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg)	 Observation study of normal & sick child 	study reports
		provide parental guidance	• The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental	• Field visit to	
		Identify the	guidance	Anganwadi, child guidance clinic	
		nutritional needs	Nutritional needs of children and infants	Videos on breast	
		of children at different ages &	- breast feeding	feeding	
		ways	exclusive breast feedingSupplementary/artificial feeding and	• Clinical	
		of meeting needs	weaning	practice/field	
		Identify the role of play for	Baby friendly hospital concept		
		normal & sick children	 Types and value of play and selection of play material 		

III	15 (T) 20 (L)	Provide care to normal and high-risk neonates Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	Nursing care of neonate: Appraisal of Newborn Nursing care of a normal newborn/essential newborn care Neonatal resuscitation Nursing management of low birth weight baby Kangaroo mother care Nursing management of common neonatal disorder Hyperbilirubinemia Hypothermia Hypothermia Metabolic disorder Neonatal infections Neonatal seizures Respiratory distress syndrome Retinopathy of Prematurity Organization of neonatal care unit	Modular based teaching: ENBC and FBNC module (oral drills, videos, self-evaluation exercises) Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP module Demonstration Practice Session Clinical practice Lecture Discussion	 OSCE Short answer Objective type
IV	10 (T) 5 (L)	Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI	Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses	Modular based teaching: IMNCI module Clinical practice/field	• OSCE
V	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of respiratory, and endocrine system	Nursing management in common childhood diseases Respiratory system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia Others: Acute naso-pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma Endocrine system: Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
VI	5 (T) 5 (L)	Develop ability to meet child- hood emergencies and perform child CPR	 Childhood emergencies Accidents – causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and Drowning PLS (AHA Guidelines) 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration PLS Module/ Workshop 	• OSCE

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I & II

Clinical Practicum (3 Credits – 240 hours)

PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTER

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical: V SEMESTER – 2 Credits (160 hours)

VI SEMESTER – 1 Credit (80 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric.
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders.
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation.
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS.
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children.
- 6. Give health education/nutritional education to parents.
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs.

Skill Lab

Use of Manikins and Simulators PLS, CPAP, Endotracheal Suction

Pediatric Nursing Procedures:

- Administration of medication Oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS

8 weeks × 30 hours per week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)

Pediatric Medical Ward V Sem – 2 weeks VI Sem – 1 week VI Sem – 2 week	
Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of diffestrengths of I/V fluid Application of restrengths of I/V fluid Application of Continuation by differ methods Baby bath/sponge to Feeding children by Katori spoon, Palace of Collection of specific for common investrence of Assisting with communication of Continuation of Continuation of Continuation of Continuation of Continuation of Feeding & Wean of Immunication self-play therapy	on & Case study presentation – 1 Health talk – 1 Health talk – 1 Completion of activity record Terent dids raints D2 ent Dath Hair completion of activity record Terent dids raints D2 ent Health talk – 1 Terent dids raints D3 Health completion of activity record Terent dids raints D4 Health talk – 1 Terent dids raints D5 Health talk – 1 Terent dids raints D6 Health talk – 1 Terent dids raints D7 Health talk – 1 Terent dids raints Te

Pediatric Surgical Ward	V Sem – 2 weeks VI Sem – 1 week	Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post-operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents	 Calculation, preparation & administration of I/V fluids Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Gastrostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal 	 Nursing care plan 1 Case study/ presentation – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record
Pediatric OPD/ Immunizati on room	V Sem – 1 week	 Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health/Nutritional education 	Growth and developmental study: Infant – 1 Toddler – 1 Preschooler – 1 Schooler – 1 Adolescent – 1	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem – 1 week	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator/warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids with infusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Recording & reporting Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (PLS) 	 Newborn assessment – 1 Nursing Care Plan – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books	,	·
1.	Prof. P. Krupasanthosham	Child Health Nursing -I	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Wong	Essentials of Paediatric Nursing	C.B.S Publications
Reference	S		
1.	DorathyR.Marlow	Text Book of Paediatric Nursing	Elsevier
2.	Hocken Berry Marlin.J	Essentials of Paediatric Nursing	
3.	Parul Dutta	Paediatric Nursing	Jaypee Publications



MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope.

- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders.
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing.
- 4. Apply the Indian Nursing Council practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings.
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment.
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship.
- 7. Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders.
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders.
- 9. Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 11. Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/ therapies used.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	 Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	Lecture cum Discussion	• Essay • Short answer

II 10 (T)	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynamics of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopathology of mental disorders Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD11, DSM5, Geropsychiatry manual classification Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Etiology bio-psycho-social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal neurotransmission Principles of Mental health Nursing Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing (INC practice standards) Conceptual models and the role of nurse: o Existential model Psychoanalytical models Behavioural model	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using Charts Review of personality development	• Essay • Short answer
III 6 (T) IV 6 (T)	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status Identify therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasses and its	 Preventive psychiatry and rehabilitation Mental Health Assessment History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests Therapeutic Communication and Nurse-Patient Relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers Therapeutic nurse-patient relationship Interpersonal relationship- Elements of nurse patient contract, Review of technique of IPR- Johari window Therapeutic impasse and its management 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Role Play Process recording Simulation (video) 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of mental health status Essay Short answer OSCE

V	10 (T)	Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	 Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology, Electro Convulsive therapy Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, Meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Group work Practice session Clinical practice 	EssayShort answerObjective type
VI	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing process Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations Follow up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
VII	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders	 Nursing management of patient with mood disorders Prevalence and incidence Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc. Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	 Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

VIII	8 (T)	Describe the	Nursing management of patient with	Lecture and	• Essay
VIII	8 (T)	etiology, psycho- dynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management	Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders • Prevalence and incidence • classifications • Anxiety disorders – OCD, PTSD,	 Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	EssayShort answerAssessment of patient management problems
		of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	 Alixiety disorders – OCD, F13D, Somatoform disorders, Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorders Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/ formulations 		
			 Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		



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MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I & II

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: SEMESTER V & VI

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I – 1 Credit (80 hours)

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II – 2 Credits (160 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psychoeducation
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse disorders in deaddiction centre.

CLINICAL POSTINGS

(8 weeks \times 30 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical Area/	Duration	Learning	Skills/Procedural Competencies	Clinical	Assessment
Unit	(in Weeks)	Outcomes		Requirements	Methods
PsychiatricOPD	2	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observing and assisting in therapies Individual and group psychoeducation Mental hygiene practice education Family psycho-education 	 History taking and Mental status examination – 2 Health education – 1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of health education Assessment of observation report Completion of activity record
Child Guidance clinic	1	 Assess children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others 	 History & mental status examination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency 	 Case work – Observation report of different therapies – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report

Inpatient ward	4	 Assess patients with mental health problems Provide nursing care for patients with variousmental health problems Assist in various therapies Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others 	 History taking Mental status examination (MSE) Neurological examination Assisting in psychometricassessment Recording therapeutic communication Administration of medications Assist Electro-Convulsive Therapy (ECT) Participating in all therapies Preparing patients for Activities of Daily Living (ADL) Conducting admission and discharge counselling Counseling and teaching patients and families 	 Give care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders Case study – 1 Care plan Clinical presentation - 1 Process recording – 2 Maintain drug book 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording Completion of activity record
Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	 Identify patients with various mental disorders Motivate patients for early treatment and follow up Assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre 	 Conduct home visit and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community Observing deaddiction care 	Case work – 1 Observation report on field visits Visit to deaddiction centre	Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	ed Books		
1.	Dr. M. Geetha Srinivas	Mental Health Nursing - I	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Bimala Kapoor	Textbook of Psychiatric Nursing Vol. I&II	Kumar Publishers
Reference	es		
1.	Stuart	Principles and Practice of Psychiatric Nursing	C.B.S Publications
2.	Boyd Mary Ann	Psychiatric Nursing Contemporary Practice	Lippincott Publishers
3.	Mary C Townsend	Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing	F.A Davis & Jaypee Publications

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I

(Including Environmental Science & Epidemiology)

PLACEMENT: V Semester

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) includes Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environmental science. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum. It helps students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiological approach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explore the evolution of public health in India and community health nursing
- 2. Explain the concepts and determinants of health
- 3. Identify the levels of prevention and health problems of India
- 4. Develop basic understanding about the health care planning and the present health care delivery system in India at various levels
- 5. Locate the significance of primary health care and comprehensive primary health care as part of current health care delivery system focus
- 6. Discuss health care policies and regulations in India
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about an overview of environmental science, environmental health and sanitation
- 8. Demonstrate skill in nutritional assessment for different age groups in the community and provide appropriate nutritional counselling
- 9. Provide health education to individuals and families applying the principles and techniques of behavior change appropriate to community settings
- 10. Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts
- 11. Describe the role and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel
- 12. Utilize the knowledge and skills in providing comprehensive primary health care across the life span at various settings
- 13. Make effective home visits applying principles and methods used for home visiting
- 14. Use epidemiological approach in community diagnosis
- 15. Utilize the knowledge of epidemiology, epidemiological approaches in caring for people with communicable and non-communicable diseases
- 16. Investigate an epidemic of communicable diseases
- 17. Assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients for various communicable and non- communicable diseases appropriately at the primary health care level
- 18. Identify and perform the roles and responsibilities of nurses in implementing various national health programs in the community for the prevention, control and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases particularly in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility/First Referral Unit (FRU)

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4 (T)	Define public health, community health and community health nursing Explain the evolution of public health in India and scope of community health nursing Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention Discuss the health	Concepts of Community Health and Community Health Nursing • Definition of public health, community health and community health nursing • Public health in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing • Review: Concepts of Health & Illness/disease: Definition, dimensions and determinants of health and disease • Natural history of disease • Levels of prevention: Primary, Secondary & tertiary prevention—Review • Health problems (Profile) of India	 Lecture Discussion Explain using chart, graphs Community needs assessment (Field survey on identification of demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples 	 Short answer Essay Objective type Survey report
II	8 (T)	problems of India Describe health planning and its steps, and various health plans, and committees Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels Describe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC)	 Health Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels Health planning steps Health planning in India: various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning Health care delivery system in India: Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub-centre (SC), PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level Sustainable development goals (SDGs), Primary Health Care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC): elements, principles CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC) Role of MLHP/CHP 	Lecture Discussion Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC)	 Short answer Essay Evaluation of Field visit reports & presentation

		Explain health care policies and regulations in India	National Health Care Policies and Regulations National Health Policy (1983, 2002, 2017) National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM National Health Protection Mission (NHPM) Ayushman Bharat Universal Health Coverage	Directed reading	
III	15 (T)	Identify the role of an individual in the conservation of natural resources Describe ecosystem, its structure, types and functions Explain the classification, value and threats to biodiversity Enumerate the causes, effects and control measures of environmental pollution Discuss about climate change, global warming, acid rain, and ozone layer depletion Enumerate the role of an individual in creating awareness about	 Environmental Science, Environmental Health, andSanitation Natural resources: Renewable and nonrenewable resources, natural resources and associated problems: Forest resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources Role of individuals in conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles Ecosystem: Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics – Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem Biodiversity: Classification, value of biodiversity, threats to biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity Environmental pollution: Introduction, causes, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards & their impact on health Climate change, global warming: ex. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impact on health Social issues and environment: sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics Acts related to environmental protection and preservation 	 Lecture Discussion Debates on environmental protection and preservation Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides Visits to water supply & 	Short answer • Essay • Field visit reports
		the social issues	Environmental Health & Sanitation	purification sites	

List the Acts related to environmental protection and prosection and prosection and protection and protection and protection and prosection and protection and protection and protection and preservation and prosection and protection and provided an anagement and sanitation of the concept of environmental health and sanitation of Describe water conservation, rain water harvesting and water shed management and water shed management of the community level of the provide nutrition assessment methods at the community level of the community level of the provide nutrition course-ling and elucation to all age groups including therapeutic diet. Provide nutrition course-ling and elucation to all age groups including determined and essemble national nutrition and ediscinct programs and learning and electrothe and perform initial management an				T	
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To To Describe the various nutrition assessment methods at the community level of the plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet		concept of environment health and sanitation Describe wa conservation water harves and water sh	 Concepts of water conservation: rain water harvesting and water shed management Concept of Pollution prevention Air & noise pollution Role of nurse in prevention of pollution Solid waste nagement, human excreta disposal & management and sewage 	disposal and treatment sites, and waste disposal	
various nutrition assessment methods at the community level methods at the community level of community level of methods at the community level of community level of methods at the community level of Meal planning: aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups • Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods • Plan and provide diet plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet • Provide nutrition counseling and education to all age groups and describethe national nutrition programs and • Identify early the food borne diseases and perform initial management and referral • Review of Nutrition • Review of Nutrition • Concepts, types • Market visit • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • Market visit • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • Market visit • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • Muritional assessment for different age groups • Muritional assessment for different age groups • Muritional assessment for different age groups • More visit • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • More visit • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • Evaluation on nutrition sessessment for different age groups • More visit • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • Evaluation on nutrition sessessment for different age groups • More visit • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • Evaluation on nutrition sessessment for different age groups • More visit • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • Evaluation on nutrition sesses and reports assessment for different age groups • Nutritional assessment for different age groups • Evaluation on nutrition sesses and reports assessment for different age groups • Lecture • Discussion • Evaluation on nutrition sesses and reports assessment reports • Lecture • Discussion • Evaluation on on the provide assessment for different age groups • Evaluation on the provide assessment reports • Lecture • Discussion • Evaluati		-			
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		perform initi management referral	classification al and Signs & Symptoms Transmission of food borne pathogens &		

			 Early identification, initial management and referral Food poisoning & food intoxication Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures Public health response to food borne diseases 	 Field visits to milk purification plants, slaughterhouses Refer Nutrition module – BPCCHN Block 2 – unit I & Unit 5 	• Field visit reports
V	6 (T)	Describe behaviour change communication skills Counsel and provide health education to individuals, families and community for promotion of healthy life style practices using appropriate methods and media	Communication management and Health Education Behaviour change communication skills o communication Human behaviour Health belief model: concepts & definition, ways to influence behaviour Steps of behaviour change Techniques of behaviour change: Guiding principles in planning BCC activity Steps of BCC Social and Behaviour Change Communication strategies (SBCC): techniques to collect social history from clients Barriers to effective communication, and methods to overcome them Health promotion and Health education: methods/techniques, and audio-visual aids	 Lecture Discussion Role play Demonstration: BCC skills Supervised field practice Refer: BCC/SBCC module (MoHFW& USAID) 	 Short answer Essay Performance evaluation of healtheducation sessions to individuals and families
VI	7 (T)	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts Describe and identify the activities of community health nurse to promote and maintain family health through home visits	Community health nursing approaches, concepts, roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel Approaches: Nursing process Epidemiological approach Problem solving approach Evidence based approach Empowering people to care for themselves Review: Primary health care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC) Home Visits: Concept, Principles, Process, & Techniques: Bag technique Qualities of Community Health Nurse Roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel in family health services Review: Principles & techniques of counselling	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays Supervised field practice	 Short answer Essays Assessment of supervised field practice

VII	10 (T)	Explain the	Assisting individuals and families to	• Lecture	• Short answer
		specific activities of community	promote and maintain their health	• Discussion	• Essay
		health nurse in	A. Assessment of individuals and families	Demonstration	• Assessment of
		assisting individuals and	(Review from Child health nursing, Medical surgical nursing and OBG	Role plays	clinical performance
		groups to	Nursing) • Assessment of children, women,		in the field
		promote and maintain their	adolescents, elderly etc.		practice area
		health	Children: Monitoring growth and development, milestones		
			Anthropometric measurements, BMI		
			Social development		• Assessment of
			Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring		procedural
			Menstrual cycle		skills in lab procedures
			• Breast self-examination (BSE) and		procedures
			testicles self- examination (TSE)		
			Warning Signs of various diseasesTests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood		
			sugar, Hemoglobin		
			B. Provision of health services/primary health care:		
			Routine check-up, Immunization,		
		Provide primary care at home/	counseling, and diagnosis		
		health centers	Management of common diseases at home and health centre level		
		(HWC) using	o Care based on standing		
		standing orders/ protocols as per	orders/protocols approved by MoH&FW		
		public health standards/approv	 Drugs dispensing and injections at 		
		ed by MoH&FW	health centre		
		and INC regulation	C.Continue medical care and follow up in		
		regulation	community for various diseases/disabilities		
		Develop skill in maintenance of			
		records and	D. Carry out therapeutic procedures as prescribed/required for client and family		
		reports	E. Maintenance of health records and reports		
		Develop beginning skills	Maintenance of client records		
		in handling social issues affecting	Maintenance of health records at the facility level		
		the health and	Report writing and documentation of	Document and	
		development of	activities carried out during home visits,	maintain:	 Evaluation of records and
		the family	in the clinics/centers and field visits	Individual records	records and reports
		Identify and	F. Sensitize and handle social issues		•
		assist the families to utilize the	affecting health and development of the	Family records	
		community	family	Health	
		resources	Women empowerment	centerrecords	
		appropriately	Women and child abuse		
		1			

			• Abuse of elders		
			• Female foeticide		
			• Commercial sex workers		
			Substance abuse		
			G. Utilize community resources for client and family		
			• Trauma services		
			• Old age homes		
			• Orphanages		
			Homes for physically challenged individuals		
			Homes for destitute	Field visits	Evaluation of
			• Palliative care centres	o Tield Visits	field visit reports
			Hospice care centres		Topons
			Assisted living facility		
VIII	10 (T)	Describe the concepts, approaches and	Introduction to Epidemiology – Epidemiological Approaches and Processes	Lecture Discussion	Short answerEssay
		methods of epidemiology	Epidemiology: Concept and Definition	Demonstration	• Report on visit
		cpideimology	Distribution and frequency of disease	Role play	communicable
			Aims & uses of epidemiology	• Field visits: communicable	disease
		Investigate an	Epidemiological models of causation of disease	disease hospital & Entomology office	hospitalReport on visit to entomology
		epidemic of	• Concepts of disease transmission		office
		communicable disease	Modes of transmission: Direct, Indirect and chain of infection		Report and
			Time trends or fluctuations in disease occurrence		presentation on investigating
			Epidemiological approaches: Descriptive, analytical and experimental		an epidemic of communicable
			 Principles of control measures/levels of prevention of disease 		disease
			Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease		
			Use of basic epidemiological tools to make community diagnosis for effective planning and intervention	Investigation of an epidemic ofcommunicable disease	

St. To Explain the epidemiology of specific communicable Discases Vector born discases (Every disease will be deal't under the following headings)		1	T			,
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Prevention & control measures				Epidemiology of Zoonotic diseases		
				• Prevention & control measures		

	Identify the national health programs relevant to communicable diseases and explain the role of nurses in implementation of these programs	 Screening and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management and referral to a health facility Role of a nurses in control of communicable diseases National Health Programs UIP: Universal Immunization Program (Diphtheria, Whooping cough, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis, Measles and Hepatitis B) National Leprosy Eradication Program (NLEP) Revised National Tuberculosis Control Program (RNTCP) Integrated Disease Surveillance Program (IDSP): Enteric fever, Diarrhea, Respiratory infections and Scabies National Aids Control Organization (NACO) National Vector Borne Disease Control Program National Air Quality Monitoring 		
		7. National Air Quality Monitoring Program		
		8. Any other newly added program		
X 15 (T)	Describe the national health program for the control of non-communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility	Non-Communicable Diseases and National Health Program (NCD) National response to NCDs (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines Epidemiology of specific diseases Prevention and control measures Screening, diagnosing/ identification and primary management, referral and follow up care NCD-1 Diabetes Mellitus Hypertension Cardiovascular diseases Stroke & Obesity Blindness: Categories of visual impairment and national program for control of blindness Deafness: national program for prevention and control of deafness Thyroid diseases Injury and accidents: Risk factors for Road traffic injuries and operational guidelines for trauma care facility on highways	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with noncommunicable diseases 	 Field visit reports Assessment of family case study OSCE assessment Short answer Essay

			NCD-2 Cancers		
			Role of a nurse in non- communicable disease control program		
			 National Health Programs National program for prevention and control of cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) National program for control of blindness National program for prevention and control of deafness National tobacco control program 	Participationin national health programs	
			Standard treatment protocols used in National Health Programs		
XI	3 (T)	Enumerate the school health activities and the role functions of a school health nurse	School Health Services Objectives Health problems of school children Components of school health services Maintenance of school health records Initiation and planning of school health services Role of a school health nurse	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answer Essay Evaluation of health counseling to school children Screen, diagnose, manage and refer school children
					OSCE assessment

Note: Lab hours less than 1 Credit is not specified separately.

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I

(Including Environmental Science & Epidemiology)

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL: 2 Credits (160 hours)

CLINICAL POSTINGS: (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Urban	2 weeks	Build and maintain rapport	Interviewing skills using communication and interpersonal relationship	• Community needs assessment/ Survey- Rural/urban – 1 Field visits:	Evaluation of survey reportEvaluation of
Rural	2 Weeks	Identify the socio- demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community	Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify health determinants of a community	 SC/HWC, PHC, CHC Water resources & purification site – water quality standards Rain water harvesting 	field visit and observation reports
				Sewage disposal	
		Observe the functioning and	Observation skills	Observation of	
		document significant observations	- Observation skins	milk diaryslaughterhouse – meat hygiene	
				• Observation of nutrition programs	
				• Visit to market	
		Perform nutritional assessment and plan diet plan for adult	Nutritional assessment skills	 Nutritional assessment of an individual (adult) 1 	Health talk evaluation
				 Health teaching (Adult) – 1 	
		Educate individuals/ family/community	Skill in teaching individual/family on:	• Use of audio- visual aids	
		on	 Nutrition, including food hygiene and safety 	Flash cards	
		- Nutrition	Healthy lifestyle	o Posters	
		-Hygiene -Food hygiene	 Health promotion 	o Flannel graph	
		- Healthy lifestyle		o Flip charts	
		-Health promotion			

I	I	1		
	Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups	Health assessment including nutritional assessment for clients of different age groups	 Health assessment of woman – 1, infant/under five – 1, adolescent – 1, adult – 1 Growth monitoring of under-five 	Assessment of clinical performance
	Maintain records and reports	Documentation skills	children – 1 Document and maintain: Individual record Family record Health center	
			record • Community health survey to investigate an epidemic – 1	
	Investigate epidemic of communicable disease Identify prevalent communicable and	 Investigating an epidemic – Community health survey Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and 	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral: • Communicable	• Evaluations of reports & records
	non- communicable diseases Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common	referral of high-risk clients to FRUs Conduct home visit	 disease – 1 Non-communicable diseases – 1 Home visits – 2 	
	health problems in the community and refer high risk clients using standing orders/protocols		Participation in any two national health programs	
	Participate in implementation of national health programs	Participation in implementation of national health programs	Participation in school health program – 1	 Clinical performance assessment OSCE Final clinical examination
	Participate in school health program	Participation in school health program		Evaluation of home visit

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books		
1.	T.Theresamma	Textbook of Community Health Nursing	Nightingale Publishers
2.	J.E.Park	Preventive & Social Medicine	BanarsidasBhanot
Reference	es		
1.	Susan Clement	Comprehensive Community Health Nursing	
2.	Kamalam.s	Essentials of Community Health Nursing Practice	Jaypee Publications
3.	Stanhope	Foundation Community Health Nursing	



EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/ NURSING EDUCATION

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Practical: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Identify the latest approaches to education and learning
- 3. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- 4. Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and generational needs
- 5. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 6. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- 7. Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles
- 8. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 9. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 10. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 11. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 12. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that can measure knowledge and competence of students
- 13. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 14. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counselling
- 15. Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 16. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T) Practical(P) (Laboratory)

Unit		me rs)	Learning Outcomes	s Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P/L	Learning Outcomes	Content	Activities	Methods
I	6	3	Explain the definition, aims,	Introduction and Theoretical Foundations:	Lecture cum discussion	• Quiz
				Foundations: Education and educational		Assessment of Assignment: • Learning theories – analysis of any one
				 Frinciples of teaching and learning Barriers to teaching and learning Learning theories 		
				• Latest approaches to learning		
				 Experiential learning Reflective learning		
				o Scenario based learning		
				 Simulation based learning 		
				o Blended learning		

6 (qualities/attribute s of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty Explain the determinants of	Assessment and Planning Assessment of teacher • Essential qualities of a teacher • Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator	 Lecture cum discussion Self-assessment exercise: Identify your learning style 	Short answerObjective type
	initiates self- assessment to identify own learning style	 Assessment of learner Types of learners Determinants of learning – learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles Today's generation of learners and their skills and attributes 	using any learning style inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory) Lecture cum discussion	
	Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing	 Emotional intelligence of the learner Motivational factors – personal factors, environmental factors and support system Curriculum Planning Curriculum – definition, types Curriculum design – components, approaches 		
	development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan	 Curriculum development – factors influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing course plan, unit plan and lesson plan 	 Individual/group exercise: Writing learning outcomes Preparation of a lesson plan 	Assessment of Assignment: • Individual/ Group
8 1	5 Explain the principles and strategies of classroom management	 Implementation Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab Teaching Methods Classroom management- principles and strategies Classroom communication Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication 	Lecture cum Discussion Practice Academy (Misses)	Short answerObjective type
		qualities/attribute s of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self-assessment to identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan Explain the principles and strategies of classroom	qualities/attributes of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self-assessment to identify own learning style Identify own learning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan Is placed by the factors influencing curriculum development Bessensent of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of teacher Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Assessment of learner Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator Teaching styles – Torday's generation of learners and their skills and attributes Curriculum Planning Curriculum development, facilitators and barriers Writing learning outcomes/ behavioral objectives Basic principles of writing course	qualities/attribute s of a teacher Describe the teaching styles of faculty Explain the determinants of learning and initiates self-assessment to identify own learning style Earning style Identify the factors that motivate the learner Define curriculum and classify types Identify the factors influencing curriculum development Develop skill in writing learning outcomes, and lesson plan Develop sand strategies of classroom management Is plain the determinants of learner authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator It pesson faculty Explain the determinants of learners It pesson faculty It pesson fearner It pesson fearner

		Describe different methods/strategie s of teaching and develop beginning skill in using various teaching methods Explain active learning strategies and participate actively in team and collaborative learning	o Information communication technology (ICT) – ICT used in education Teaching methods – Features, advantages and disadvantages • Lecture, Group discussion, microteaching • Skill lab – simulations, Demonstration & redemonstration • Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions • Role play, project • Field trips • Self-directed learning (SDL) • Computer assisted learning • One-to-one instruction Active learning strategies • Team based learning • Problem based learning • Problem based learning • Peer sharing • Case study analysis • Journaling • Debate • Gaming	teaching • Exercise (Peer teaching) • Patient teaching session • Construction of game – puzzle • Teaching in groups— interdisciplinary	Assessme nt of microteac hing
IV	3	3 Enumerate the factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	 Inter-professional education Teaching in the Clinical Setting – Teaching Methods Clinical learning environment Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences Practice model Characteristics of effective clinical teacher Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies Clinical teaching strategies – patient assignment – clinical conference, clinical presentation/bedside clinic, Case study/care study, nursing rounds, concept mapping, project, debate, game, role play, PBL, questioning, written assignment, process recording 	Lecture cum discussion Writing clinical outcomes — assignments in pairs	Short answer Assessme nt of written assignmen t

V	5	5	Explain the	Educational/Teaching Media	• Lecture cum	• Short
'			purpose,	Media use – Purpose,	discussion	answer
			principles and	components, principles and steps		• Objective
			steps in the use of media	Types of media		type
				Still visuals		
			Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages	 Non projected – drawings & diagrams, charts, graphs, posters, cartoons, board devices (chalk/white board, bulletin board, flannel board, flip charts, flash cards, still pictures/photographs, printed materials-handout, leaflet, brochure, flyer 		
			Develop skill in preparing and using media	 Projected – film stripes, microscope, power point slides, overhead projector 		
				Moving visuals		
				 Video learning resources – videotapes & DVD, blu-ray, USB flash drive 	• Preparation of different teaching aids – (Integrate with practice	• Assessme nt of the teaching
				o Motion pictures/films	teaching	media
				Realia and models	sessions)	prepared
				o Real objects & Models		
				Audio aids/audio media		
				o Audiotapes/Compact discs		
				o Radio & Tape recorder		
				o Public address system		
				o Digital audio		
				Electronic media/computer learning resources		
				o Computers		
				Web-based videoconferencing		
				E-learning, Smart classroom		
				Telecommunication (Distance education)		
				 Cable TV, satellite broadcasting, videoconferencing Telephones – Telehealth/telenursing 		
				Mobile technology		

VI	5 3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in selection of evaluation methods and	Assessment/Evaluation Methods/Strategies • Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types	Lecture cum discussion	Short answerObjective type
				• Exercise on constructing assessment tool/s	Assessmen t of tools prepared
			 Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning: Interpretive questions, hot spot questions, drag and drop and ordered response questions 		

VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and	Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline Guidance Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles Roles of academic advisor/ faculty in guidance Counseling Difference between guidance and counseling Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling Counseling skills/techniques – basics Roles of counselor Organization of counseling services Issues for counselinginnursing students Discipline and grievance in students Managing disciplinary/grievance problems – preventive guidance &counseling	Lecture cum discussion Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling	 Assessment of performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment
VIII	4	2	grievance among students Recognize the importance of value- based education Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	 Role of students' grievance redressal cell/committee Ethics and Evidence Based Teaching (EBT) in Nursing Education Ethics – Review Definition of terms Value based education in nursing Value development strategies Ethical decision making Ethical standards for students Student-faculty relationship Evidence based teaching – Introduction Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education 	Value clarification exercise Case study analysis (student encountered scenarios) and suggest ethical decision-making steps Lecture cum discussion	Short answer Evaluation of case study analysis Quiz – MCQ

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher				
Prescribed Books							
1.	Suresh K. Sharma	T.B. of C.E.T.	Elsevier				
2.	K.P. Neeraja	C.E.T	Jaypee Brothers				
3.	I.Clement	Textbook of Communication and Education Technology					
Reference	es						
1.	Vanitha Vani	Educational Technology/ Nursing Education	Nightingale Publishers				
2.	Sampath & Panner Salwon	Introduction to Education Technology	Sterling				



INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER
THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedures

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	3 (T)	Describe the nature of forensic science and discus issues concerning violence	Forensic Science Definition History Importance in medical science Forensic Science Laboratory Violence Definition Epidemiology Source of data Sexual abuse – child and women	Lecture cum discussion Visit to Regional Forensic Science Laboratory	Quiz – MCQ Write visit report
П	2 (T)	Explain concepts of forensic nursing and scope of practice for forensic nurse	 Forensic Nursing Definition History and development Scope – setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties Ethical issues Roles and responsibilities of nurse INC & SNC Acts 	Lecture cum discussion	Short answerObjective type

III	7 (T)	Identify members	Forensic Team	•	Lecture cum	Objective type
		of forensic team and describe role	Members and their roles		Discussion	• Short answer
		of forensic nurse				
			Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family			
			Physical aspects		Hypothetical/real	
			Psychosocial aspects		case presentation	
			Cultural and spiritual aspects		-	
			Legal aspects			
			Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice			
			 Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence 			
			Responsibilities of nurse as a witness	•	Observation of post- mortem	
			reesponsionness of naise as a winness		post- mortem	
			Evidence preservation – role of nurses			
			Observation			
			Recognition		Visit to	• Write report
			• Collection		department of	
			 Preservation Documentation of Biological and other		forensic medicine	
			Documentation of Biological and other evidence related to criminal/traumatic event			
			Forwarding biological samples for	4		
			forensic examination			
IV	3 (T)	Describe fundamental	Introduction of Indian Constitution	•	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		rights and human	Fundamental Rights		discussion	
		rights	Rights of victim		W7.::44 a.u.	• Assessment of
		commission	Rights of accused	•	Written Assignment	written assignment
			Human Rights Commission	•	Visit to prison	• Write visit report
V	5 (T)	Explain Indian	Sources of laws and law-making powers		Lecture cum	• Quiz
		judicial system and laws	Overview of Indian Judicial System		discussion	
			JMFC (Judicial Magistrate First Class)			~-
			• District	•	Guided reading	Short answer
			• State			
			• Apex			
			Civil and Criminal Case Procedures			
			• IPC (Indian Penal Code)	•	Lecture cum	
			• ICPC		discussion	
		Discuss the	• IE Act (Indian Evidence Act)			
		importance of POSCO Act	Overview of POSCO Act			

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
1.		Introduction To Forensic Nursing And Indian Laws	



SIXTH SEMESTER

- I. CHILD HEALTH NURSING II
- II. MENTAL HEALTH NURSING II
- III. NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP
- IV. Nursing Management & Leadership: CLINICAL PRACTICUM
- V. MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG)
 NURSING I (Including SBA Module)
- VI. Midwifery / Obstetrics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing-I: CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with Cardiovascular, GI, genitourinary, nervous system disorders, orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
1	20 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and nervous system	 Cardiovascular system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and Acyanotic (ASD, VSD, PDA, TOF) Others: Rheumatic fever and Rheumatic heart disease, Congestive cardiac failure Hematological conditions: Congenital: Hemophilia, Thalassemia Others: Anemia, Leukemia, Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, Hodgkins and non- hodgkins lymphoma Gastro-intestinal system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations. Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft palate, Congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis, Hirschsprungs disease (Megacolon), Anorectal malformation, Malabsorption syndrome, Abdominal wall defects, Hernia Others: Gastroenteritis, Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein energy malnutrition, Intestinal obstruction, Hepatic diseases, intestinal parasites Genitourinary urinary system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations. Congenital: Wilms tumor, Extropy of bladder, Hypospadias, Epispadias, Obstructive uropathy Others: Nephrotic syndrome, Acute 	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration and practice session	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist

	T		-1111111		
			glomerulonephritis, renal failure		
			Nervous system: • Identification and Nursing management of		
			congenital malformations		
			a) Congenital: Spina bifida,		
			Hydrocephalous.		
			b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis,		
			Convulsive disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head injury		
			seizures), Cerebrai paisy nead injury		
II	10 (T)	Describe the	Orthopedic disorders:	• Lecture cum	Short answer
**		etiology,	• Club foot	discussion	Objective type
		pathophysiology,	Hip dislocation and	Demonstration	
		clinical manifestation and	• Fracture	Practice session	Assessment ofskills with
		nursing		Clinical practice	checklist
		management of	Disorder of eye, ear and skin:		
		children with	Refractory errors		
		Orthopedic disorders, eye,	Otitis media and		
		ear and skin	Atopic dermatitis		
		disorders	Communicable diseases in children, their		
			identification/ diagnosis, nursing		
		Explain the preventive	management in hospital, in home, control & prevention:		
		measures and	• Tuberculosis		
		strategies for	Diphtheria		
		children with	• Tetanus		
		communicable diseases	Pertussis		
		diseases	Poliomyelitis		
			• Measles		
			Mumps, and		
			Chickenpox		
			• HIV/AIDS		
			Dengue fever		
			• COVID-19		
III	10 (T)	Describe the management of	Management of behavior and social problems in children	Lecture cum discussion	• Short answer
		children with	Child Guidance clinic		Objective type
		behavioral&		Field visits to child guidance	• Assessment of
		social problems	Common behavior disorders in children and management	clinics, school for	field reports
				mentally &	
		Identify the	o Enuresis and Encopresis	physically, socially	
		social & welfare	o Nervousness	challenged	
		services for	o Nail biting	6	
		challenged children	o Thumb sucking		
			o Temper tantrum		
			o Stealing		
			o Aggressiveness		
			o Juvenile delinquency		
			School phobia		
			1	<u> </u>	1

1	
	o Learning disability
	Psychiatric disorders in children and
	management
	o Childhood schizophrenia
	o Childhood depression
	o Conversion reaction
	o Posttraumatic stress disorder
	Autistic spectrum disorders
	Eating disorder in children and
	management
	o Obesity
	o Anorexia nervosa
	o Bulimia
	Management of challenged children.
	o Mentally
	o Physically
	o Socially
	o Child abuse,
	o Substance abuse
	Welfare services for challenged children in
	India

Note: Please refer page No. 140 for CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II - CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher					
Prescribe	Prescribed Books							
1.	Prof. P. Krupasanthosham	Child Health Nursing -II	Nightingale Publishers					
2.	Wong	Essentials of Paediatric Nursing	C.B.S Publications					
Reference	s							
1.	DorathyR.Marlow	Text Book of Paediatric Nursing	Elsevier					
2.	Hocken Berry Marlin.J	Essentials of Paediatric Nursing						
3.	Parul Dutta	Paediatric Nursing	Jaypee Publications					

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER
THEORY: 1 Credit (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meet psychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with substance use disorders, and personality and sexual disorders.
- 2. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with behavioural and emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence.
- 3. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders.
- 4. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies.
- 5. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision.
- 6. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017.
- 7. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	 Nursing Management of Patients with Substance Use Disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamics/etiology of substance use disorder (Terminologies: Substance Use, Abuse, Tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) Diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for vulnerable population Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

II	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders	Nursing Management of Patient with Personality and Sexual Disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental health assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
Ш	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing Management of Behavioural & Emotional Disorders occurring during Childhood and Adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorders, learning disorder) • Prevalence and incidence • Classifications • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations • Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability • Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
IV	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.	Nursing Management of Organic Brain Disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders) • Prevalence and incidence • Classification • Etiology, psychopathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis • Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment • Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders • Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

V	6 (T)	Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention	Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis Intervention Types of psychiatric emergencies (attempted suicide, violence/ aggression, stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s) Types of crisis Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model Coping enhancement Techniques of counseling	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	Short answer Objective type
VI	4 (T)	Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of the nurse	 Legal Issues in Mental Health Nursing Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The Mental Health Act 1987 (Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017 Rights of mentally ill clients Forensic psychiatry and nursing Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017 	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion 	 Short answer Objective type
VII	5 (T)	Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy National Mental Health Program Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalization Model of Preventive psychiatry Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses' responsibilities Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc.	 Lecture cum discussion Clinical/ field practice Field visits to mental health service agencies 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

Note: Please refer page no. 154 for Mental Health Nursing - II CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books		
1.	Dr. M. Geetha Srinivas	Mental Health Nursing - II	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Bimala Kapoor	Textbook of Psychiatric Nursing Vol. I&II	Kumar Publishers
Reference	es		
1.	Stuart	Principles and Practice of Psychiatric Nursing	C.B.S Publications
2.	Boyd Mary Ann	Psychiatric Nursing Contemporary Practice	Lippincott Publishers
3. Mary C Townsend		Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing	F.A Davis & Jaypee Publications



NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: VI Semester

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours) includes Lab/Skill Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India.
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing.
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital.
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education.
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit.
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control.
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies.
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies.
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities.
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process.
- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress.
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities.
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum.
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education.
- 15. Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T)

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	1 (T)	Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends	 Health Care and Development of Nursing Services in India Current health care delivery system of India – review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management 	Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment	Short answerAssessment of assignment
II	2 (T)	Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing	 Management Basics Applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration 	Lecture and discussion	MCQShort answer

			F4:		
			• Functions of management		
		Describe the	Principles of management		
		introductory concepts of	Role of a nurse as a manager		
		management as a	Introduction to Management Process		
		process	Planning		
			Organizing		
			Staffing		
			Directing/Leading		
			Controlling		
			MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SE	ERVICES	
Ш	4 (T)	Describe the	Planning Nursing Services	Lecture and	• Formulate
		essential elements of planning	Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives	Discussion Visit to specific	Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing
			Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals	hospital/ patient care units • Demonstration of	department/ unit • Assessmentof problem solving
			Functional and operational planningStrategic planning	disaster drill in the respective setting	exercises • Visit Report
			Program planning – Gantt chart & milestone chart		
			• Budgeting – concepts, principles, types,		
			Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis		
			Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward)		
			Planning for emergency and disaster		
IV	4 (T)	Discuss the	Organizing	• Lecture cum	Short answer
		concepts of organizing including hospital	Organizing as a process – assignment, delegation and coordination	• Comparison of	• Assessment of assignment
		organization	Hospital – types, functions & organization	organizational structure of various organizations	
			Organizational development	Nursing care delivery	
			Organizational structure	systems – assignment	
			Organizational charts	• Preparation of	
			Organizational effectiveness	Organizational chart	
			Hospital administration, Control & line of authority	of hospital/ Nursing services	
			Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices		
			Nursing care delivery systems and trends		
			Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate		

V	significate human resident managen (HRM) a material managen discuss it	significance of human resource management (HRM) and material management and discuss its elements Explain the	 Staffing (Human resource management) Definition, objectives, components and functions Staffing & Scheduling Staffing – Philosophy, staffing activities Recruiting, selecting, deployment Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation Staffing units – Projecting staffing requirements/calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system 	•	Lecture and discussion Role play Games self-assessment, case discussion and practice session Calculation of staffing requirements for a specified ward Visitto inventory store of the institution	do di ca w sy • Pi di	ormulate Job escription at ifferent levels of are & compare ith existing ystem reparation of atty roster
		procedural steps of material management Develop managerial skill in inventory control and actively participate in procurement process	 Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels Assignment and nursing care responsibilities Turnover and absenteeism Staff welfare Discipline and grievances In-Service Education Nature and scope of in-service education program Principles of adult learning – review Planning and organizing in-service educational program Methods, techniques and evaluation Preparation of report Material Resource Management Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control & role of nurse Auditing and maintenance in hospital 		of the institution	Problem of the control of the contro	reparation of IMF/records reparation of log ook & ondemnation ocuments risit Report
VI	5 (T)	Describe the important methods of supervision and guidance	and patient care unit Directing and Leading Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter-professional collaboration Management by objectives Team management Assignments, rotations Maintenance of discipline Leadership in management		Lecture and discussion Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments	R R m nr de	assignment on eports & ecords an aintained in ursing epartment/ reparation of rotocols and nanuals

VII	4 (T)	Discuss the	Leadership	Lecture cum	Short answer
111	. (1)	significance and	Definition, concepts, and theories	discussion	• Essay
		changing trends of nursing leadership	Leadership principles and	 Self-assessment 	• Assessment of
		nursing leadership	competencies	• Report on types of	exercise/repor t
			Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational	leadership adopted at different levels of	1
		Analyze the	leadership	health care in the	
		different leadership styles and develop	Methods of leadership development	given setting	
		leadership	Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing	• Problem solving/	
		competencies	• Delegation, power & politics,	Conflict management exercise	
			empowerment, mentoring and	Observation of	
			coachingDecision making and problem solving	managerial roles at	
			Conflict management and negotiation	different levels	
			Implementing planned change	(middle level mangers-ward	
			implementing planned entange	incharge, ANS)	
VIII	4 (T)	Explain the process	Controlling	Lecture cum	• Assessment of
		of controlling and	• Implementing standards, policies,	discussion	prepared
		its activities	procedures, protocols and practices	• Preparation of	protocols
			Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction	policies/ protocols for nursing units/	
			Nursing rounds, Documentation –	department	
			records and reports	1	
			Total quality management – Quality		
			assurance, Quality and safety		
			Performance appraisal		
			• Program evaluation review technique (PERT)		
			Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt)		
			chart)		
			Critical path analysis		
IX	4 (T)	Explain the	Organizational Behavior and Human	Lecture and	Short answer
		concepts of	Relations	discussion	• OSCE
		organizational behavior and group	Concepts and theories of organizational behaviour	• Role play/ exercise –	
		dynamics	Group dynamics	Group dynamics & human relations	
			Review – Interpersonal relationship	numan relations	
			Human relations		
			Public relations in the context of		
			nursing		
			Relations with professional		
			associations and employee unions		
			Collective bargainingReview – Motivation and morale		
			building		
			Communication in the workplace –		
			assertive communication		
			Committees – importance in the		
L			organization, functioning		

X	2 (T)	Describe the	Financial Management	Lecture cum	Short answer
		financial management related to nursing services	• Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of financial management	discussion • Budget proposal review	EssayAssessment of assignment
			• Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department)	• Preparation of budget proposal for a specific	accignation.
			 Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for – Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units Budget and Budgetary process 	department	
			Financial audit		
XI	1 (T)	Review the concepts, principles and methods and	Nursing Informatics/ Information Management – Review • Patient records	Review Practice session	Short answer
		use of nursing informatics	Nursing records	Visit to departments	
			• Use of computers in hospital, college and community		
			Telemedicine & Tele nursing		
			• Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR		
XII	1 (T)	Review personal	Personal Management – Review	• Review	
		management in terms of	Emotional intelligence	• Discussion	
		management of	Resilience building		
		emotions, stress and resilience	• Stress and time management – destressing		
		MAN	Career planning Career planning		
*****	4 (77)		AGEMENT OF NURSING EDUCATION		T7* */
XIII	4(1)	Describe the process of	Establishment of Nursing Educational Institutions	 Lecture and discussion 	Visit report
		establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	• Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines – Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines	Visit to one of the regulatory bodies	
			Coordination with regulatory bodies – INC and State Nursing Council		
			Accreditation – Inspections		
			Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations		

XIV	4 (T)	Explain the	Planning and Organizing	Directed reading –	Short answer
		planning and organizing functions of a nursing college	 Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college Organization structure of school/college Review – Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities – master plan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning – faculty, staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities – college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, computer lab, transport facilities Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative Committees and functioning Clinical experiences 	 INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment – writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation 	Essay Assessment of assignment
XV	4 (T)	Develop understanding of staffing the college and selecting the students	Staffing and Student Selection • Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description • Performance appraisal • Faculty development • Faculty/staff welfare • Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement	 Guided reading on faculty norms Faculty welfare activities report Writing job description of tutors 	 Short answer Activity report Assessment of job description
XVI	4 (T)	Analyze the leadership and management activities in an educational organization	 Directing and Controlling Review – Curriculum implementation and evaluation Leadership and motivation, supervision – review Guidance and counseling Quality management – educational audit Program evaluation, evaluation of performance Maintaining discipline Institutional records and reports – administrative, faculty, staff and students 	Review principles of evaluation Assignment – Identify disciplinary problems among students Writing student record	Short answer Assessment of assignment and record

XVII	4 (T)	Identify various legal issues and	PROFESSIONAL CONSIDERATIONS		
		laws relevant to nursing practice	Review – Legal and Ethical Issues		
		naising practice	Nursing as a profession – Characteristics of a professional nurse		
			• Nursing practice – philosophy, aim and objectives		
			• Regulatory bodies – INC and SNC constitution and functions		
			Review – Professional ethics		
			Code of ethics and professional conduct – INC & ICN		
			• Practice standards for nursing – INC		
			• International Council for Nurses (ICN)		
			Legal aspects in nursing:		
			Consumer protection act, patient rights		
			Legal terms related to practice, legalsystem – types of law, tort law & liabilities		
			Laws related to nursing practice – negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties		
			Invasion of privacy, defamation of character		
			Nursing regulatory mechanisms – registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practitioner/specialist nursing practice		
XVIII	2 (T)		Professional Advancement	Prepare journal list Training India	• Assessment of
		opportunities for professional	Continuing Nursing Education	available in India Write an article –	assignments
		advancement	Career opportunities	research/ clinical	
			 Membership with professional organizations – national and international 		
			• Participation in research activities		
			• Publications – journals, newspaper		

Note: Less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 2 Credits (80 hours) 2 weeks \times 40 hours per week = 80 hours

Practice Competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching
- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE end of posting

CLINICAL POSTING: Management experience in hospital & college.

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribed	Books		
1.	Vanitha Vani. K	Management of Nursing Services & Education	Nightingale Publishers
2.	K. P. NeerajaBasavanthappa	Nursing Administration	
Reference			
1.	Rowland & Rowland	Nursing Administration Handbook	
2.	Malealm	Hospital Organization and Management	
3.	Alexander	Nursing Service Administration	
4.	Stone Sandra etal	Management for Nurses	
5.	Patel	Nursing Administration A System Approach	
6.	Gillies D.A.	Nursing Management A System Approach	W.B. Sanders
7.	Heidgarken	Teaching and Learning in School of Nursing Principles and Methods	Konark
8.	Grant Colin	Hospital Management	
9.	TNAI	Nursing Administration and Management	
10.	Goddard N.A.	Principles of Administration Applied to Nursing Service	
11.	Marriner J. Ann	Guide to Nursing Management and Leadership	Mosby

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

(INCLUDING SBA MODULE)

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T) Skill Lab/LabSL/LClinical(C)

Uni t	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Explain the history and current scenario of midwifery in India Review vital health indicators	 Introduction to midwifery History of midwifery in India Current scenario: Trends of maternity care in India Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and transformative midwifery practice in India Vital health indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate, Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates Maternal death audit 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	Short answerObjective typeEssayQuiz

				T	
		Describe the various national health programs related to RMNCH+A Identify the trends and issues in midwifery	 National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health) Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing: Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) Midwifery-led care units (MLCU) Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) Universal rights of child-bearing women Sexual and reproductive health and rights Women's expectations & choices about care Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India: INC/MOH&FW regulations ICM code of ethics Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal 		
		Discuss the legal and ethical issues relevant	Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers		
		to midwifery practice	Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/ community)		
77	(T)	Daview 41:	Scope of practice for midwives	- I actuma	- Oviz
II	` '	Review the	Anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception	• Lecture	• Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and physiology of	(Maternal, Fetal&Newborn physiology)	• Discussion	• Short answer
		human	Review:	Self-directed learning	• Essay
		reproductive	Female organs of reproduction	• Models	
		system	• Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations	• Videos & films	
			• Foetal skull – bones, sutures, fontanelles, diameters, moulding		
			Fetopelvic relationship		
			Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiona		
			hygiene • Fertilization, conception and implantation		
			Embryological development		
			Placental development and function, placental barrier		
			Fetal growth and development		
			Fetal circulation & nutrition		

12 (T)		Assessment and management of normal	• Lecture	Short answer
10 (L)		pregnancy (ante-natal):	Discussion	Objective type
40 (C)	Provide	Pre-pregnancy Care	Demonstration	Assessment of skil
	preconception care to eligible	Review of sexual development (Self Learning)	Self-Learning	with check listCase study
	couples	Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning)	Health talkRole play	evaluation
		Preconception care	Counseling session	• OSCE
		Pre-conception counseling (including awareness regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (Self Learning)		
		Planned parenthood		
		Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters)	• Case discussion/	
		Normal pregnancy	presentation	
	Describe the	Physiological changes during pregnancy	• Simulation	
	physiology, assessment and	Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis	• Supervised clinical practice	
	management of normal	of pregnancy – Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests		
	pregnancy	Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition		
		Building partnership with women following RMC protocol		
		Fathers' engagement in maternity care		
		Ante-natal care:		
		1st Trimesters		
	Demonstrate knowledge,	Antenatal assessment: History taking,		
	attitude and skills of	physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation		
	midwifery	Identification and management of minor		
	practice throughout	discomforts of pregnancyAntenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	• Refer SBA module &	
	1st,2nd and	Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes,	Safe motherhoodbooklet	
	3 rd trimesters	nutrition, shared decision making, risky	motherhoodbookiet	
		behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.)	• Lab tests –	
		Danger signs during pregnancy	performance and	
		Respectful care and compassionate	interpretation	
		communication	Demonstration	
		Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines	Roleplay	
		Role of Doula/ASHAs		
		II Trimester		
		Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and		

pinnard'sstethoscope Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests. Antenatal care • Demonstration of Women centered care antenatal assessment Respectful care and compassionate communication • Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc. • Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester • Rh negative and prophylactic anti D • Referral and collaboration, empowerment Ongoing risk assessment • Maternal Mental Health

- III Trimester
- Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope
- Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester
- Third trimester tests and screening
- Fetal engagement in late pregnancy
- Childbirth preparation classes
- Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning
- Danger signs of pregnancy recognition of ruptured membranes
- Education on alternative birthing positions women's preferred choices, birth companion
- Ongoing risk assessment
- Cultural needs
- Women centered care
- Respectful and compassionate communication
- Health education on exclusive breastfeeding
- Role of Doula/ASHA's

Scenario based learning

- Lecture
- Simulation
- Role play
- Refer GoI Guidelines
- Health talk
- Counseling session
- Demonstration of birthing positions
- Workshop on alternative birthing positions

		I	1 -	Ι_
	(T) Apply the physiology of	Physiology, management and care during labour	• Lecture	• Essay type
12	(L) labour in	Normal labour and birth	 Discussion 	Short answer
80	(C) promoting		Demonstration	Objective type
	normal childbirth	Onset of birth/labour	Bedside clinics	Case study
		Per vaginal examination (if necessary)	• Case discussion/	evaluation
	Describe the	Stages of labour	presentation	Assessment of skills with check list
	management	• Organization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth	Simulated practice	• OSCE
	and care during labour	Positive birth environment	 Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal 	
	labour	Respectful care and communication	examination,	
			Conduction of	
		Drugs used in labour as per GoI guidelines	normal childbirth Refer SBA module	
	Discuss how to	Fist Stage	LaQshya guidelines	
	maintain a safe	Physiology of normal labour	Dakshata guidelines	
	environment for labour	Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide		
		Assessing and monitoring fetal well being		
		Evidence based care during 1st stage of labour		
	Work effectively for	Pain management in labour (non- pharmacological)	D.C. ENDC NCCV	
	pain	Psychological support – Managing fear	Refer ENBC, NSSK module	
	management during labour	Activity and ambulation during first stage	Demonstration	
	8	of labour	Group work	
		Nutrition during labour	Scenario based	
		Promote positive childbirth experience for women	lerning	
		Birth companion		
		Role of Doula/ASHA's		
		Second stage		
		Physiology (Mechanism of labour)		
		Signs of imminent labour		
	Discuss how the midwife	Intrapartum monitoring		
	provides care	Birth position of choice		
	and support for	Vaginal examination		
	the women during birth to	Psychological support		
	enhance	Non-directive coaching		
	physiological birthing and promote normal birth	Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of normal childbirth		
	onui	• Essential newborn care (ENBC)		
		Immediate assessment and care of the		
	Assess and	- ininiculate assessment and care of the		

		provide care of	newborn		
		the newborn	Role of Doula/ASHA's		
		immediately	Third Stage		
		following birth	3	Simulation	
			 Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis 	• Role play	
			• Physiological management of third stage of labour	DemonstrationVideos	
			• Active management of third stage of labour (recommended)		
			• Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels		
			• Assess perineal, vaginal tear/ injuries and suture if required		
			Insertion of postpartum IUCD		
			Immediate perineal care		
			Initiation of breast feeding		
			Skin to skin contact		
			Newborn resuscitation		
			Fourth Stage		
			Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn		
			 Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss 		
		Discuss the impact of labour	Documentation and Record of birth		
		and birth as a transitional	Breastfeeding and latching		
		event in the	Managing uterine cramp		
		woman's life Ensure	Alternative/complementary therapies		
		initiation of	• Role of Doula/ASHA's		
		breast feeding and adequate	• Various childbirth practices		
		latching	Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding		
			Maintaining records and reports		
V	7 (T)	Describe the	Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women	• Lecture	• Essay type
	6 (L)	physiology, management	• Normal puerperium – Physiology,	• Discussion	Short answer
	40 (C)	and care of	duration	Demonstration	Objective type
		normal puerperium	 Post-natal assessment and care – facility and home-based care 	• Health talk	• Assessment of skills with checklist
			Perineal hygiene and care	• Simulated practice	• OSCE
			Bladder and bowel function	• Supervised clinical practice	
			• Minor disorders of puerperium and its	• Refer SBA module	
				ı	

			management		
			 Physiology of lactation and lactation management 		
			 Postnatal counseling and psychological support 		
			 Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression 		
			• Transition to parenthood		
			• Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth		
			Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices)		
			Diet during lactation-review		
			Post-partum family planning		
			• Follow-up of postnatal mothers		
			Drugs used in the postnatal period		
			Records and reports		
VI	7 (T)	Discuss the	Assessment and ongoing care of normal	Lecture	Essay type
	7 (L)	need for and provision of	neonates	• Discussion	Short answer
	40 (C)	compassionate,	Family centered care	Demonstration	Objective type
		family centered midwifery care	Respectful newborn care and communication	Simulated practice	• Assessment of skills
		of the newborn	Normal Neonate – Physiological	session	with checklist • OSCE
			adaptation	• Supervised clinical practice	• OSCE
		Describe the assessment and	Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies	Refer safe deliver app module –	
		care of normal neonate	• Care of newborn up to 6 weeks afterthe childbirth (Routine care of newborn)	newbornmanagement • Partial completion of	
			• Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation	SBA module	
			• Infection prevention		
			• Immunization		
			Minor disorders of newborn and its management		
			management		
VII	8 (T)	Explain various	Family welfare services	Lecture	Essay type
	2 (L)	methods of	Impact of early/frequent childbearing	Supervised practice	• Short answers
	40 (C)	family planning and role of	Comprehensive range of family planning	Field visits	Objective type
		nurse/midwife	methods	Scenario based	• Field visit reports
		in providing family planning services	 Temporary methods – Hormonal, non- hormonal and barrier methods 	learning • Discussion	• Vignettes
		services	 Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization 	GoI guidelines –	
			Action, effectiveness, advantages,	injectable contraceptives, oral	
			disadvantages, myths, misconception and	,,	

	medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods	contraceptives, IUCD, male and	
	Emergency contraceptives	female sterilization	
	Recent trends and research in contraception		
	Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)		
	Legal and rights aspects of FP		
	Human rights aspects of FP adolescents		
	Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review)		
Describe youth friendly	Importance of follow up and recommended timing		
services and	Gender related issues in SRH		
role of nurses/ midwives	Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife		
Recognize the	Special courts for abused people		
role of nurses/midwive s in gender	Gender sensitive health services including family planning		
based violence			

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

(INCLUDING SBA MODULE)

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 3 Credits (240 hours) **PRACTICE COMPETENCIES:** On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

SKILL LAB

Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- 5. Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment
- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counselling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks × 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical areas	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD and Antenatal ward	1 week	Perform antenatal assessment Perform laboratory tests for antenatal women and assist in selected antenatal diagnostic procedures	 History collection Physical examination Obstetric examination Pregnancy confirmation test Urine testing Blood testing for Hemoglobin, grouping & typing Blood test for malaria KICK chart USG/NST Antenatal counseling Preparation for childbirth Birth preparedness and complication 	 Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study 	• OSCE • Casepresentation
Labour room	3 weeks	Counsel antenatal women Monitor labour using partograph Provide care to women during labour Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	readiness Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Per vaginal examination when indicated Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour — articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour	 Partograph recording PV examination Assisting/ Conduction of normal childbirth Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing if indicated Newborn resuscitation 	 Assignment case study Casepresentation OSCE
Post- partum clinic and Postnatal Ward including FP unit	2 weeks	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn Provide postnatal counseling Provide family welfare services	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counseling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counseling 	 Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case study Casepresentation PPIUCD insertion & removal 	AssignmentCase studyCasepresentation

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - II

(Including Safe Delivery App Module)

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical – 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risknewborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

SKILL LAB

Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2. Post abortion care &counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 6. Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate
- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination

CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks × 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinical areas	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD/ infertility clinics/ Reproductive medicine and antenatal ward		Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy	 Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy Antenatal counselling Preparation for childbirth, Birth 	Antenatal palpationHealth talkCase study	SimulationCasepresent ationOSCE
		Counsel antenatal mothers Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling Provide counselling and support to infertile couples	 preparedness and complication readiness Post abortion care Post abortion counselling Counselling infertile couples 		
Labour room	2 weeks	Conduction of normal chidlbirth Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries Monitor labour using partograph Identify and manage complications during labour	 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Pervaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis Assist in the management of abnormal deliveries – posterior position, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, 	 Partograph recording Painmanageme nt during labour Conduction of normal childbirth Assisting in abnormal deliveries Managing complication during labour Case study Casepresentation 	 Assignment Case study Casepresent ation Simulation OSCE

Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications Provide postnatal care Provide family welfare services	forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia Assist in cervical encerclageprocedures, D&C, D&E Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partumhemorrhage, uterine atony Management of obstetric shock Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complications Care of postnatal mothers — abnormal deliveries, caesarean section Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling Health teaching on postnatal and newborn care Family welfare counselling	 Health talk Postnatal assessment Newborn assessment Case studies Casepresentation PPIUCD insertion and removal 	 Role play Assignment Case study Casepresent ation Simulation Vignettes OSCE
Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	lweek	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/congenita l anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation Care of high risknewborn Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc Assist/perform special neonatal procedures	 Neonatal assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn Assist in Exchange transfusion Neonatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation 	 Case study Casepresentation Assignments Simulated practice 	 Casepresent ation Care study Care plan Simulation, Vignettes OSCE
Obstetric/ Gynae operation theatre & Gynecology ward	2weeks	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries Care for women with gynecological disorders	 Observe/Assist in caesarean section Management of retained placenta Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture Care of women with gynecological conditions Health education 	 Assisting in obstetric and gynecological surgery Tray set-up forcaesarean section Care plan 	 Assignment Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecologic al surgeries Casepresent ation Simulation Vignettes

Note: Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher		
PRESCRIBED BOOKS					
1.	A. Ramadevi&S. Jyothi	Midwifery & Obstetrical Nursing - I	Nightingale Publishers		
2.	Bennett Myles	Textbook of Midwives	Elsevier		
Reference	es				
1.	D.C. Dutta	Textbook of Obstetrics	New Central Book Agency		
2.	Bobak& Jensen	Maternity & Gynaecologic Nursing	Mosby		
3.	Reeder Martin &etal	Maternity Nursing: Women's Health Care	Family New born and Lippincott		
4.	Olds S.B.etal	Obstetric Nursing	Addison – Wiley		



SEVENTH SEMESTER

- I. COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II
- II. COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II: CLINICAL PRACTICUM
- III. NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS
- IV. MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING II: (Including Safe Delivery App Module)
- V. Midwifery / Obstetrics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing-II: CLINICAL PRACTICUM

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) – includes lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credit (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- 2. Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 3. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- 4. Explain population control and its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size
- 5. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programs
- 6. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 7. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 8. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 9. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 10.Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 11.Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 12.Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 13. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 14.Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 15. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 16. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory (T)

Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
(Hrs) 10 (T)		Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid Standing orders: Definition, uses Screening, diagnosing/ identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal System Abdominal pain Nausea and vomiting Diarrhea Constipation Jaundice GI bleeding Abdominal distension Dysphagia and dyspepsia Aphthous ulcers Respiratory System Acute upper respiratory infections – Rhinitis, Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis Acute lower respiratory infections – Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma Hemoptysis, Acute chest pain Heart & Blood Common heart diseases – Heart attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleeding disorders Eye & ENT conditions Eye – local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and refractive errors ENT – Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness		• Short answer • Essay • Field visit reports • OSCE assessment

			poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies		
II		Provide	Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and	• Lecture	• Short answer
		reproductive, maternal,	adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community	• Discussion	• Essay
		newborn and	setting)	Demonstration	• OSCE assessment
		childcare, including	Present situation of reproductive, maternal	• Role play	
		adolescent care in	and child health in India	Suggested field	
	1 1	the urban and rural health care	Antenatal care	visits and field practice	
		settings	Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling	• Assessment of	
			Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy	antenatal, postnatal,	
			Antenatal care at health centre level	newborn, infant, preschool child,	
			Birth preparedness	school child, and	
			High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorrhage, preeclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis	adolescent health	
			Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports		
			Intra natal care		
		Promote	Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour		
			Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour		
		adolescent health	Care of women after labour		
		and youth friendly services	 Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up – preterm labour, fetal distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus 		
			Care of newborn immediately after birth		
			Maintenance of records and reports		
			• Use of Safe child birth check list		
			• SBA module – Review		
			Organization of labour room		
			Postpartum care		
			Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling		
			Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock, puerperal sepsis, breast conditions, post- partum depression		
			Postpartum visit by health care provider		

Newborn and child care

- Review: Essential newborn care
- Management of common neonatal problems
- Management of common child health problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhoea, Sepsis, screening for congenital anomalies and referral
- Review: IMNCI Module
- Under five clinics

Adolescent Health

- Common health problems and risk factors in adolescent girls and boys
- Common Gynecological conditions dysmenoorhea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breast lump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse
- Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legal age of marriage, nutritional status of adolescents National Menstrual Hygiene scheme
- Youth friendly services:
 - o SRH Service needs
- Role and attitude of nurses: Privacy, confidentiality, non judgemental attitude, client autonomy, respectful care and communication
- Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS– balanced counseling strategy)

National Programs

- RMNCH+A Approach Aims, Health systems strengthening, RMNCH+A strategies, Interventions across life stages, program management, monitoring and evaluation systems
- Universal Immunization Program (UIP) as per Government of India guidelines – Review
- Rashtriya Bal SwasthyaKaryakaram (RSBK)- children
- Rashtriya Kishor SwasthyaKaryakram (RKSK) – adolcents

Any other new programs

- Screen, manage and refer adolescents
- Counsel adolescents

	4 (T) Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	 Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics – demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications Sources of vital statistics – Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system Morbidity and mortality indicators – Definition, calculation and interpretation Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data Review: Common sampling techniques – random and nonrandom techniques Disaggregation of data 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	• Short answer • Essay
IV	6 (T) Discuss population explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of population control	Population and its Control Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Emergency Contraception Counseling in reproductive, sexual health including problems of adolescents Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (JansankhyaSthirataKosh) Family planning 2020 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answer Essay OSCE assessment Counseling on family planning

V		Describe	Occupational Health	• Lecture	• Essay
		occupational health hazards,	Occupational health hazards	Discussion	Short answer
	occupational diseases and t role of nurses occupational health progra		 Occupational diseases ESI Act National/ State Occupational Health Programs Role of a nurse in occupational health services Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	 Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	Clinical performanceevaluati on
VI	6 (T)	Identify health	Geriatric Health Care	Lecture	Visit report on
		problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	 Health problems of older adults Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults Organization of geriatric health services National program for health care of elderly (NPHCE) State level programs/Schemes for older adults 	DiscussionDemonstration	elderly home • Essay • Short answer
			Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems		
VII		Describe	Mental Health Disorders	Lecture	• Essay
		screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	 Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders Review: Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia Dementia Suicide Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction program National Mental Health Program National Mental Health Policy National Mental Health Act Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients 	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Health counseling on promotion of mental health Suggested field visits Field practice 	Short answerCounseling report

VIII		Discuss about	Health Management Information System	• Lecture	Group project report
		effective	(HMIS)	Discussion	• Essay
		management of health	• Introduction to health management system:	Demonstration	Short answer
		information in	data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues	• Role play	
		community diagnosis and	• Review:	• Suggested field	
		intervention		visits	
			o Basic Demography and vital statistics	• Field practice	
			o Sources of vital statistics	• Group project on	
			o Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution	community	
			o Collection, analysis, interpretation of data	diagnosis – datamanagement	
			Analysis of data for community needs	anning the same of	
			assessment and preparation of health action		
			plan		
IX		Describe the	Management of delivery of community	Lecture	• Essay
		system management of	health services:Planning, budgeting and material	Discussion	Short answer
		delivery of	management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC	Visits to various	Filed visit reports
		community health services in rural	Manpower planning as per IPHS standards	health care delivery systems	
		and urban areas	• Rural: Organization, staffing and material		
			management of rural health services provided by Government at village,	• Supervised field practice	
			SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district,	Practice	
			state and central		
			Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions		
			of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special		
			clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals		
			Defense services		
			• Institutional services		
			• Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics,		
			Alternative health care system referral		
			systems, Indigenous health services		
X		Describe the leadership role in	Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring	• Lecture	Report on interaction with
	` /	guiding,	• Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN,	Discussion	MPHWs, HVs ,
		supervising, and	MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health	Demonstration	ASHA, AWWs
		monitoring the health services	Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA	• Role play	Participation in
		and the personnel	Roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs)	Suggested field	training programs
		at the PHCs, SCs	Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition	visits	• Essay
		and community level including	Committees (VHSNC): objectives,	Field practice	Short answer
		financial	composition and roles & responsibilities		
		management	Health team management Payiony Londonship & symposicion		
			Review: Leadership & supervision – concepts, principles & methods		
		Describe the roles	Leadership in health: leadership approaches		
		and	in healthcare setting, taking control of health		
		responsibilities of Mid-Level Health	of community and organizing health camps, village clinics		
		Care Providers	Things onlines		

(MHCPs) in • Training, Supportive supervision and	
Health Wellness Centers (HWCs) Centers (HWCs) Centers (HWCs) Centers (HWCs) Manual, Support to taport to the data monitoring – concepts, principles and process e.g. performance of frontline health workers	
Financial Management and Accounting & Computing at Health Centers (SC)	
o Activities for which funds are received	
 Accounting and book keeping requirements—accounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting Preparing a budget 	
o Audit	
Degands & Deports	
Records & Reports: • Concepts of records and reports — importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records	
Types of records – community related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining	
Report writing – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports	
Medical Records Department – functions,	
filing and retention of medical records	
Electronic Medical Records (EMR) – capabilities and components of EMR,	
electronic health record (EHR), levels of	
automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of HER	
Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting	
XI 6 (T) Demonstrate Disaster Management • Lecture	
initiative in Disaster types and magnitude Discussion	
preparing themselves and Disaster preparedness • Demonstration	
the community for disaster • Emergency preparedness • Role play	
	eld eld
Basic disaster supplies kit practice	
 Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques Mock drills Refer Disaster 	
Use disaster management module module (NDM. National	A)
Disaster/INC — Reaching out in emergencies	

	Describe the importance of bio- medical waste management, its process and management	 Bio-Medical Waste Management Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community Waste management in health center/clinics Bio-medical waste management guidelines—2016, 2018 (Review) 	 Lecture cum Discussion Field visit to waste management site 	Field visit report
XIII 3 (T	Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies	 Health Agencies International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of India (VHA) 	LectureDiscussionField visits	• Essay • Short answer

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)2 credits (160 hours)

Clinical Duration	n Learning	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical Requirements	Assessment
area/unit (weeks)	Outcomes	Clinical Skills	Chinical Requirements	Methods

Urban	2 weeks	Screen, diagnose,	Screening, diagnosing,	Screening, diagnosing,	Clinical
Orban	2 WCCKS	manage and refer clients with common	management and referral of clients with common	Primary management and care based on standing	performance assessment
Rural	2 Weeks	conditions/ emergencies	conditions/ emergencies	orders/protocols approved by MOH&FW	OSCE during posting
				• Minor ailments – 2	Final clinical
				• Emergencies – 1	examination
				• Dental problems – 1	(University)
				• Eye problems – 1	
		Assess and provide	Assessment (physical &	• Ear, nose, and throat problems— 1	
		antenatal, intrapartum,	nutritional) of antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and	• High risk pregnant woman – 1	Clinical performance
		postnatal and new- born care	newborn	• High risk neonate – 1	assessment
			Conduction of normal delivery at health center	• Assessment of antenatal –	• OSCE
			Newborn care	1, intrapartum – 1, postnatal – 1 and newborn	
			Counsel adolescents	-1	
			• Family planning counselling	Conduction of normal delivery at health center	
		Promote adolescent health	Distribution of temporary	and documentation – 2	
			contraceptives – condoms, OCP's, emergency	• Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1	
		Provide family welfare services	contraceptives	and documentation – 1	
		wellare services	• Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of	• Adolescent counseling – 1	
			clients with occupational health problems		
		Screen, diagnose,			F 1 G
		manage and refer clients with	Health assessment of elderly	 Family planning counselling –1 	Family Case study
		occupational health		• Family case study – 1	evaluation
		problem		(Rural/Urban)	
· ·		Screen, assess and	Mental health screening		
		manage elderly with health problems and			
		refer appropriately			
				 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral 	• Clinical performance
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer	Participation in Community diagnosis –	of clients with	evaluation
		clients who are mentally unhealthy	data management	occupational health problems – 1	
		Participate in		•	• OSCE
		community	Writing health center activity report	Health assessment	• OSCE
		diagnosis – data management	J 1	(Physical & nutritional) of elderly – 1	
		5			
		Participate in health		Mental health screening	

Centre activities Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community	Organizing and conducting clinics/camp	• Group project: Community diagnosis – data management	
Prepare for disaster preparedness and management Recognize the importance and observe the biomedical waste	Participation in disaster mock drills	 Write report on health center activities – 1 Organizing and conducting Antenatal/under-five 	• Project evaluation
management process		 clinic/Health camp – 1 Participation in disaster mock drills Field visit to bio-medical waste management site Visit to AYUSH clinic 	

PRESCRIBED BOOKS LIST

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books		
1.	T.Theresamma	Textbook of Community Health Nursing	Nightingale Publishers
2.	J.E.Park	Preventive & Social Medicine	BanarsidasBhanot
Reference	es		
1.	Susan Clement	Comprehensive Community Health Nursing	
2.	Kamalam.s	Essentials of Community Health Nursing Practice	Jaypee Publications
3.	Stanhope	Foundation Community Health Nursing	

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical Project: 40 hours

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

COURSE OUTLINE

Theory(T) Practicum (P)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6	concept of research	 Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of Research & nursing 	 Lecture cum Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies Identify research priorities on a given area/ specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice 	 Short answer Objective type

П	2	8	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement		Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on writing statement	Short answerObjective type
				 Criteria of a good research problem Writing objectives and hypotheses 		of problem and objectives	• Formulation of research questions/ objectives/ hypothesis
Ш	2	6	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc. Purposes Method of review	•	Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem Prepare annotated Bibliography	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented
IV	4	1	Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research Approaches and Designs Historical, survey and experimental Qualitative and Quantitative designs	•	Lecture cum Discussion Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale	Short answerObjective type
V	6	6	Explain the Sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	 Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques Data – why, what, from whom, when and where to collect Data collection methodsand instruments Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study Data collection procedure 	•	Lecture cum Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project	 Short answer Objective type Developing questionnaire / Interview Schedule/ Checklist

VI	4	6	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	 Lecture cum Discussion Preparation of sample tables 	 Short answer Objective type Analyze and interpret given data
VII	12	8	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurementand graphical presentation of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation	 Introduction to Statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	 Lecture cum Discussion Practice ongraphical presentations Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation 	 Short answer Objective type Computation of descriptive statistics
VIII	4	40 Hrs (Clinica 1 Project)	Communicate and utilize the research findings	Communication and utilization of Research Communication of research findings Verbal report Writing research report Writing scientific article/paper Critical review of published research including publication ethics Utilization of research findings Conducting group research project	Lecture cum Discussion Read/ Presentations of a sample published/ unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project	 Short answer Objective type OralPresent ation Developme nt of research proposal Assessment of research Project

PRESCRIBED BOOKS LIST

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribe	d Books		
1.	Dr.JagannadhaSarma.K	Nursing Research & Statistics	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Rose Marie	Foundations of Nursing Research	Pearson
3.	P.S.S. Sunder Rao	Introduction to Statistics	
Reference	es		
1.	Polit	Principles and Methods of Nursing Research	
2.	Kothari	Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques	
3.	John W Best	Research in Education	Pearson Education
4.	Nancy Burns	Understanding Nursing Research	Sanders Publications



(Including Safe Delivery App Module)

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 4 Credits (320 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetric and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and help to develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal period.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risknewborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.
- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology.
- 12. Counsel and care for couples with infertility.
- 13. Describe artificial reproductive technology.

COURSE OUTLINE Theory(T) Skill Lab (SL/L) Clinical (C)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	12 (T) 10 (L) 80 (C)	assessment, initial management, and referral of women	Recognition and Management of problems during Pregnancy Assessment of high-risk pregnancy Problems/Complications of Pregnancy Hyper-emesis gravidarum, Bleeding in early pregnancy – abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole Unintended or mistimed pregnancy Post abortion care &counseling Bleeding in late pregnancy placenta previa, abruption placenta, trauma Medical conditions complicating pregnancy – Anemia, PIH/Pre- eclampsia, Eclampsia, GDM, cardiac disease, pulmonary disease,	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Video & films Scan reports Case discussion Case presentation Drug presentation Health talk Simulation Role play 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

			thyrotoxicosis, STDs, HIV, Rh	Supervised	
			incompatibility	Clinical practice	
			Infections in pregnancy – urinary tract infection, bacterial, viral, protozoal, fungal, malaria in pregnancy	WHO midwifery toolkit	
			Surgical conditions complicating pregnancy – appendicitis, acute abdomen	GoI guideline – screening for hypothyroidism,	
			COVID-19 & pregnancy and children	screening for	
			Hydramnios	syphilis, deworming during	
			Multiple pregnancy	pregnancy,	
			Abnormalities of placenta and cord	diagnosis and management of	
			Intra uterine growth restriction	GDM	
			Intra uterine fetal death		
			Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy		
			Mental health issues during pregnancy		
			Adolescent pregnancy		
			Elderly primi, grand multiparity		
			Management and care of conditions as per the GoI protocol		
			Policy for the referral services		
			Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies		
			Maintenance of records and reports		
II	20 (T)	Identify, provide	Recognition and management of abnormal	• Lecture	• Essay
	15 (L)	initial management and refer women	labour	• Discussion	Short answer
	80 (C)	with problems	• Preterm labour – Prevention and management of preterm labour; (Use of antenatal	• Demonstration	Objective
		during labour within the scope of	corticosteroids in preterm labour)	• Case discussion/	type
		midwifery practice.	Premature rupture of membranes	presentation	• Assessment of skills with
			Malposition's and abnormal presentations	Simulation	check list
			(posterior position, breech, brow, face, shoulder)	Role play	• OSCE
			Contracted Pelvis, Cephalo Pelvic	Drug presentation	
			Disproportion (CPD)	• Supervised clinical practice	
			Disorders of uterine action – Prolonged labour, Precipitate labour, Dysfunctional labour	WHO midwifery toolkit	
			Complications of third stage – Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade)	GoI guidelines – use of uterotonics during labour, antenatal corticosteroids	
			Obstetric emergencies – Foetal distress,Ruptured uterus, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa previa, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid	GoI guidance note on prevention and management of PPH	

			and alian		<u> </u>
			embolism		
			Episiotomy and suturing		
			Obstetric procedures – Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version		
			Induction of labour – Medical & surgical		
			Caesarean section – indications and preparation		
			Nursing management of women undergoing		
			Obstetric operations and procedures		
			Drugs used in management of abnormal labour		
			Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics		
III	9 (T)	Describe the assessment, initial	Recognition and Management of postnatal problems	Lecture Demonstration	• Quiz • Simulation
	5 (L) 40 (C)	management, referral and nursing care of women with	Physical examination, identification of deviation from normal	Case discussion/ presentation	• Short answer
		abnormal postnatal	Puerperal complications and its management	• Drug presentation	• OSCE
		conditions.	o Puerperal pyrexia	Supervised clinical	
			o Puerperal sepsis	practice	
			o Urinary complications		
			Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage		
			o Vulval hematoma		
			Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem		
			ThrombophlebitisDVT		
			Uterine sub involution		
			 Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF) 		
			Postpartum depression/psychosis		
			Drugs used in abnormal puerperium		
			Policy about referral		
IV	7 (T)	Describe high risk	Assessment and management of High- risk	Lecture	Short answer
	5 (L)	neonates and their nursing	newborn (Review)	• Discussion	• Objective
	40 (C)	management	 Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs 	Demonstration	type
				Simulation	• Assessment
			• Screening of high-risk newborn	Case discussion/	of skills with check list
			Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control	presentation	• OSCE
			Prematurity, Post-maturity	Drug presentation	
			Low birth weight	• Supervised Clinical practice	
			Kangaroo Mother Care	_	
			Birth asphyxia/Hypoxic encephalopathy	 Integrated Management of Neonatal 	

				Childhood	
			Neonatal sepsis	Illnesses (IMNCI)	
			Hypothermia		
			Respiratory distress		
			• Jaundice		
			Neonatal infections		
			High fever		
			Convulsions		
			Neonatal tetanus		
			Congenital anomalies		
			Baby of HIV positive mothers		
			Baby of Rh negative mothers		
			Birth injuries		
			SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care		
			Calculation of fluid requirements, EBM/formula feeds/tube feeding		
			Home based newborn care program - community facility integration in newborn care		
			Decision making about management and referral		
			Bereavement counseling		
			Drugs used for high risknewborns		
			Maintenance of records and reports	7	
V	12 (T)	Describe the assessment and	Assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders	• Lecture	• Essay
	5 (L)	management of	Gynecological assessment – History and	• Discussion	• Short answer
	80 (C)	women with gynecological	Physical assessment	• Demonstration	Objective type
		disorders.	Breast Self-Examination	 Case discussion/ presentation 	typeAssessment
			Congenital abnormalities of female	• Drug presentation	of skills with
			reproductive system	Videos, films	check list
			• Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities	• Simulated practice	• OSCE
			and management of women with	• Supervised Clinical	
			o Menstrual abnormalities	practice	
			o Abnormal uterine bleed	 Visit to infertility clinic and ART 	
			o Pelvic inflammatory disease	centers	
			o Infections of the reproductive tract		
			Uterine displacement Findametricais		
			o Endometriosis		
			Uterine and cervical fibroids and polyps Tumors attering acryical evering various		
			 Tumors – uterine, cervical, ovarian, vaginal, vulval 		

○ Cysts – ovarian, vulval
o Cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele
o Genitor-urinary fistulas
Breast disorders – infections, deformities, cysts, tumors
o HPV vaccination
o Disorders of Puberty and menopause
Hormonal replacement therapy
Assessment and management of couples with infertility
○ Infertility – definition, causes
o Counseling the infertile couple
○ Investigations – male and female
Artificial reproductive technology
 Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation
Adoption – counseling, procedures
Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence
Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders

Note 1: Complete safe delivery app during VII Semester.

Note 2 :Please refer page No. 204 for SKILL LAB & CLINICALPRACTICUM

PRESCRIBED BOOKS LIST

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
PRESCRI	BED BOOKS		
1.	A. Ramadevi&S. Jyothi	Midwifery & Obstetrical Nursing - II	Nightingale Publishers
2.	Bennett Myles	Textbook of Midwives	Elsevier
Reference	S		
1.	D.C. Dutta	Textbook of Obstetrics	New Central Book Agency
2.	Bobak& Jensen	Maternity & Gynaecologic Nursing	Mosby
3.	Reeder Martin &etal	Maternity Nursing: Women's Health Care	Family New born and Lippincott
4.	Olds S.B.etal	Obstetric Nursing	Addison – Wiley

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

I. CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS: Semester Wise

II. CLINICAL LOGBOOK: Semester Wise



CLINICAL PRACTICUM CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS – Semester Wise

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
	I & II SEMESTER		
	NURSING FOUNDATION I & II		
1	History Taking – 2		
	1.		
	2.		
2	Physical Examination – 2		
	1.		
	2.		
3	Fall risk assessment – 2		
	2.		
4	Pressure Sore Assessment – 2		
	1.		
	2.		
5	Nursing Process – 2		
	1.		
	2.		
6	Completion of first aid module		
7	Completion of Health assessment module		
	III SEMESTER – ADULT HEALTH NUR	SING I	
	Medical		
1	Care Study – 1		
2	Health education – 1		
3	Clinical presentation/care note – 1		
	Surgical		
4	Care study – 1		
5	Health education – 1		
6	Clinical Presentation/Care note – 1		
	Cardiac		
7	Cardiac assessment – 1		
8	Drug presentation – 1		
	Communicable		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
9	Clinical presentation/Care note – 1		
	Musculoskeletal		
10	Clinical presentation/Care note – 1		
	OR		
11	Assist as circulatory nurse – 5		
	i.		
	ii.		
	iii.		
	iv.		
	v.		
12	Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries – 5		
	i.		
	ii.		
	iii.		
	iv.		
	v.		
13	Positioning & draping – 5 i.		
	ii.		
	iii.		
	iv.		
	v.		
1.4			
14	Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries – 5		
	ii.		
	iii		
	iv.		
15	V. Completion of BCLS module		
		CDIC H	
	IV SEMESTER – ADULT HEALTH NUR ENT	SING II	
1	ENT assessment of an adult – 2		
1	ENT assessment of an adult – 2		
	l. ::		
2	Observation and activity report of OPD		
	Coservation and activity report of OID		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
3	Clinical presentation – 1		
4	Drug Book		
	EYE		
5	Eye assessment		
	i. Adult – 1		
	ii. Geriatric – 1		
6	Patient-teaching – 1		
7	Clinical Presentation— 1		
	NEPHROLOGY & UROLOGY		
8	Assessment of adult – 1 Assessment of Geriatric – 1		
9	Drug presentation – 1		
10	Care study/Clinical presentation – 1		
	BURNS AND RECONSTRUCTIVE SURGERY		
11	Burn wound assessment – 1		
12	Clinical presentation – 1		
13	Observation report of Burns unit		
14	Observe cosmetic/reconstructive procedures		
	NEUROLOGY		
15	Neuro-assessment –2 i ii.		
16	Unconscious patient – 1		
17	Care study/case presentation – 1		
18	Drug presentation – 1		
	IMMUNOLOGY		
19	Assessment of immune status		
20	Teaching of isolation to patient and family care givers		
21	Nutritional management		
22	Care Note – 1		
	ONCOLOGY		
23	Observation report of cancer unit		
24	Assessment of each system cancer patients – 2		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
25	Care study/clinical presentation – 1		
26	Pre and post-operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment such as chemotherapy, radiation therapy, surgery, BMT, etc. –3(at least)		
	i. ii.		
	ii.		
27	Teaching on BSE to family members		
	EMERGENCY		
28	Primary assessment of adult– 1		
29	Immediate care (IV access establishment, assisting in intubation, suction, etc.)		
30	Use of emergency trolley		
	CRITICAL CARE		
31	Assessment of critically ill		
	i. Adult		
	ii. Geriatric		
32	Care note/Clinical presentation – 1		
	GERIATRIC		
33	Geriatric assessment – 1		
34	Care note/clinical presentation – 1		
35	Fall risk assessment 1		
36	Functional status assessment – 1		
37	Completion of Fundamentals of Prescribing module		
38	Completion of Palliative care module		
	V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NUR	SING I & II	
	Pediatric medical		
1	Nursing care plan – 1		
2	Case presentation – 1		
3	Health talk – 1		
	Surgical		
4	Nursing care plan – 1		
5	Case study/presentation – 1		
	OPD/Immunization Room		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
6	Growth and Developmental study:		
	i. Infant – 1		
	ii. Toddler – 1		
	iii. Preschooler – 1		
	NICCU/PICU		
7	Newborn assessment – 1		
8	Nursing Care Plan – 1		
9	Kangaroo mother care – 2		
10	Nursing care plan of high risknewborn – 1		
11	Completion of ENBC module		
12	Completion of FNBC module		
13	Completion of IMNCI module		
14	Completion of PLS module		
	V & VI SEMESTER – MENTAL HEALTH NUI	RSING I & II	
	Psychiatry OPD		
1	History taking and Mental status examination – 2 i.		
	ii.		
2	Health education – 1		
3	Observation report of OPD		
	Child guidance clinic		
4	Case work – 1		
	Inpatient Ward		
5	Case study – I		
6	Care plan – 2		
7	Clinical presentation1		
8	Process recording 2		
9	Maintain drug book		
-	Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre		
10	Case work – 1		
11	Observation report on field visits		
12	Visit to deaddiction centre		
<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
	V SEMESTER – COMMUNITY HEALTH NUF	RSING – I	·
	INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE & EPI	DEMIOLOGY	
1	Community needs assessment/survey (Rural/Urban) – 1		
2	Visits to		
	- SC/HWC		
	– PHC		
	- CHC		
3	Observation of nutritional programs Anganwadi		
4	Observation visits		
	i. Water purification site and Water quality tests		
	ii. Milk diary		
	iii. Slaughter-house		
	iv. Market		
	v. Sewage disposal site		
	vi. Rain water harvesting		
	vii. Slaughter-house		
5	Nutritional assessment – Adult 1		
6	Individual health teaching – Adult 1		
7	Use of AV aids – flash cards/posters/flannel graphs/flip charts (Any Two) i. ii.		
8	Health assessment of i. Woman – 1		
	ii. Infant/under five child – 1		
	iii. Adolescent – 1		
	iv. Adult – 1		
9	Growth monitoring of children under five – 1		
10	Documentation		
	i. Individual records – 1		
	ii. Family records – 1		
11	Investigation of an epidemic – 1		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
12	Screening and primary management of		
	i. Communicable diseases – 1		
	ii. NCD – 1		
13	Home visits – 2		
14	Participation in national health programs – 2		
15	Participation in school health program – 1		
	V SEMESTER – EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/NÚ	RSING EDUCATIO	N
1	Microteaching – 2		
	i. Theory – 1		
	ii. Practical/lab – 1		
2	Field Visit to nursing educational institution – regional/national organization		
	VI SEMESTER – NURSING MANAGEMENT &	LEADERSHIP	
1	Field visit to Hospital – regional/national organization		
	VI & VII SEMESTER – MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNEO	COLOGY (OBG) NU	RSING I & II
1	Antenatal assessment and care – 20		
2	Postnatal assessment and care – 15		
3	Assessment of labour using partograph – 10		
4	Per vaginal examination – 10		
5	Observing normal childbirths/deliveries— 10		
6	Assisting in conduction of normal childbirth – 10		
7	Conduction of normal deliveries – 10		
8	Assisting in abnormal/instrumental deliveries – 5		
9	Performing placental examination – 5		
10	Episiotomy and suturing (only if indicated)— 3		
11	Assist/observe Insertion of PPIUCD-2		
12	Newborn assessment – 10		
13	Newborn resuscitation – 5		
15	Kangaroo mother care – 2		
	Nursing Care Plan/Clinical presentation with Drug Study	1	1
16	Antenatal care		
	Normal (care plan) – 1		
	High risk (case study/Clinical presentation) – 1		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
17	Intrapartum care		
	High risk (Clinical presentation) – 1		
18	Postnatal care		
	Normal (care plan) – 1		
	High risk (Clinical presentation) – 1		
19	Newborn care		
	Normal (care plan) – 1		
20	Gynecological condition Care plan – 1		
21	Health talk – individual/group – 2		
22	Counseling mothers and family members		
23	Visit to		
	Peripheral health facility/Laqshya certified labour room		
	• Infertility centre (Virtual/videos)		
24	Completion of SBA module		
25	Completion of safe delivery app		
	VII SEMESTER – COMMUNITY HEALTH N	JUDSING II	
1		TORSING II	
1	Screening and primary management of of i. Minor ailments – 2		
	ii. Emergencies – 1		
	iii. Dental problems – 1		
	iv. Eye – 1 v. ENT – 1		
2	Primary management and care based on protocols approved by MOH&FW (Home/health centre)		
3	Screening and primary management of		
	i. High risk pregnancyii. High risk neonate		
4	Assessment of		
	i. Antenatal – 1		
	ii. Intrapartum – 1 iii. Postnatal – 1		
	iv. Newborn – 1		
5	Conduction of normal childbirth and documentation – 2		
6	Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1		
7	Family planning counseling – 1		
8	Group health education (Rural/urban) – 1		
9	Adolescent counseling- 1		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
10	Family case study (Rural/urban) – 1		
11	Screening, diagnosis, primary management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 2 i. ii.		
12	Health assessment (physical & nutritional) of elderly – 1		
13	Mental health screening survey – 1		
14	Group project – Community diagnosis (data management)		
15	Writing report on health centre activity – 1		
16	Participation in organizing and conducting under five/antenatal clinic/health camp – 2 i. ii.		
17	Participation in disaster mock drills		
18	Field visits - Biomedical waste management site - AYUSH centre - Industry - Geriatric home		
19	Report on interaction with MPHW/HV/ASHA/AWWs (Any 2) 1. 2.		
	VII SEMESTER – NURSING RESEAF	RCH	,
1	Research Project – Group/Individual Title:		
	VIII SEMESTER – Intenship		
1	Integrated Practice : CHN – 4 Weeks		
2	Adult Health Nursing – 6 Weeks		
3	MHN – 4 Weeks		
4	Midwifery – 4 Weeks		

Signature of the Faculty coordinator

Signature of the HOD/Principal

CLINICAL EXPERIENCE DETAILS

Name of ICU	Clinical Condition	Number of days care given	Signature of Faculty/Preceptor

Signature of the Faculty Coordinator

Signature of the HOD/Principal

Clinical Logbook for B.Sc. Nursing Program (Procedural Competencies/Skills)

			Assists/	DAT	ΓE	
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
		I SEMEST				
I	Communication and Documentati	ion				
1	Maintaining Communication and interpersonal relationship with patient and families					
2	Verbal Report					
3	Recording/Documentation of patient care (Written Report)					
II	Monitoring Vital Signs					
	Temperature					
4	Oral					
5	Axillary					
6	Rectal					
7	Tympanic					
	Pulse					
8	Radial					
9	Apical					
10	Respiration					
11	Blood Pressure					
III	Hot & Cold Application					
12	Cold Compress					
13	Hot Compress					
14	Ice Cap					
15	Tepid sponge					
IV	Health Assessment (Basic – First y	year level)				
16	Health History					
17	Physical Assessment – General & system wise					
18	Documentation of findings					
V	Infection Control in Clinical Settin	gs				
19	Hand hygiene (Hand washing & Hand rub)					

20	Use of personal and protective equipment
VI	Comfort
21	Open Bed
22	Occupied Bed
23	Post-operative Bed
24	Supine Position
25	Fowler's Position
26	Lateral Position
27	Prone Position
28	Semi Prone Position
29	Trendelenburg Position
30	Lithotomy Position
31	Changing Position of helpless patient (Moving/Turning/ Logrolling)
32	Cardiac table/Over-bed table
33	Back Rest
34	Bed Cradle
35	Pain Assessment (Initial & Reassessment)
VII	Safety
36	Side rail
37	Restraint (Physical)
38	Fall risk assessment & post fall assessment
VIII	Admission & Discharge
39	Admission
40	Discharge
41	Transfer (within hospital)
IX	Mobility
42	Ambulation
43	Transferring patient from &tobed& wheelchair
	bed & wheelchair
44	Transferring patient from & to bed & stretcher

45	Range of Motion Exercises (ROM)			
X	Patient Education			
46	Individual Patient Teaching			

Signature of the Clinical Instructor Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

Signature of the Principal



			Assists/	DA	ГЕ	
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
		II SEMEST	ER-NF-II			
XI	Hygiene					
47	Sponge bath/Bed bath					
48	Pressure Injury Assessment					
49	Skin care and care of pressure points					
50	Oral hygiene					
51	Hair wash					
52	Pediculosis treatment					
53	Perineal Care/Meatal care					
54	Urinary Catheter care					
XII	Nursing Process-Basic level					
55	Assessment and formulating nursing diagnosis					
56	Planning the nursing Care					
57	Implementation of Care					
58	Evaluation of Care (Reassessment & Modification)					
XIII	Nutrition & Fluid Balance				1	
59	24 Hours Dietary Recall					
60	Planning Well balanced diet					
61	Making fluid plan					
62	Preparation of nasogastric tube feed					
63	Nasogastric tube feeding					
64	Maintaining intake & output chart					
65	Intra Venous Infusion Plan					
XIV	Elimination					
66	Providing Bedpan					
67	Providing Urinal					
68	Enema					
69	Bowel Wash					
XV	Diagnostic Tests-Specimen collec	tion	<u> </u>		1	

70	Urine Specimen for Routine Analysis			
71	Urine Specimen for Culture			
72	Timed urine specimen collection			
73	Feces specimen for routine			
74	Sputum Culture			
	Urine Testing			
75	Ketone			
76	Albumin			
77	Reaction			
78	Specific Gravity			
XVI	Oxygenation Needs/Promoting Res	spiration		
79	Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises			
80	Steam inhalation			
81	Oxygen administration using face mask			
82	Oxygen administration using nasal prongs			
XVII	Medication Administration			
83	Oral Medications			
83 84	Oral Medications Intramuscular			
84	Intramuscular			
84 85	Intramuscular Subcutaneous			
84 85 86	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories			
84 85 86 XVIII	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office First Aid and Emergencies			
84 85 86 XVIII 87	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office			
84 85 86 XVIII 87	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office First Aid and Emergencies			
84 85 86 XVIII 87 XIX	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office First Aid and Emergencies Bandages & Binders			
84 85 86 XVIII 87 XIX	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office First Aid and Emergencies Bandages & Binders Circular			
84 85 86 XVIII 87 XIX 88	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office First Aid and Emergencies Bandages & Binders Circular Spiral			
84 85 86 XVIII 87 XIX 88 89 90	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office First Aid and Emergencies Bandages & Binders Circular Spiral Reverse Spiral			
84 85 86 XVIII 87 XIX 88 89 90	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office First Aid and Emergencies Bandages & Binders Circular Spiral Reverse Spiral Recurrent			
84 85 86 XVIII 87 XIX 88 89 90 91	Intramuscular Subcutaneous Rectal Suppositories Death and Dying Death care/Last Office First Aid and Emergencies Bandages & Binders Circular Spiral Reverse Spiral Recurrent Spica			

96	Caplin			
97	Jaw			
98	Arm Sling			
99	Abdominal Binder			
100	Basic CPR (first aid module)			_

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD



III & IV SEMESTER

			Assists/	DAT	ГЕ		
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty	
	III	SEMESTER – A	dult Health N	ursing			
I	MEDICAL						
	Intravenous therapy						
1	IV cannulation						
2	IV maintenance & monitoring						
3	Administration of IV medication						
4	Care of patient with Central Line						
	Preparation, assisting, and after care	of patients undergo	oing diagnostic	procedures		1	
5	Thoracentesis						
6	Abdominal paracentesis						
	Respiratory therapies and monitoring					,	
7	Administration of oxygen using venturi mask						
8	Nebulization						
9	Chest physiotherapy						
10	Postural drainage						
11	Oropharyngeal suctioning						
12	Care of patient with chest drainage						
	Planning therapeutic diet						
13	High protein diet						
14	Diabetic diet						
15	Performing and monitoring GRBS						
16	Insulin administration						
II	SURGICAL	I	l.		I		
17	Pre-Operative care						
18	Immediate Post-operative care						
19	Post-operative exercise						
20	Pain assessment and management						
	Assisting diagnostic procedures and a	after care of patien	ts undergoing		1	1	
21	Colonoscopy						

22	ERCP			
23	Endoscopy			
24	Liver Biopsy			
25	Nasogastric aspiration			
26	Gastrostomy/Jejunostomy feeds			
27	Ileostomy/Colostomy care			
28	Surgical dressing			
29	Suture removal			
30	Surgical soak			
31	Sitz bath			
32	Care of drain			
III	CARDIOLOGY			
33	Cardiac monitoring			
34	Recording and interpreting ECG			
35	Arterial blood gas analysis –			
	interpretation			
36	Administration of cardiac drugs			
37	Preparation and after care of patients undergoing cardiac			
	Catheterization			
38	Performing BCLS			
	Collection of blood sample for			
39	Blood grouping/cross matching			
40	Blood sugar			
41	Serum electrolytes			
42	Assisting with blood transfusion			
43	Assisting for bone marrow aspiration			
44	Application of antiembolism stockings (TED hose)			
45	Application/maintenance of sequential Compression			
	Device			
IV	DERMATOLOGY			
46	Application of topical medication			
47	Intradermal injection-Skin allergy testing			

48	Medicated bath				
V	COMMUNICABLE	I	I	I	
49	Intradermal injection-BCG and Tuberculin skin Test or Mantoux test				
50	Barrier nursing & Reverse barrier nursing				
51	Standard precautions-Hand hygiene, use of PPE, needle stick and sharp injury prevention, Cleaning and disinfection, Respiratory hygiene, waste disposal and safe injection practices				
VI	MUSCULOSKELETAL				
52	Preparation of patient with Myelogram/CT/MRI				
53	Assisting with application & removal of POP/Cast				
54	Preparation, assisting and after care of patient with Skin traction/skeletal traction				
55	Care of orthotics				
56	Muscle strengthening exercises				
57	Crutch walking				
58	Rehabilitation				
VII	OR				
59	Position and draping				
60	Preparation of operation table				
61	Set up of trolley with instrument				
62	Assisting in major and minor operation				
63	Disinfection and sterilization of equipment				
64	Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving				
65	Intra operative monitoring				

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

			Assists/	DATE			
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	1 (11011113	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty	
	IV S	SEMESTER : Ac	dult Health Nu	rsing - II	1		
I	ENT						
1	History taking and examination of ear, nose & throat						
2	Application of bandages to Ear						
	& Nose						
3	Tracheostomy care						
	Preparation of patient, assisting and	d monitoring of p	atients undergoi	ng diagnostic prod	cedures		
4	Auditory screening tests						
5	Audiometric tests	,					
6	Preparing and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing						
7	Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures						
8	Instillation of ear/nasal						
	medication						
II	EYE						
9	History taking and examination of eyes and interpretation Assisting procedures						
10	Visual acuity						
11	Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmoscopy, tonometry						
12	Refraction tests						
13	Pre and postoperative care of patient undergoing eye surgery						
14	Instillation of eye drops/medication						
15	Eye irrigation						
16	Application of eye bandage						
17	Assisting with foreign body removal						

III	NEPHROLOGY & UROLOGY				
18	Assessment of kidney and				
	urinary systemHistory taking and physical				
	examination				
	Testicular self-examination				
	Digital rectal exam				
	Preparation and assisting with diagnos	stic and therape	utic procedures		
19	Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram				
20	Contrast studies – IVP				
21	Peritoneal dialysis				
22	Hemodialysis				
23	Lithotripsy				
24	Renal/Prostate Biopsy				
25	Specific tests – Semen analysis, gonorrhea test				
26	Catheterization care				
27	Bladder irrigation				
28	Intake and output recording and monitoring				
29	Ambulation and exercise				
IV	BURNS & RECONSTRUCTIVE S	URGERY			
30	Assessment of burns wound – area/degree/percentage of wound using appropriate scales				
31 (First aid of burns				
32	Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy				
33	Skin care				
34	Care of Burn wounds				
	o Bathing				
	o Dressing				
35	Pre-operative and post-operative care of patient with burns				
36	Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery				
37	Rehabilitation				
V	NEUROLOGY				

38	History taking, neurological Examination – Use of Glasgow coma scale
39	Continuous monitoring the patients
40	Preparation and assisting for various invasive and non-invasive diagnostic procedures
41	Care of patient undergoing neurosurgery including rehabilitation
VI	IMMUNOLOGY
42	History taking and Physical examination
43	Immunological status assessment and interpretation of specific test (e.g. HIV)
44	Care of patient with low immunity
VII	ONCOLOGY
45	History taking & physical examination of cancer patients
46	Screening for common cancers – TNM classification
	Preparation, assisting and after care patients undergoing diagnostic procedures
47	Biopsies/FNAC
48	Bone-marrow aspiration
	Preparation of patients and assisting with various modalities of treatment
49	Chemotherapy
50	Radiotherapy
51	Hormonal therapy/ Immunotherapy
52	Gene therapy/any other
53	Care of patients treated with nuclear medicine
54	Rehabilitation
VIII	EMERGENCY
55	Practicing _triage'
56	Primary and secondary survey in emergency
57	Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations

58	Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients			
59	Documentation, and assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit			
60	Managing crowd			
61	Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement			
IX	CRITICAL CARE			
62	Assessment of critically ill patients			
63	Assisting with arterial puncture			
64	Assisting with ET tube intubation & extubation			
65	ABG analysis and interpretation – respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis			
66	Setting up of ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on ventilator			
67	Setting up of trolley with instruments			
68	Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system			
69	Bag and mask ventilation			
70	Assisting with starting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive			
71	Setting up of infusion pump, and defibrillator			
72	Administration of drugs via infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural			
73	Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker			
74	ICU care bundle			
75	Management of the dying patient in the ICU			
X	Geriatric			
76	History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient			
77	Geriatric counseling			
78	Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion			

		D 4	Assists/	DATE	2		
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independentl y	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty	
	V & VI SEN	MESTER – CHII	LD HEALTH N	URSING I & II			
I	PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SUR	GICAL					
	Health assessment – Taking history	y & Physical exan	nination and nut	ritional assessmen	nt of		
1	Neonate						
2	Infant						
3	Toddler						
4	Preschooler						
5	Schooler						
6	Adolescent						
	Administration of medication/fluid	s – Calculation, p	reparation and a	dministration of r	nedication	1	
7	Oral						
8	I/M						
9	I/V						
10	Intradermal						
11	Subcutaneous						
12	Calculation of fluid requirements						
13	Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids						
14	Administration of IV fluids		6				
15	Application of restraints						
	Administration of O2 inhalation by	different method	ls				
16	Nasal Catheter/Nasal Prong						
17	Mask						
18	Oxygen hood						
19	Baby bath/sponge bath						
20	Feeding children by Katori& spoon/paladai, cup						
	Collection of specimens for comme	on investigations					
21	Urine						
22	Stool						
23	Blood						

24	Assisting with common diagnostic procedures					
	(Lumbar puncture, bone marrow aspiration)					
	Health education to mothers/parents	s – Topics				
25	Prevention and management of Malnutrition					
26	Prevention and management of diarrhea (Oral rehydration therapy)					
27	Feeding & Complementary feeding					
28	Immunization schedule					
29	Play therapy					
30	Conduct individual and group play therapy sessions					
31	Prevention of accidents					
32	Bowel wash					
33	Administration of suppositories					
	Care for ostomies:					
34	Colostomy Irrigation					
35	Ureterostomy					
36	Gastrostomy					
37	Enterostomy					
38	Urinary catheterization & drainage					
	Feeding					
39	Naso-gastric					
40	Gastrostomy					
41	Jejunostomy	/				
	Care of surgical wounds				L	
42	Dressing					
43	Suture removal					
II	PEDIATRIC OPD/IMMUNIZAT	TION ROOM	l	l	I	l
	Growth and Developmental assessn	ment of children				
44	Infant					
		l		L	l	l

45	Toddler			
46	Preschooler			
47	Schooler			
48	Adolescent			
49	Administration of vaccination			
50	Health/Nutritional education			
Ш	NICCU/PICU			
51	Assessment of newborn			
52	Care of preterm/LBW newborn			
53	Kangaroo care			
54	Neonatal resuscitation			
55	Assisting in neonatal diagnostic procedures			
56	Feeding of high risknewborn – EBM (spoon/paladai)			
57	Insertion/removal/feeding – Naso/oro-gastric tube			
58	Administration of medication – oral/parenteral			
59	Neonatal drug calculation			
60	Assisting in exchange transfusion			
61	Organizing different levels of neonatal care			
62	Care of a child on ventilator/			
63	Endotracheal Suction			
64	Chest Physiotherapy			
65	Administration of fluids with infusion pumps			
66	Total Parenteral Nutrition			
67	Recording & reporting			
68	Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation – PLS			

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

		D 4	Assists/	DATE	1		
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independentl y	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty	
	V & VI SEM	ESTER – MENT	TAL HEALTH	NURSING I & I	Ţ.		
	PSCHIATRY OPD						
1	History taking						
2	Mental status examination (MSE)						
3	Psychometric assessment (Observe/practice)						
4	Neurological examination						
5	Observing & assisting in therapies						
	Individual and group psycho educa	tion					
6	Mental hygiene practice education						
7	Family psycho-education						
	CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC					L	
8	History Taking & mental status examination						
9	Psychometric assessment (Observe/practice)						
10	Observing and assisting in various therapies						
11	Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency						
	IN-PATIENT WARD			1	1		
12	History taking						
13	Mental status examination (MSE)						
14	Neurological examination						
15	Assisting in psychometric assessment						
16	Recording therapeutic communication						
17	Administration of medications						
18	Assisting in Electro-convulsive Therapy (ECT)						
19	Participation in all therapies						
20	Preparation of patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL)						

21	Conducting admission and discharge counseling				
22	Counseling and teaching patients and families				
	COMMUNITY PSYCHIATRY &	& DEADDICTIC	ON CENTRE		
23	Conducting home visit and case work				
24	Identification of individuals with mental health problems				
25	Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp				
26	Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness				
27	Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community				
28	Observation of deaddiction care				

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

			Assists/	DATE	Ε	
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independentl y	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
V	SEMESTER – COMMUNITY H		NG I INCLUD MIOLOGY	ING ENVIRON	MENTAL SC	CIENCE &
1	Interviewing skills (using communication and interpersonal skills)					
2	Conducting community needs assessment/survey					
3	Observation skills					
4	Nutritional assessment skills					
5	Teaching individuals and families on nutrition-food hygiene and safety, healthy lifestyle and health promotion					
6	BCC (Behaviour change communication) skills					
7	Health assessment including nutritional assessment-different age groups Children under five Adolescent Woman					
8	Investigating an epidemic – Community health survey					
9	Performing lab tests – Hemoglobin, blood sugar, blood smear for malaria, etc.					
10	Screening, diagnosis and primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of highrisk clients (Communicable & NCD)					
11	Documentation skills					
12	Home visit					
13	Participation in national health programs					
14	Participation in school health programs					

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

		Performs	Assists/	DATE		Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	independentl y	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	the
	V SEMESTER – EDU	CATIONAL TE	CHNOLOGY/	NURSING EDU	CATION	
1	Writing learning outcomes					
2	Preparation of lesson plan					
3	Practice Teaching/ Microteaching					
4	Preparation of teaching aids/media					
	Preparation of assessment tools					
5	Construction of MCQ tests					
6	Preparation of observation checklist					

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

		Performs	Assists/	DATE		Signature of
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	independentl y	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
	VI SEMESTER	– NURSING M	ANAGEMENT	Γ & LEADERSH	IP	
	Hospital and Nursing Service Dep	partment				
1	Preparation of organogram (hospital/nursing department)					
2	Calculation of staffing requirements for a nursing unit/ward					
3	Formulation of Job description of nursing officer (staff nurse)					
4	Preparation of Patient assignment plan					
5	Preparation of duty roster for staff/students at different levels					
6	Preparation of logbook/MMF for specific equipment/ materials					
7	Participation in Inventory control and daily record keeping					

8	Preparation and maintenance of records & reports such as incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports			
9	Participation in performance appraisal/evaluation of nursing staff			
10	Participate in conducting inservice education for the staff			
	College & Hostel			
11	Preparation of organogram of college			
12	Formulation of job description for tutor			
13	Participation in performance appraisal of tutor			
14	Preparation of Master plan, time- table and clinical rotation			
15	Preparation of student anecdotes			
16	Participation in clinical evaluation of students			
17	Participation in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE – end of posting			

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

			Assists/	DATE	<u> </u>	
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independentl y	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
1	VI & VII SEMESTER – MIDWIF	ERY/OBSTETR	CICS AND GY	NECOLOGY (OI	BG) NURSIN	IG I & II
I	ANTENATAL CARE					
	Health assessment of antenatal w	oman				
1	History Taking including obstetrical score, Calculation of EDD, gestational age					
2	Physical examination: head to foot					
3	Obstetrical examination including Leopards maneuvers& auscultation of Fetal heart sound (fetoscope/stethoscope/ Doppler)					
	Diagnostic tests					
4	Urine pregnancy test/card test					
5	Estimation of hemoglobin using Sahle's hemoglobinometer					
6	Advice/assist in HIV/HBsAg/ VDRL testing					
7	Preparation of peripheral smear for malaria					
8	Urine testing for albumin and sugar					
9	Preparation of mother for USG					
10	Kick chart/DFMC (Daily Fetal and Maternal Chart)					
11	Preparation and recording of CTG/NST					
12	Antenatal counseling for each trimester including birth preparedness and complication readiness					
13	Childbirth preparation classes for couples/family					
14	Administration of Td/TT					
15	Prescription of iron & folic acid and calcium tablets					
II	INTRANATAL CARE					
16	Identification and assessment of woman in labour					
17	Admission of woman in labour					

18	8 Performing/assisting CTG	
19	9 Vaginal examination during labour including Clinical pelvimetry	
20	Plotting and interpretation of partograph	
21	Preparation for birthing/delivery – physical and psychological	
22	Setting up of the birthing room/delivery unit and newborn corner/care area	
23	Pain management during labour- non-pharmacological	
24	Supporting normal births/conduct normal childbirth in upright positions/evidence based	
25	Essential newborn care	
26	Basic newborn resuscitation	
27	Management of third stage of labour – Physiologic management/active management (AMTSL)	
28	8 Examination of placenta	
29	Care during fourth stage of labour	
30	Initiation of breast feeding and lactation management	
31	Infection prevention during labour and newborn care	
III	II POSTNATAL CARE	,
32	Postnatal assessment and care	
33	Perineal/episiotomy care	
34	4 Breast care	
35	Postnatal counseling-diet, exercise & breast feeding	
36	Preparation for discharge	
IV	V NEWBORN CARE	
37	Assessment of newborn	
38	8 Weighing of newborn	
39	9 Administration of Vitamin K	

40	Neonatal immunization – Administration of BCG, Hepatitis B vaccine					
41	Identification of minor disorders of newborn and their management					
V	CARE OF WOMEN WITH ANT	ENATAL, INTE	RANATAL & I	POSTNATAL CO	OMPLICATI	ONS
42	High risk assessment — identification of antenatal complications such as preeclampsia, anemia, GDM, Antepartum hemorrhage etc.					
43	Post abortion care &counseling					
44	Glucose challenge test/Glucose Tolerance test					
45	Identification of fetal distress and its management					
46	Administration of MgSo4					
47	Administration of antenatal corticosteroids for preterm labour					
48	Assisting with Medical induction of labour					
49	Assist in Surgical induction – stripping and artificial rupture of membranes					
50	Episiotomy (only if required) and repair					
51	Preparation for emergency/ elective caesarean section					
52	Assisting in caesarean section					
53	Preparation of mother and assist in vacuum delivery					
54	Identification and assisting in management of malpresentation and malposition during labour					
55	Preparation and assisting in low					
	forceps operation					
56	Preparation and assisting in emergency obstetric surgeries					
57	Prescription/administration of fluids and electrolytes through intravenous route					
	Assisting in procedures					
58	Assisting in Manual removal of the placenta					

59	Assisting in Bimanual compression of uterus/Balloon tamponade for atonic uterus					
60	Assisting in Aortic compression for PPH					
61	Identification and first aid management of PPH & obstetric shock					
62	Assisting in management of obstetric shock					
63	Identification and assisting in management of puerperal sepsis and administration of antibiotics					
64	Management of breast engorgement and infections					
65	Management of thrombophlebitis	Cli-1 - i	1		III II . Id. N	
	HIGH RISK NEWBORN (Some	aspects of high ris	sknewborn care	are included in C	niid Health N	ursing)
66	Identification of high-risk newborn					
67	Care of neonate under radiant warmer					
68	Care of neonate on phototherapy					
69	Referral and transportation of high risknewborn					
70	Parental counselling – sick neonate and neonatal loss					
	FAMILY WELFARE					
71	Postpartum Family planning counseling					
72	Postpartum family planning – Insertion and removal of PPIUCD/PAIUCD					
73	Counselling of the woman for Postpartum sterilization					
74	Preparation and assisting in tubectomy					
	OTHER PROCEDURES				1	
75	Preparation and assisting for D&C/D&E operations					
76	Observation/Assisting in Manual Vacuum Aspiration					
77	Assessment of women with gynaecological disorders					
78	Assisting/performing Pap smear					

79	Performing Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid			
80	Assisting/observation of cervical punch biopsy/ Cystoscopy/Cryosurgery			
81	Assisting in gynecological surgeries			
82	Postoperative care of woman with gynecological surgeries			
83	Counsel on Breast self- examination			
84	Counseling couples with infertility			
85	Completion of safe delivery app with certification			

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

		D C	Assists/	DATE		G: 4 C
S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independentl y	Observes procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
	VII SEMES	STER – COMM	UNITY HEALT	TH NURSING II	1	
1	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common conditions/emergencies					
2	Antenatal and postnatal care at home and health centre					
3	Conduction of normal childbirth &newborn care at health centre					
4	Tracking every pregnancy and filling up MCP card					
5	Maintenance of records/ registers/reports					
6	Adolescent counseling& participation in youth friendly					
	services					
7	Counseling for safe abortion services					
8	Family planning counseling					
9	Distribution of temporary contraceptives – condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives, Injectable MPA					
10	Insertion of interval IUCD					
11	Removal of IUCD					
12	Participation in conducting vasectomy/tubectomy camp					
13	Screening, diagnosis, primary management and referral of clients with occupational health problems					
14	Health assessment of elderly					
15	Mental Health screening					
16	Participation in community diagnosis – data management					
17	Writing health centre activity report					
18	Participation in organizing and conducting clinic/health camp					

19	Participation in disaster mock drills			
	Co-ordinating with ASHAs and other community health workers			

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD



		Performs	Assists/	DATE	2	Signature of
S.No.	Procedural	nuo ao dunos	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty	
	VII SEMEST	TER - NURSING	GRESEARCH	& STATISTICS		
	Research Process Exercise					
1	Statement of the problem					
2	Formulation of Objectives & Hypotheses					
3	Literature review of research report/article					
4	Annotated bibliography					
5	Preparation of sample research tool					
	Analysis & Interpretation of data	– Descriptive st	atistics			
6	Organization of data					
7	Tabulation of data					
8	Graphic representation of data					
9	Tabular presentation of data					
10	Research Project (Group/Individual) Title:					

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

Signature of the Principal

S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independentl y	Assists/ Observes procedures A/O	DATE Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
VIII SEMESTER (INTERNSHIP)						

Signature of the Clinical Instructor

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

Note: Maximum of 30% of all skills/procedures can be performed by students in skill lab/simulation lab for all clinical nursing Courses except Community Health Nursing and Mental Health Nursing in which the percentage allowed is only 10%

* – When the student is found competent to perform the skill, it will be signed by the faculty/tutor.

Students: Students are expected to perform the listed skills/competencies many times until they reach level 3 competency, after which the preceptor signs against each competency.

Preceptors/faculty: Must ensure that the signature is given for each competency only after they reach level 3.

- Level 3 competency denotes that the NP student is able to perform that competency without supervision
- Level 2 Competency denotes that the student is able to perform each competency with supervision
- Level 1 competency denotes that the student is not able to perform that competency/skill even with supervision

Signature of the Clinical Instructor

Signature of Class Co-Ordinator / HOD

Signature of the Principal

LIST OF PRESCRIBED LOG BOOK

Sl.No.	Prescribed Author	Title	Publisher
Prescribed	BOOKS		
1.	Prof. P. Krupasanthosham	Clinical Log Book For B.Sc. Nursing Program	Nightingale Publishers
Reference	S		
1.	Indian Nursing Council	MLHP Log Book	INC

LIST OF APPENDIX

- I. APPENDIX 1 : INTERNAL ASSESSMENT : GRADING OF PERFORMANCE AND MARKS DISTRIBUTION
- II. APPENDIX 2 : INTERNAL ASSESSMENT SPECIFIC GUIDELINES : THEORY PRACTICAL
- III. APPENDIX 3 : UNIVERSITY THEORY AND PRACTICAL EXAMINATION PATTERN

LIST OF APPENDICES

1. Internal Assessment: Distribution of marks

2. Internal Assessment guidelines

3. University Theory paper Question pattern and Practical examination

APPENDIX 1

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT: Distribution of marks

I SEMESTER

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
	Theory			
1	Communicative English	10	15	25
2	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology	10	15	25
3	Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology	10	15	25
4	Nursing Foundations I	10	15	25
	Practical			
5	Nursing Foundations I	10	15	25

II SEMESTER

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
	Theory			
1	Applied Biochemistry and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics	10	15	25
2	Nursing Foundations II including First Aid I & II	10	15	25 I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
3	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	10	15	25
	Practical			
4	Nursing Foundations II I & II	10	15	25 I & II = 25+25 = 50

III SEMESTER

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
	Theory			
1	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	10	15	25
2	Pharmacology I and Pathology I	10	15	25
3	Adult Health Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology including BCLS module	10	15	25
	Practical			
4	Adult Health Nursing I	20	30	50

IV SEMESTER

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
	Theory			
1	Pharmacology II & Pathology II I & II	10	15	25 I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
2	Adult Health Nursing II with integrated pathophysiology including Geriatric Nursing	10	15	25
3	Professionalism, Professional values & Ethics including bioethics	10	15	25
	Practical			
4	Adult Health Nursing II	20	30	50

V SEMESTER

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
	Theory			
1	Child Health Nursing I	10	15	25
2	Mental Health Nursing I	10	15	25
3	Community Health Nursing I	10	15	25
4	Educational Technology/ Nursing education	10	15	25
5	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	10	15	25
	Practical			
6	Child Health Nursing I	10	15	25
7	Mental Health Nursing I	10	15	25
8	Community Health Nursing I	20	30	50

VI SEMESTER

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
	Theory			
1	Child Health Nursing II I & II	10	15	25
				I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
2	Mental Health Nursing II I & II	10	15	25
		10		I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
3	Nursing Management and Leadership	10	15	25
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology I	10	15	25
	Practical			
5	Child Health Nursing II I & II	10	15	25
3	8	10	13	I & II = 25+25 = 50
-	Mental Health Nursing II I & II	10	15	25
6	Woman Heaten Punsing II I & II	10	15	I & II = 25+25 = 50
7	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I	10	15	25

VII SEMESTER

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
	Theory			
1	Community Health Nursing II	10	15	25
2	Nursing Research & Statistics	10	15	25
3	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II 1 & II	10	15	25 I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
	Practical			
4	Community Health Nursing II	20	30	50
5	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II I & II	10	15	25 I & II = 25+25 = 50

VIII SEMESTER (Internship)

S.N	o. Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
1	Competency assessment – 5 specialties × 20 marks	Each specialty $ 10.5 \times 10 = 50$	Each specialty -10 $5 \times 10 = 50$ marks	100
		marks		

APPENDIX 2(A)

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

THEORY

I. CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT: 10 marks

- 1. Attendance 2 marks (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)
- 2. Written assignments (Two) 10 marks
- 3. Seminar/microteaching/individual presentation (Two) 12 marks
- 4. Group project/work/report 6 marks

Total = 30/3 = 10

If there is mandatory module in that semester, marks obtained by student out of 10 can be added to 30 totaling 40 marks

Total = 40/4 = 10 marks

II. SESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS: 15 marks

Two sessional exams per course

Exam pattern:

 $MCQ - 4 \times 1 = 4$

 $Essay - 1 \times 10 = 10$

 $Short - 2 \times 5 = 10$

Very Short $-3 \times 2 = 6$

 $30 \text{ marks} \times 2 = 60/4 = 15$

APPENDIX 2(B)

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

PRACTICAL

I. CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT: 10 marks

- 1. Attendance 2 marks (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)
- 2. Clinical assignments 10 marks

(Clinical presentation – 3, drug presentation & report – 2, case study report – 5)

- 3. Continuous evaluation of clinical performance 10 marks
- 4. End of posting OSCE 5 marks
- 5. Completion of procedures and clinical requirements -3 marks Total = 30/3 = 10

II. SESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS: 15 marks

Exam pattern:

OSCE – 10 marks (2-3 hours)

DOP - 20 marks (4-5 hours)

 $\{DOP-Directly\ observed\ practical\ in\ the\ clinical\ setting\}$

Total = 30/2 = 15

Note: For Adult Health Nursing I, Adult Health Nursing II, Community Health Nursing I & Community Health Nursing II, the marks can be calculated as per weightage. Double the weightage as 20 marks for continuous assessment and 30 for sessional exams.

COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT: (VIII SEMESTER)

Internal assessment

Clinical performance evaluation -10×5 specialty = 50 marks OSCE $= 10 \times 5$ specialty = 50 marks

Total = 5 specialty \times 20 marks = 100

APPENDIX 3

I. UNIVERSITY THEORY QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (For 75 marks)

- 1. Section A 37 marks and Section B 38 marks
 - a. Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology: Applied Anatomy Section A and Applied Physiology Section B,
 - b. Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology: Applied Sociology Section A and Applied Psychology Section B
 - c. Applied Microbiology & Infection Control including Safety: Applied Microbiology Section A and Infection Control including Safety – Section B

Section A (37 marks)

$$MCO - 6 \times 1 = 6$$

$$Essay - 1 \times 10 = 10$$

Short
$$-3 \times 5 = 15$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

Section B (38 marks)

$$MCQ - 7 \times 1 = 7$$

$$Essay - 1 \times 10 = 10$$

$$Short - 3 \times 5 = 15$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

- 2. Section A 25 marks and Section B 50 marks
 - Applied Biochemistry & Nutrition & Dietetics : Applied Biochemistry Section A and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics
 - Section B

Section A (25 marks)

$$MCQ - 4 \times 1 = 4$$

Short
$$-3 \times 5 = 15$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

Section B (50 marks)

$$MCQ - 8 \times 1 = 8$$

Essay/situation type
$$-1 \times 10 = 10$$

$$Short - 4 \times 5 = 20$$

Very Short
$$-6 \times 2 = 12$$

- 3. Section A 38 marks, Section B 25 marks and Section C 12 marks
 - Pharmacology, Pathology and Genetics: Pharmacology Section A, Pathology Section B and Genetics Section C

Section A (38 marks)

$$MCQ - 7 \times 1 = 7$$

Essay
$$-1 \times 10 = 10$$

$$Short - 3 \times 5 = 15$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

Section B (25 marks)

$$MCQ - 4 \times 1 = 4$$

$$Short - 3 \times 5 = 15$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

Section C (12 marks)

$$MCQ - 3 \times 1 = 3$$

Short
$$-1 \times 5 = 5$$

$$Very Short - 2 \times 2 = 4$$

4. Section A - 55 marks and Section B - 20 marks

Research and Statistics: Research – Section A and Statistics – Section B

Section A (55 marks)

$$MCQ - 9 \times 1 = 9$$

Essay/situation type $-2 \times 15 = 30$

$$Short - 2 \times 5 = 10$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

Section B (20 marks)

$$MCQ - 4 \times 1 = 4$$

$$Short - 2 \times 5 = 10$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

5. Marks 75 (For all other university exams with 75 marks)

$$MCQ - 12 \times 1 = 12$$

Essay/situation type
$$-2 \times 15 = 30$$

$$Short - 5 \times 5 = 25$$

Very Short
$$-4 \times 2 = 8$$

6. College Exam (End of Semester) -50 marks (50/2 = 25 marks)

$$MCQ - 8 \times 1 = 8$$

Essay/situation type
$$-1 \times 10 = 10$$

Short
$$-4 \times 5 = 20$$

Very Short
$$-6 \times 2 = 12$$

II. UNIVERSITY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION - 50 marks

OSCE - 15 marks

DOP – 35 marks

III. COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT – University Exam (VIII SEMESTER)

Integrated OSCE including all 5 specialties (Stations based on every specialty) = 5 specialty $5 \times 20 = 100$ marks

Total of 5 Examiners: external – 2 and internal – 3 (One from each specialty)

Internal examiners may be chosen from college faculty with required qualification or from hospital with required qualification.













